A

LIST

OF THE

PROPER NAMES

OCCURBING IN THE

OLD TESTAMENT

WITH THEIR INTERPRETATIONS.

PRINCIPALLY COMPILED PROM

SIMONIS AND GESENIUS.



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PREFACE.

THE following Dictionary of the Proper Names, found in the Hebrew Bible, exhibits:—1st, the Names arranged in alphabetical order;—2nd, the pronunciation of the Hebrew name in English letters;—3rd, the form in which the name appears in the English authorised version;—and 4th, the meaning of the Hebrew names;—the especial object of this list has been to give the interpretations.

To some it might seem, at first sight, to be a thing of but little importance what the signification may be of the names used in the Scripture; but it is believed that but a little consideration will suffice to convince any Christian mind, that even such a thing as this, in the word of God, ought not to be overlooked. Indeed, the use made of proper names in the word of God, and arguments founded on their meaning, must prove sufficiently that even these things are "written for our instruction." For instance, in Heb. vii. 1, &c., we read "this Melchizedek, king of Salem, priest of the most high God," "first being by interpretation king of righteousness, and after that also king of Salem, which is king of peace." So too with regard to the change of the names of Abram and Sarai to Abraham and Sarah; and the additional name of Israel given to Jacob, "for as a prince hast thou power with God and with men, and hast prevailed."

The names given to our blessed Lord also mark the importance of attending to the meaning of the Hebrew proper names, for in them we find both the glory of His person and also His work pointed out in the express interpretations which the Scripture itself affords; thus we read in Mat. i. 21, &c., "She shall bring forth a son, and thou shalt call his name JESUS, for he shall save his people from their sins." Here we find the Hebrew name [PAD]: so explained as to exhibit that

its meaning was to be to us a source of instruction as to the work of Him who should bear it—"he shall SAVE." "Now all this was done that it might be fulfilled which was spoken of the Lord by the prophet, saying, Behold a virgin shall be with child, and shall bring forth a son, and they shall call his name Emmanuel אַבְּעַבְּיִּאֵל, which being interpreted is GOD with us." This symbolic name is so explained by the Holy Ghost, as distinctly to shew, even in the account of our Lord's birth as man, that He was really and truly God; the symbolic name being shewn to involve most valuable and important doctrine, this first mention of God in the New Testament being used in speaking of our Lord.

It would be easy to increase the number of instances from Scripture of proper names, the meaning of which involves some truth of interest or importance, but the above may suffice to prove that they ought not to be overlooked.

It is true, that many of the proper names in the Old Testament, are of obscure derivation;—it should also be remembered that many of the persons whose names are mentioned are those of whom we are told scarcely anything further; and the fact that some part of the subject is obscure, is no reason for us to overlook that part which is clear and manifest; were we so to act, we might neglect the whole of the Scripture on account of the difficulties which we may find in particular portions.

In doubtful and difficult cases, Gesenius and J. Simonis have been consulted in drawing up the interpretations in the following list; the initials of these two writers indicate explanations given on their authority.

There yet exists a good deal of uncertainty as to the principles of composition and contraction of Hebrew proper names; attention being called to the subject, may lead to its being so fully investigated that we may arrive at settled principles of general application.

Some of the proper names in the Old Testament, are not Hebrew, but Babylonian, Egyptian, &c.; the explanations which are given of such, rests entirely on the authority of the writers who are cited at the close of each article.

INDEX TO THE PROPER NAMES.

. In the following index to the Proper Names the references are made to the page and column in which the Hebrew word is to be found: the letters a, b, are used to denote the two columns into which the page is divided. When an English name occurs more than once in the following Index, even though in the same page and column, it will be found under different Hebrew headings. The variations of rendering found in the English translation are here given.

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Dan, see Mahaneh-dan	75		Ebiasaph	3		Elim, see Beer-elim		a
"Dan also"	. 38		Ebronah	91		Elimelech	11	b
"Dan also"" "Dan, of"	35		"Edar, tower of"	73		Elioenai	11	a
Daniel	38	a	Eden	92	а	Elioenai	11	a
Danites		5 a	"Eden, house of"	22	b	Eliphal		. b
Danjaan		i a	Eder	92	а	Eliphalet		ь
Dannah			Edom	4		Eliphaz		b
Dara		_	Edom, see Obed-edom	90		Elipheleh		Ъ
Darda		5 b	Edomite	4		Eliphelet		b
		5 b	Edrei	5	_			
Darius	. 3	, ,	Eulei		. 0	Elisha	12	a
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Elishah	12 a	Er	100	Gad	29	h
Elishama	12 a	1 =-		Gad, see Baal-gad	25	b
Elishaphat	12 b	Eranites		Gad, see Migdal-gad	72	t
Elisheba	12 a	Erech	16		29	b
Elishua	12 a	Eri.	100			
Elizaphan	12 a	Erites	100		47	a
Elizur	12 a	Esar-haddon	14		30	a
Elkanah	13 a	Esau	100 8		30	
Elkohshite	13 a	Esek	100 8		21	
Ellasar	12 b	Eshbaal	17 8		30	
Elnaam	12 b	Eshban	17 8		30	
Elnathan	12 b	Eshcol	18 6	1	31	а
Elon	10 b	Eshean	18 6	! -	31	a
Elon	9 b	Eshek	101 6	Galal	31	b
Elon-beth-hanan, see }	22 a	Eshkalonites	18 6			
Beth-hanan	22 a	Eshtaol	18 6		31	b
Elonites	12 b	Eshtaulites	18 8		31	b
Eloth	9 b	Eshtemoa	18 8	Gamaliel	32	a
Elpaal	13 a	Eshtemoh	18 8	Gammadims	31	b
Elpalet	13 a	Eshton	18 8	Gamul	32	a
Eltekeh	13 a	Esther	14 8	Gamul, see Beth-gamul	21	\boldsymbol{a}
Eltekon	13 b	Etam	94 b	Gannim, see En-gannim	95	a
Eltolad	13 a	Etham	18 b	Gareb	32	b
Eluzai	12 b	Ethan	10 a	Garmite	32	b
Elzabad	10 b	Ethbaal	18 b		33	
Elzaphan	13 a	Ether	101 6			b
Emims	9 b	Ethiopia	67 a		33	\boldsymbol{a}
En-eglaim	95 b	Ethiopian	67 a		74	ъ
En-gannim	95 a	Ethiopians	67 a			
En-gedi	95 a	Ethnan	18 b		33	
En-haddah	95 a	Ethni	18 b		93	
En-hakkore	95 a	Euphrates	105 b	۱ ۵۰	94	
En-hazor	95 a	Eve	42 a			a
En-mishpat	95 a	Evi	6 a			a
En-rimmon	95 b	Evil-merodach	6 a 6 b	ه ا	94 31	
En-rogel	95 b 95 b	Ezbai Ezbon	6 b	l a .		a b
En-shemesh En-tappuah	95 b	Ezekiel	58 b	1		a
Enam	95 a	Ezel	3 b	Gebal		a
Enan	95 b	Ezel, see Beth-ezel	21 b	Geber.	-	b
Enan, see Hazar Enan	47 b	Ezem	99 b	Geber, see Ezion-geber	99	
Enan, see Hazar Enan	47 b	Ezer	15 b	Geber, see son of Geber	24	
Endor	95 a	Ezer	93 b	Gebim		a
Enoch	45 b	Ezer, see Romamti-ezer	113 b	Gedaliah		a
Enos	14 a	Ezion-geber	99 b	Gedaliah		a
Enosh	14 a	"Eznite, Adino the" .	91 b	Geder		a
Ephah	95 b	Ezra	93 b	Gederah	30	b
Ephai	95 b	Ezra	94 a	Gederathite	30	b
Ephai	92 b	Ezrahite	7 a	l	30	
Epher	99 b	Ezri	94 a	Gederoth	30	ь
Ephes-dammim	15 a		69 b	Gederothaim	30	ъ
Ephlal	15 a	"field, fruitful"	69 b	Gedi, see En-gedi	95 6	ı
Ephod	14 b	" field, plentiful" " flock, tower of the"	73 a	Gedor	30 6	æ
Ephraim	15 a	" foreskins, hill of"	29 b	Gedor	30 8	b
Ephraimite	15 a	"fortified cities"	80 a	Gehazi	31 6	3
Ephraimites	15 a	" fruitful field"	69 b	Gemalli	32 6	3
Ephrain	99 b	" fruitful place"	69 b	Gemariah	32 6	
Ephratah	15 a			Gemariah	32 6	3
Ephratah, see Caleb.	68 a	Gaal	32 a	"Gentiles, Harosheth	48 8	Ь
ephratah		Gaash	32 b	of the"		
Ephrath	15 a	Gaba	11 a	Genubath	32 4	
Ephrathite	15 a	Gabbai	29 a	Gera	32 /	_
Ephron	99 b	Gabriel	29 b	Gerar	32 8)
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Gerizim	32	b	"going up to Ak-			Hakkoz	110	b
Gershom	32	b	rabbim, the"	79	a	Hakupha	47	b
Gershon	32	ь	Golan	3 0	b	Halah	44	а
"Gershon, sons of"	32	ь	"goldsmiths, the"	109		"half of the Manah-)		
Gershonite	32		Goliath	31	b	ethites'	46	b
Gesham	31	a	Gomer	32	a	" half the Manahethites'	, 46	h
Geshem	33	a	Gomorrah	98	a	Halhul	44	
Geshur	33	a	Goshen	33	a	Hali	44	
	33	a	_	30	b		37	a
Geshuri		-	Gozan		-	Hallohesh		
Geshurites	33	a	Grecians	57	a	Hallohesh	71	a
Gether	33	а	Gudgodah	30	a	Halohesh	37	a
Geuel	29	а	Guni	30	b	Ham	37	а
Gezer	31	a	Gunites	30	b	Ham	45	а
Gezrites	32		Gur			Haman	37	b
Giah	31		Gur baal	30	b	Hamath	45	а
"giant"	115					Hamathite	45	ь
" giant, the"	115	b	Haahashtari		а	Hammath	45	\boldsymbol{a}
" giants"	115	b	Haammonai, see Ce-	69 }	1	Hammedatha	37	\boldsymbol{a}
" giants, the valley of"	98	\boldsymbol{a}	phar-haammonai		U	Hammedatha	73	b
Gibbar	29	b	Habakkuk	41	а	Hammoleketh	37	ъ
Gibbethon	29	b	Habaziniah	41	a	Hammoleketh	78	a
Gibea	29		Habor	41	а	Hammon	45	а
Gibeah	29	ь	Hachaliah	43	b	Hammoth-dor	45	ь
Gibeah	29		Hachilah	43	-	Hamon, see Baal-)		
Gibeathite	29	_	Hachmoni	44	a	hamon	25	b
Gibeon	29		Hachmonite	44	a	Hamonah	37	h
Gibeonite	29		Hadad	36	a	Hamor	45	
Giblites	29		Hadad	41	b	Hamuel	45	a
	30				-			-
Giddalti	-		Hadad	4	b	Hamul	45	a
Giddel	30		Hadad, see Ben-hadad	24	-	Hamulites	45	a
Gideon	30		Hadadezer	36	а	Hamutal	45	а
Gideoni	30		Hadadrimmon	36	a	Hamutal	45	a
Gidom	30		Hadar	36		Hanameel	45	b
Gihon	31		Hadar	42	а	Hanan	45	
Gilalai	31		Hadarezer	36	b	Hanan, see Baal-hanan	26	
Gilboa	31	а	Hadashah	42	а	Hanan, see Ben-hanan	24	
Gilead	31	b	Hadassah	36	b	Hanan, see Beth-hanan	22	а
Gileadite	31	b	Hadattah, see Hazor-	AC	L	Hananeel	46	\boldsymbol{a}
Gileadite	31	b	hadattah	46	U	Hanani	46	\boldsymbol{a}
Gilgal	31	b	Haddah, see En-haddah	95	a	Hananiah	46	\boldsymbol{a}
"Gilgal, house of"	21	b	Hadid	41	b	Hanes	46	a
Giloh	31	ь	Hadlai	41	-	Haniel	45	b
Gilonite	31		Hadoram	36		Hannah	45	b
Gilonite	31		Hadrach	42	и	Hannathon	46	a
Gimzo	32		Hagab	41		Hanniel	45	ь
Ginath	31		Hagaba	41	b	Hanochites	45	b
Ginnetho		a	Hagabah	41	ь	Hanun	45	
Ginnethon		a	Hagar	36		Haphraim	46	
Girgashite		b		36	a	Hara	38	
		b	Hagarenes					a
Girgasite			Hagarite	36	a	Haradah	47	
Gispa	33		Hagarites	36	a	Haran	38	a
Gittaim	33		Haggai	41	b	Haran	48	
Gittite	33	_	Haggeri		_	Haran, see Beth-haran	21	
Gizonite	30		Haggi	41	b	Hararite	17	a
Gizrites	31		Haggiah	41		Hararite	38	а
"Goath, to"	32		Haggites	41		Haraseth, see Kir-	111	a
Gob	29	_	Haggith	41	b	haraseth		
" God"	53	ь	Hagidgad, see Hor-	47	h	Harbona	47	b
" God, house of"	21	\boldsymbol{a}	hagidgad	+1	0	Harbonah	47	b
Gog	30	b	Hai	94	b	Hareph	48	b
"going up of Adum-)		Hail, see Ben-hail	24	b	Hareseth, see Kir-	111	_
mim, the,'' see	> 5	a	Hakkatan	110		hareseth	111	а
Adummim			Hakkatan	37	-	Haresh, see Kir-haresh	111	α
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Elishah	12 a	Er	100 6	Gad	29 (
Elishama	12 a	1 -	100		25 l
Elishaphat	12 b		100		72
Elisheba	12 a	Erech	16		29 1
Elishua	12 a	Eri.	100	l ~	
Elizaphan	12 a	Erites	100 8		47 a
Elizur	12 a	Esar-haddon	14 1	_ 0	30 a
Elkanah	13 a	Esau	100 8		30 a
Elkohshite	13 a	Esek	100 8		21 a
Ellasar	12 b	Eshbaal	17 8		30 a
Elnaam	12 b	Eshban	17 8		30 a
Elnathan	12 b	Eshcol	18 6		31 a
Elon	10 b	Eshean	18 6		31 a
Elon	9 b	Eshek	101 6	~	31 8
Elon-beth-hanan, see \	-	Eshkalonites	18 6		•
Beth-hanan	22 a	Eshtaol	18 6		31 b
Elonites	12 b	Eshtaulites	18 8		31 8
Eloth	9 b	Eshtemoa	18 8		32 a
Elpaal	13 a	Eshtemoh	18 8		31 b
Elpalet	13 a	Eshton	18 8		32 a
Eltekeh	13 a	Esther	14 8	Gamul, see Beth-gamul	21 a
Eltekon	13 b	Etam	94 8		95 a
Eltolad	13 a	Etham	18 8	1	32 b
Eluzai	12 b	Ethan	10 a	1 -	32 b
Elzabad	10 b	Ethbaal	18 6		33 a
Elzaphan	13 a	Ether	101 8	_	32 b
Emims	9 6	Ethiopia	67 a		33 a
En-eglaim	95 b	Ethiopian	67 a		
En-gannim	95 a	Ethiopians	67 a	1 ·	ุ 74 ช
En-gedi	95 a	Ethnan	18 b	Gath-rimmon	33 a
En-haddah	95 a	Ethni	18 b	Gazah	93 a
En-hakkore	95 a	Euphrates	105 b	Gazathites	94 a
En-hazor	95 a	Eve	42 a	Gazer	31 a
En-mishpat	95 a	Evi	6 a	Gazez	31 a
En-rimmon	95 b	Evil-merodach	6 a	Gazites	94 a
En-rogel	95 b	Ezbai	6 b	Gazzam	31 a
En-shemesh	95 b	Ezbon	15 a	Geba	29 b
En-tappuah	95 b	Ezekiel	58 b	Gebal	29 a
Enam	95 a	Ezel	3 b	Gebal	29 a
Enan	95 b	Ezel, see Beth-ezel	21 b	Geber	29 b
Enan, see Hazar Enan	47 b	Ezem	99 b	Geber, see Ezion-geber	99 b
Enan, see Hazar Enan	47 b	Ezer	15 b	Geber, see son of Geber	24 b
Endor	95 a	Ezer	93 b	Gebim	29 a
Enoch	45 b	Ezer, see Romamti-ezer	113 b	Gedaliah	30 a
Enos	14 a	Ezion-geber	99 b	Gedaliah	30 a
Enosh	14 a	"Eznite, Adino the".	91 b	Geder	30 a
Ephah	95 b	Ezra	93 b	Gederah	30 b
Ephai	95 b	Ezra	94 a	Gederathite	30 b
Ephai	92 b	Ezrahite	7 a	Gederite	30 b
Epher	99 b	Ezri	94 a	Gederoth	30 b
Ephes-dammim	15 a	"field, fruitful"	69 b	Gederothaim	30 b
Ephlal	15 a	" field, plentiful"	69 b	Gedi, see En-gedi	95 a
Ephod	14 b	"flock, tower of the"	73 a	Gedor	30 a
Ephraim	15 a	" foreskins, hill of"	29 b	Gedor	30 b
Ephraimite	15 a	"fortified cities"	80 a	Gehazi	31 a
Ephraimites	15 a	" fruitful field"	69 b	Gemalli	32 a
Ephrain	99 b	" fruitful place"	69 b	Gemariah	32 a
Ephratah	15 a	<u>-</u>		Gemariah	32 a
Ephratah, see Caleb-	68 a	Gaal	32 a	"Gentiles, Harosheth)	48 b
_ ephratah		Gaash	32 b	of the"	
Ephrath	15 a	Gaba	ll a	Genubath	32 a
Ephrathite	15 a	Gabbai	29 a	Gera	32 b
Ephron	99 b	Gabriel	29 b	Gerar	32 b
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Gerizim	32	b	"going up to Ak-)		Hakkoz	110	b
Gershom	32	ь	rabbim, the"		а	Hakupha	47	b
Gershon	32	ь	Golan	´30	ь	Halah	44	
"Gershon, sons of"	32	ь	"goldsmiths, the"	109		"half of the Manah-)		
Gershonite	32		Goliath	31	b	ethites ''	46	b
Gesham	31	а	Gomer	32	a	" half the Manahethites	46	b
Geshem	33	а	Gomorrah	98	a	Halhul		a
Geshur	33	а	Goshen	33	a	Hali	44	h
Geshuri	33	а	Gozan	30	b	Hallohesh	37	
Geshurites	33	а	Grecians	57	а	Hallohesh		a
Gether	33	а	Gudgodah	30	а	Halohesh	37	a
Geuel	29	а	Guni	30	ь	Ham	37	а
Gezer	31	a	Gunites	30	ь	Ham	45	а
Gezrites	32	b	Gur	30	ь	Haman	37	b
Giah	31	а	Gur baal	30	ь	Hamath	45	a
"giant"	115	b				Hamathite	45	b
"giant, the"	115	b	Haahashtari	9	а	Hammath	45	a
"giants"	115	b	Haammonai, see Ce-)		Hammedatha	37	a
"giants, the valley of"	98	a	phar-haammonai	69	b	Hammedatha	73	b
Gibbar	29	b	Habakkuk	41	а	Hammoleketh	37	b
Gibbethon	29	b	Habaziniah	41	а	Hammoleketh	78	a
Gibea	29	b	Habor	41	а	Hammon	45	а
Gibeah	29	b	Hachaliah	43	b	Hammoth-dor	45	b
Gibeah	29	b	Hachilah	43	b	Hamon, see Baal-	25	ь
Gibeathite	29		Hachmoni	44	а	hamon∫		
Gibeon	29		Hachmonite	44	а	Hamonah	37	b
Gibeonite	29	b	Hadad	36	а	Hamor	45	а
Giblites	29		Hadad	41	b	Hamuel	45	а
Giddalti	30	\boldsymbol{a}	Hadad	4	b	Hamul	45	а
Giddel	30	а	Hadad, see Ben-hadad	24	b	Hamulites		\boldsymbol{a}
Gideon	30		Hadadezer	36	а	Hamutal		\boldsymbol{a}
Gideoni	30		Hadadrimmon	36		Hamutal		а
Gidom	30		Hadar	36	-	Hanameel	45	b
Gihon	31	a	Hadar	42	а	Hanan	45	b
Gilalai	31	b	Hadarezer	36	_	Hanan, see Baal-hanan	26	
Gilboa	31	a	Hadashah	42		Hanan, see Ben-hanan		b
Gilead	31	b	Hadassah	36	b	Hanan, see Beth-hanan		a
Gileadite	31	b	Hadattah, see Hazor-	46	b	Hananeel		a
Gileadite	31	_	hadattah	0.5	_	Hanani		a
Gilgal	31	b	Haddah, see En-haddah	95	a h	Hananiah		a a
"Gilgal, house of"	21 31	b b	Hadid	41	-	Hanes	46 45	
Giloh Gilonite	31	a	l	41 36		Haniel		b
Gilonite	31		Hadoram	42		Hannah		a
Gimzo	32			41		Hanniel		b
Ginath	31		Hagab Hagaba	41		Hanochites		b
Ginnetho	32		Hagabah	41	ь	Hanun		b
Ginnethon	32		Hagar	36	_	Haphraim		b
Girgashite	32		Hagarenes	36	a	Hara	38	
Girgasite	32		Hagarite	36	a	Haradah		ь
Gispa	33		Hagarites	36	a	Haran		a
Gittaim	33		Haggai	41	b	Haran		b
Gittite	33	a	Haggeri	36	a	Haran, see Beth-haran		b
Gizonite	30	-	Haggi	41	b	Hararite	17	-
Gizrites	31		Haggiah	41	b	Hararite	38	
"Goath, to"	32		Haggites	41	b	Haraseth, see Kir-)		
Gob	29		Haggith .	41	b	haraseth	111	а
" God"	53		Hagidgad, see Hor.			Harbona	47	b
"God, house of"	21		hagidgad	47	b	Harbonah	47	
Gog	30		Hai	94	b	Hareph	48	
"going up of Adum-)		Hail, see Ben-hail	24	b	Hareseth, see Kir-		
mim, the," see		а	Hakkatan	110	b	hareseth	111	а
Adummim)		Hakkatan	37	b		111	a

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Janum	60	a١	Jehoahaz	53	a	Jesaiah	66	a
Japheth		ь	Jehoahaz	56	a	Jeshaiah	66	a
Japhia		ъ	Jehoash	53	a	Jeshaiah	66	a
Japhlet	61	6	Jehohanan	55	a	Jeshanah	66	a
Japhleti		b	Jehoiachin	55	a	Jesharelah	66	a
Japho	61	6	Jehoiachin	56	b	Jeshebeab	64	b
Jarah	61	a	Jehoiada	55	a	Jesher	66	\boldsymbol{a}
Jareb	62	6	Jehoiada	56	b	Jeshimoth, see Beth-)	21	ь
Jared	63	a	Jehoiakim	55	a	jeshimoth∫	21	-
Jaresiah	61	a	Jehoiarib	55	a	Jeshishai	65	ь
Jarha	63	b	Jehonadab	55	a	Jeshohaiah	65	\boldsymbol{a}
Jarib	63	b	Jehoram	55	b	Jeshua	65	ь
Jarkon, see Me-jarkon	75	ь	Jehoshabeath	55	ь	Jeshurun	66	a
Jarmuth	64	a	Jehoshaphat	55	b	Jesimiel	64	b
Jaroah	63	a	Jehoshaphat	57	b	Jesse	65	b
Jashen	65	b	Jehosheba	55	b	Jesse	10	
Jashobeam	65 65	a	Jehoshua	55	b	Jesui	65 65	
Jashub	65	a	Jehovah	53	b		66	
JashubJashub, see Shear-	65	b	Jehovah-jireh	54 54	b	Jesurun	66	b
Jashub	118	а	Jehovah-nissi Jehovah-shalom	55	a	Jetheth	66	
Jashubi-lehem	65	•	Jehozabad	55	a	Jethlah	66	
Jashubites	65	a	Jehozadak	55	b	Jethro	66	ъ
Jasiel	61	b	Jehu	53	_	Jethro	66	ь
Jathniel	66	b	Jehubbah	41	a	Jetur	59	а
Jattir	66		Jehuchal	55		Jeuel	60	b
Javan	56	ь	Jehud	53		Jeush	60	b
Jazer	60	b	Jehudi	53	а	Jeush	60	b
Jaziz	58	а	Jehush	60	ь	Jeuz	60	ь
Jearim, see Kirjath- \	112	а	Jeiel	60	ь	Jew	53	
jearim ∫			Jeiel	60		Jewry	53	
Jeaterai	51		Jekabzeel	62		Jews	53	
Jeberechiah	51		Jekameam	62		"Jews' language"	53	
Jebus'	51		Jekamiah	62		Jezaniah	58	
Jebusite	51		Jekuthiel	62		Jezaniah	58	
Jecholiah Jecoliah	59		Jemimah	59	_	Jezebel	9 62	_
Jecoliah	59 59		Jemuel	59 61		Jezerites	62	
Jeconiah	59		Jephthah	61	_	Jeziah		b
Jeconiah	59	_	Jerah	63		Jeziel	57	
Jeconiah	59	_	Jerahmeel	63	_	Jezliah	58	
Jedaiah	52		Jerahmeelites	63	_	Jezoar	107	
Jedaiah	52	b	Jeremai	64		Jezreel	58	a
Jedeiah	58	3 a	1	64	a	Jezreelite	58	a
Jediael	52	b		64		1	58	
Jedidah				64			51	
Jedidiah	52		Jeriah	64	_		52	
Jeduthun				68				a
Jeduthun			,	68) a
Jeezer	. 9			64		1 · ·		b
Jeezerites	9			68			61	
Jegar Sahadutha				68			ət	a
Jehadijah				64 64		1	94	l a
Jehaleel				69		,	50	. a
Jehiah			100.000	68		1		o u
Jehiel	58			62		1 .		a
Jehiel				62	_		ç	
Jehiel		•		6			_	a
Jehiel		٠.	1000000	6				o a
Jehieli		٠.	100.000	63				5 6
Jehoadah				68				a
Jehoaddan	. 55	i		63		1	56	6 a
Jehoaddan	. 55	5 8		65	b		57	7 a
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Joezer	57	a	Kallai			Kohathites	110	a
Jogbethah	51	ь	Kanah	111	ь	Kolaiah	110	ъ
Jogli	51	b	Kareah		b		111	ь
Joha	56	ь	Karkaa	112	ъ	Korahites	111	ъ
Johanan	55	а	Karkor		ь	Korathites	111	ъ
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Shammah		\boldsymbol{a}	Shemaah	38	а	Shimei		\boldsymbol{a}
Shammai	122	b	Shemaah	123	a	" Shimei, of"	123	\boldsymbol{a}
Shammoth		b	Shemaiah		\boldsymbol{a}	Shimites		a
Shammua		b	Shemaiah	123	а	Shimma		\boldsymbol{a}
Shamsherai	123	ь	Shemariah	123	b	Shimon		b
Shan, see Beth-shan	23	a	Shemariah	123	b	Shimrath	123	ь
Shapham	124	b	Shemeber	122	а	Shimri	123	b
Shaphan		a	Shemer	123	а	Shimrith		b
Shaphat	124	b	Shemesh, see Beth-	23	_	Shimrom	123	ь
Shapher	125	а	shemesh	23	а	Shimron		ъ
Sharai		b	Shemesh, see En-)	95	h	Shimron-meron		ъ
Sharar	125	b	shemesh	30	0	Shimronites		b
Sharezer	125	а	Shemesh, see Ir-)	96		Shimshai		ь
Sharezer, see Nergal- \	87	ь	shemesh	30	"	Shinab		а
sharezer∫	-	U	Shemida	122	b	Shinar		\boldsymbol{a}
Sharon	125	а	Shemidah	122	ь	Shiphi		a
Sharonite		\boldsymbol{a}	Shemidaites	122	ь	Shiphmite		а
Sharuhen		а	Shemiramoth		ь	Shiphrah		а
Shashai		b	Shemuel		a	Shiphtan		ь
Shashak		b	Shen		а	Shisha		b
Shaul		ь	Shenazar		а	Shishak		a
Shaulites		а	Shenir		а	Shishak		ь
Shaveh	119	а	Shepham	124	b		120	a
Shaveh Kiriathaim		а	Shephatiah		ь	Shittah, see Beth-	22	а
Shavsha		b	Shephatiah		ь			•
Sheal		а		124	b	Shittim		\boldsymbol{a}
Shealtiel		\boldsymbol{a}	Shepho		ь	Shiza		
Shealtiel	122		Shephuphan		b	Shobab		
Shean, see Beth-shean	23	а	Sherah	118	a	Shobach		а
	118	a	Sherah, see Uzzen- }	6	ъ	Shobai		a
Sheariah	124	a	sherah)			Shobal		a
" shearing house"		b			a	Shobek	119	α
"shearing house"	22	b		125	b'	Shobi		æ
Sheba	118	a	Sheshach		b	Shocho		b
Sheba	118	ъ	Sheshai		b	Shochoh		b
Sheba, see Bath-sheba	29	a	Sheshan		b	Shoham		a
Shebah	118	ь	Sheshbazzar		b	Shomer		b
Shebam	116	a	Sheth		ь		119	b
Shebaniah		b	Shethar		a	Shophan, see Atroth-	94	b
Shebaniah		b	Shethar-boznai		a	Shophan)		
Shebarim		<i>b</i>			a			ь
Sheber	118	6	Shibmah		a			а
Shebna	118	b	"Shicron, to"		ь	Shua, see Bath-shua		a
Shebuel		a	Shihon		a	"Shua, daughter of"		a
Shechaniah		b			b	Shuah		a
Shechaniah	120	b	Shilhi	121	a	Shuah	119	D
		- 1			- 1			

			(,					
Charal	110	_	Cush	88	h	Tobak	49	h
Shual		_	Suah Succoth	89	а	Tebah	50	
	47	b	Succoth-benoth	89	a	Tebeth	50	
Shubael	119	a	Suchathites	116	b	Tehaphnehes		
Shuhamites		a	Sukkiims	89	_	Tehinnah		
		0		47	a b	Tekoa		
Shuhite	119	a	Susah, see Hazar-susah	49		Tekoah		
"Shulamite, the"		b	Susanchites	88	a	"Tekoah, of"	128	
Shumathites		b	Susi	00	b			
Shunamite		6	Susim, see Hazar-	47	b	Tekoite		
Shunem		b	susim	00		Tel-abib		
Shuni		b	Syene		þ	Tel-haresha	127	b
Shunites		b	Syria	16	b	Tel-harsa		
Shupham		b	Syrian	16	b	Tel-mela		
	119	b	Syrians	16	b	Telah	127	b
Shuppim		b	Syrians	16	b	Telaim	50	
Shur		Þ	Syrians	114	b	Telassar		
Shushan		b	m			Telem	50	
Shuthalhites		а	Taanach	129	b	Tema		
Shuthelah		a	Taanath-shiloh	126	а	Teman		a
Sia	88	b	Tabbaoth	50	a	Temani		b
Siaha	88	ъ	Tabbath	50	a	Temanite		_
Sibbechai	88	а	Tabeal	49	b	Temeni		
Sibmah	116	а	Tabeel	49	ъ	Tera		
Sibraim	88	a	Taberah	126	α	Teresh		
Siddim	116	b	Tabor	126	a	Thahash		
Sidon	107	a	Tabor, see Aznoth-	. 7	а	Thamah		
Sidonians	107	a	tabor	•	_	Tharshish		
Sihon	88	b	Tabor, see Chisloth-	69	a	Thebez		
Sihor	120	b	tabor			Tibhath		
Silla	89	a	Tabrimmon		a	Tibni		
Siloah	121	а	Tachmonite	127	a	Tidal		
Simeon	123	а	Tadmor	126	b	Tiglath-pileser		_
"Simeon, tribe of"	123	а	Tahan	127	а	Tikvah		
Simeonites	123	a	Tahanites	127	а	Tikvath		_
Simri	123	b	Tahapanes	127	а	Tikvath		
Sin	88	b	Tahath	127	a	Tilgath-pilneser		b
Sinai	88	b	Tahpanhes	127	а	Tilon		
Sinim	88	b	Tahpenes	127	а	Tilon		
Sinite	88	b	Tahtim-hodshi	42	\boldsymbol{a}	Timna		
Sion	116	b	Talmai	128	\boldsymbol{a}	Timnah		
Siphmoth	117	\boldsymbol{a}	Talmon	50	а	Timnah		
Sippai	90	a	Tamar	128	а	Timnath		
Sirah	90	b	Tamar, see Baal-tamar	26	b	Timnath-heres		
Sirion	125	ь	Tamar, see Hazazon-	47	a	Timnath-serah		
Sirion	117	b	_ tamar }			Timnite		
Sisamai	90	a	Tammuz	128	-	Tiphsah		
Sisera	88	ъ	Tanach	128	b	Tiras		
Sitnah	116	b	Tanhumeth	128	b	Tirathites		
So	88	\boldsymbol{a}	Taphath	50	а	Tirhakah		
Socho	116	b	Tappuah	128	b	Tirhanah		
Sochoh		ь	Tappuah, see Beth-	23	а	Tiria		
Socoh	116	b	_ tappuah	40	•	Tirshatha		
Sodi	88	æ	Tappuah, see En-	95	Ъ	Tirzah		
Sodom	88	а	_ tappuah			Tishbite		
Solomon	121	a	Tarah	129		Tizite		
"son of Geber, the"	24	b	Taralah	128	b	Toah		
"sons of Gershon"	32	b	Tarea	126	а	Tob	50	
" sons of Kore"	111	b	Tarea	127	a	Tob-adonijah	50	
Sophereth	37	b	Tarpelites	50	a	Tobiah	50	
Sophereth	90	b	Tarshish	129	ь	Tobijah	50	а
Sorek	117	b	Tartak	129	ь	Tochen		b
Sotai	88	b	Tartan		ь	Togarmah		
" spies" ≩	18	ь	Tatnai	129	ь	Tohu	127	а
						_		

Toi	128	Y	Zaanannim	108	h	Zephi	108	Ъ
Tola	126	b	Zaavan		b	Zepho	108	
Tolad		b	Zabad	39		Zephon		_
Tolaites		ь	Zabbai	39	b	Zephon, see Baal-		
Tophel	Ap		Zabbud	39	a	zephon}	26	a
Tou	128		Zabdi	39	a	Zephonites	108	b
"tower of Edar"	73	a	Zabdiel	39	а	Zer		\boldsymbol{a}
"tower of the flock"	73	a	Zabud	39	а	Zeradatha	109	a
"troop, that"	29	b	Zaccai	40	a	Zerah	40	b
Tubal	126	b	Zaccur	40	a	Zerahiah	40	b
Tubal-cain	126	b	Zachariah	40	a	Zered	40	b
Tyre	107	а	Zachariah	40	a	Zereda		a
"Tyre, men of"	109	a	Zacher	Ap		Zererath	109	b
"Tyre, of"	109	a	Zadok	106	b	Zeresh	40	b
Tyrus	107	a	Zaham	39	b	Zereth		b a
Tical	10		Zair	108	a	Zeri	109	a
Ucal Uel	10	-	Zalaph	108	a	Zeror	109	a
Ulai	6 6	a	Zalmon	107 107	b	Zeruah Zerubbabel	40	b
Ulam	6	a	Zamzummims	40	a	Zeruiah	109	a
Ulla	96	b	Zanoah	40	b	Zetham	41	a
Ummah	96	ь	Zaphnath-paaneah	108	b	Zethan	40	a
Unni	98	b	Zaphon	108	b	Zethar	41	a
Uphaz	6	b	Zarah	40	ъ	Zia	40	a
Ur	6	b	Zareathites'	109	a	Ziba	107	a
Uri	6	b	Zared	40	Ъ	Zibeon	106	ь
Uriah	6	ь	Zarephath	109	а	Zibia	106	a
Uriel	6	b	Zaretan	109	b	Zibiah	106	a
Urijah	6	b	Zareth-shahar	109	b	Zichri	40	а
Uthai	92	b	Zarhites	40	ь	Ziddim		b
<u>Uz</u>	92	b	Zartanah	109	b	Zidkijah		Ģ
Uzai	6	а	Zarthan	109	ь	Zidon	107	
Uzal	6	а	Zattu	41	а	"Zidon, them of"	107	a
Uzza	92	-	Zaza	39	b	Zidonians	106	b
Uzza Uzzah	92 92		Zebadiah	39	a	Zidonians	107 107	a
Uzzah, see Perez-uzzah		a b	Zebah	39	b	ZihaZiklag		b
Uzzen-sherah	6		ereth of Zebaim	103	a	Zillah	107	ь
Uzzi	92		Zebina	39	ь	Zilpah	40	a
Uzzia	92		Zeboiim	106	ь	Zilthai	108	a
Uzziah	92		Zeboim	106	_	Zimmah		а
Uzziah	92		Zeboim	106	b	Zimran		b
Uzziel	92	ь	Zeboim	106	ь	Zimri	40	ь
Uzzielites	92	ъ	Zebudah	39	а	Zin	108	a
			Zebul	39	а	Zina	39	ь
Vajezatha	38		Zebulonite	39	а	Zion	107	a
" valley of Achor"	98		Zebulun	39		Zior	107	b
"valley of Berachah"	98		Zechariah	40		Ziph	40	
"valley of the giants"	98		Zechariah	40		Ziphah	40	
"valley of Keziz"	98		Zedad	106		Ziphims	40	_
"valley of Rephaim"	98		Zedekiah	106	ь	Ziphion	108	
Vaniah Vashni	38	_	Zeeb	39	_	Ziphites	40 40	a
Vashti	38 38	_	Zelah	107		"Ziphron, to"	108	_
" vineyards, plain of \			Zelek	108 108		Zippor	109	a
the"	3	ь	Zelzah	108		ZipporahZithri	90	b
Vophsi	38	h	Zemaraim	108		Ziz	107	ь
· -p	-	٠	Zemarite			Ziza	39	ь
"what he did" (marg.)			Zemirah			Zizah	39	ь
Vaheb)		D	Zenan			Zoan	108	a
•			Zephaniah		_	Zoar		b
Zaanaim			Zephaniah	108		Zoba	106	b
Zaanan	106	а		109		Zobah	106	b

Zobebah	07 39 39 24 06	a b b	Zophim Zophim, see Rama- thaim-zophim } Zorah Zorathites Zorites	108 114 109 109 109	b b a a	ZuphZur Zur, see Beth-zur Zuriel Zurishaddai Zusims	107 107 23 107 107	ь а а а
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APPENDIX TO PROPER NAMES.

The following words, omitted in the List, are here supplied as an Appendix.

lamentation. From יְתְּכּוֹן, Arabic to groan (S.).

רְבֶּי [zé'hkher], Zacher (taken from the word in pause, בּיַן 1 Chron. viii. 31); remembrance. Compare Appellatives.

הְרֶב, חוֹרֶב [khōhrēhv], Horeb; dry, arid, desert, From הַרָב to be dry.

קֹרְאָּר ְ, Moriah; chosen of God, for בְּיִרְאָׁר יָה קרְאָר יָה Hophal part. of הָּרָה to see. Comp. Gen. xxii. 8, 14.

קְלְילְּכֶּרְ [n'tōhphāhthēe'], Netophathite; gentile noun of קַּמְלָּלְּתָע

קמׁלְּחָר [n'tōhphāh'], Netophah ; distillation. From בְּשׁלְּחָר to drop, distil.

בְּנִילְים [n'phush'sēem'], Cheth. רְפִּילְים [n'phēesh'sēem'], Keri, Nepheshesim; this word, Neh. vii. 52, seems to be an error of the transcribers, standing for בְּנִילִים or בֹּנִילִים Ezr. ii. 50.

עוֹבֵב [ngōhrēhv'], Oreb; raven. Comp. Appellative בוב ב.

sage. From רְּטָּפְׁ to pass over.

קל [tōh'phel], Tophel; murmuring; from אָפָל Arab. to spit out, despise, resist (S.). Or, lime, cement, from its insipidity (G.).

HEBREW PROPER NAMES.

THE following attempt at a brief Dictionary of the Proper Names found in the Old Testament, does not pretend to any originality as to the explanation. It is chiefly a compilation from the Onomasticon Simonis, and the Thesaurus and Manuale of Gesenius. The meanings given by the former are marked thus (S.), those by the latter writer (G.). It will hardly be needful to notice the use of the following abbreviations—'comp.' for 'compare;' 'cont.' for 'contraction;' constr.' for 'construct;' 'Heb.' for 'Hebrew,' &c. &c.—Observe, the pronunciation of the Hebrew is given immediately after the word, and then follows the name found in the English Bible.

N

אַבְּנְיִהְ [ăvagthāh'], Abagtha, the same as אַבְּיִבְּ, of doubtful derivation: great (S.); fortunate, or cunning (G.).

לְבְבְיִל defective, and אַבּבְיִל אַבּרְבָיִל Kethib, from the Aramean dialect, where אַביבִיל takes ז before the affix (S.), for

אָבְי [ăvee'], Abi, abbreviated from

יאָר, or contracted אָר, אָר, requires special notice in relation to the Hebrew proper names, in which it is frequently found compounded with other words.

It affects the interpretation according as we consider it; First, as the construct of R, not in its primitive signification of father*, but in the sense of PP possessor, as in the Arabic and Ethiopic (Gesenius' Thesaurus). In this view of it, it will refer to the bearer of the name, as RP (here compounded with R strength,) possessor of strength, i.e. strong one.

We do not set up ourselves as arbiters of the question, yet we do use this signification generally, leaving the decision with the competent reader.

Thirdly, 'A' from TAN to will or desire, as TAN will or desire of the Lord, &c.

Or, fourthly, '그렇 may be considered sometimes not as a construct, but ' as a mere conjunction between the two words; comp. 가구함 (S.).

This analogy is also in a great measure connected with other compounds, as TN, N. &c., to which the reader would do well to attend.

אַבְיאָל [ăvee-ēht], Abiel, father of strength, i. e. strong one (G. and S.), or, the father's strength (S.), from

and his; but perhaps whose father [is] God. Comp. note.

키워하고 [ăvee-āh-sāph'], Abia-saph, he [God] took away [his] father (S.); father of gathering, i.e. gatherer, collector (G.), from 그렇 and 키인화 to gather, take away.

אָבִיבְיל [ăveegāh'yil], Abigail; the father's jay (S.); comp. id. and ייל to rejoice.

אָבִיבְל [ăveegat], marg. Abigal, contraction of the same.

קריקו [ăveedāhn'], Abidan; whose father He [God] judged (S.); father of the judge (G.), comp. id. and זין to judge.

שְׁרְדְיֹבְ [ăveedāhng'], Abidah; the father's prayer, i. e. a son obtained by the father's prayer (S.); father of knowledge, i. e. wise (G.). Compid. and Arab. אשן to invoke, or Heb.

하는 Lord (S.); whose father [is] the Lord (G.), comp. id. or 지구와 to will or desire, and 파 Jah.

אַבְּיֶּחְדּ [ăviy-yāh'hoo], Abijah; the same as אביה with און more fully written of יְרוֹיָוֹיִי

왕기다 [ăveehooh'], Abihu; whose father [is] He, i.e. God. Comp. 그렇 father, and 에게 he.

אָבִיקְוּדְ [ăveehood'], Abihud; father of glory, comp. id. and אָר, i. q. אוֹה glory, (S.).

בּי דֶּעֶּוֹרְ' (ăvee-hāh-ezree'), Abiezrite, patronymiç of אָבִי עָּוֶר which see. אָבִיחְיִל [ăveekhāh'yil], Abihail; the father's strength, or, father of strength, i.e. a strong one; from אָבּי father, and חֵיל strength or valour.

בּילְמְלּיל [ăveetoov'], Abitub; the father's goodness (S.); father of goodness, i.e. a good one; comp. id. and מום goodness.

לְבִימְל [aveetal], Abital; the father's dew or protection; comp. id. and שְׁבַּי dew or protection, from לְבָּי to cover (S.).

desire (S.); father of the sea (G.); comp. id. or Tak to will, and D sea.

[ăveemāh-ēhl], Abimael; father of fatness; comp. id. Arab. מאל to be fat (S.). According to others, Mael, the name of an Arabian nation.

אָבִיטֶּלֶן [ăveemek'lekh], Abimelech; father of the king, or whose father [is] king; comp. id. and אָבִיטֶּלָּוּא king.

בּינְהָי [ăveenāhdāhv'], Abinadab; father of the noble, or whose father [is] noble or liberal; comp. id. and נָב to be liberal.

בְּילְנִית [ăveenōh'ngam], Abinoam; the father's pleasantness; comp. id. and בון pleasantness.

בְּרֵבְּרְ [ăveenēhr'], marg. Abiner; the father's light, comp. id. and ווght (S.); but, perhaps, whose father [is] Ner. See 1 Sam. xiv. 50.

□ and \(\bar{\gamma} \) preceded by \(\tau \) and \(\bar{\gamma} \) has been considered by philologers as a formative, signifying augmentation and intensity; comp. Sim. Onomast. p. 357.

אָרִיְקּה [ev-yāhsāph'], Ebiasaph; contracted from אָבִישְׁק q.v.

אָבִיתָּיֵהְ [ăvee-ngēh'zer], Abiezer; the father's help, or father of help; comp. אַ and אָיֵי help.

וֹבְי עַלְרְוֹן [ävee-ngalvohn'], Abialbon; the father's strength, or father of strength; comp.id.and צַלְבוֹן strength.

[aveerahm'], Abiram; the lifted up or high father, or father of exaltation, or the father's exaltation; comp. id. and D as a participle or noun of D to be high.

י בישׁב [ăveeshag], Abishag; the father's delight or error; comp. id. and to delight one's self (S.), or שָׁבַנ to err (G.).

בְּישְׁרָבּ [ăveeshoo'ang], Abishua; the father's or father of deliverance, comp. id. and אַלּרי, help.

אבישור [äveeshoor'], Abishur; the father's wall, comp. id. and שור wall.

ֹשְׁלִייִ [ăveeshāy'], Abishai; the father's present; comp. id. and שֵׁ gift, present.

אַבישָׁלְוֹם [ăveeshāhlōhm'], Abishalom; the father's, or father of peace; comp. id. and שָׁלוֹם peace.

whose father was left, i.e. after his mother's death (S.); the father of abundance (G.), or the father's abundance; comp. id. and not to be left.

רָבֶּל [āhvēhl'], Abel (different from הָבֶּל Abel, the son of Adam); mourning, the name of a place, from

the comparison with Gen. l. 11; but, from the Arabic, moist, watered, a meadow (S.) and (G.).

קבל בּית־מַצְּכֶּה [āhvēhť bēhth-magnăkhāh'], · Abel-beth-maachah ; meadow of, i. e. near מָי.

בְּלְ הַשְּׁמְים [āhvēhl' hashshitteem'], Abel-Shittim; meadow of acacia trees, the name of a place.

marg. Abel of the vineyards, from בֶּרֶם a vineyard, id.

בְּל מְחוֹלְה [āhvēhľ m'khōlāh'],
Abel-meholah; meadow of dancing;
to dance.

קבל מִים [āhvēhľ mah'yim], Abelmaim; meadow of water.

אָבֶל מִצְרֵים [āhvēhl mitsrah'yim], Abel-Mizraim; marg. mourning of, others, meadow of the Egyptians.

לְבֵּלוֹ דְּאָנֵיל [eh'ven hāh-eh'zel], the stone Ezel; marg. that sheweth the way; stone of departure (S.); from to go away.

וְחַל [eh'ven hazzōhkheh'-leth], the stone of Zohehleth, i. e. smooth; אֶבֶּן תַּוּלְתַּלְּתַּלְּתַּלְּתַּלְּתַּלְּתַּלְּתַּ

קלֶּיֶר also קְּלֶּיֶר [eh'ven hāh-ngēh'zer], Eben-ezer; stone of help, from לַיִּר to help.

רְבְּיֵבְי [avāhnāh'], Abana; marg. Amana; Kethib, probably by permutation of the labials, for אָּבָיָבְּאַ Keri.

אַבְּבֶּרְ [avnēhr'], Abner; cont. from אָבְּבִינְרָּ

Y R [ēh'vets], Abez; tin (G).

אָרְאָן [ivtsāhn'], Ibzan; the same as אֵרְאָן Chaldee, labour, or great labour (S.); comp. note to אַרָּאָן:

בּיִרְיִהְיּ [avrāhāhm'], Abraham; father of a great multitude, contracted from אָלְיּ father of, וְ for וֹ great, ווֹ multitude, from ווֹ נְיִי to make a tumultuous noise; comp. בּיִי בּיי בּיי Eze. vii. 11. Lest the sense might be limited to one peculiar multitude or nation, the Lord gives immediately his own blessed and fuller exposition. Gen. xvii. 4.

thus: בא ל ביים a father of a multitude (see marg.) of nations.

אַרָּרֶם [avrāhm'], Abram : comp.

אַבִּשֹׁי [avshay'], Abishai; contracted from אַבִּשׁיַי

בְּיִשְׁלְוֹם [avshāhlōhm'], Absalom; cont. from אָבִישַׁלוֹם.

אֹבְוֹת [ōhvōth'], Oboth; skin bottles, the name of a place where travellers used, and still are in habit, to fill their bottles (Hilleri Onomast).

ችጋኞ $[\bar{a}g\bar{e}h']$, Agee; fugitive, from Arabic እንዶ to flee (S).

과 [ăgāhg] and 각편, Agag; tall, i. q. Arabic and Persic 기의 very high (S.); Latin, gigas, a giant.

[ăgāhgee'], Agagite; either a gentile or patronymic noun of the same.

기가는 [āhgoor'], Agur; collected, participial of 기본 to gather.

borders, two lakes or pools, dual of his, from the Arabic, to set a mark (S.), or a pool (G.).

סְּלְבְּאֵל [adb'ēhl'], Adbeel; sorrow of God, i.e. great sorrow; miracle of God, from אָנָר sorrow (S.), or from an Arabic derivation wonder (G.), and אַל God.

אַדְרְ [ădad'], Adad; by permutation, i. q. דְּנֵדְר.

וֹקְאָׁ [iddōh'], Iddo; affliction, sorrow, from an Arabic root דוד (S.).

DIN to be red.

אַדוֹמִי [ădōhmee'], Edomite; a gentile noun of the same.

기기가 [addohn'], i. q. 기기차

בּוֹרְיִם Madoraim; two habitations (S.); two chiefs or princes (G.); dual from אַדּיר to dwell, or אַדּוֹר q. מַאַדּיר magnificent, mighty, from אָבִּיר

אַדְלִייִּ [ădal-yāh'], Adaliah; strong of heart, collated from the Arabic.

רְּבֶּלְ [āhdāhm'], Adam; earth, or red, from רְּבָּלְ earth and בַּלְּאָ to be red.

אָלם for אָלם אַלם.

רְבְּיִל [admāh'], red, from אַּרְאָּרּ [admāh']

까구기의 [ădāhmāh'], Adamah; earth, ground; comp. Appellatives.

אַדוֹמֵי for אַדיֹמִי

'PIN [ădāhmee'], Adami; human, from DIN man.

red (rocks), plural of 미국 adjective, red.

אַדוֹמִי feminine of אַדֹּמְיְּת

የተመጀመ [admāhthāh'], Admatha; red, from ፲፫፬ to be red.

קְּדְּלְ [addāhn'], Addan; i.q. אָדִיּן and אָדִיּן; compare also note under אָבִיְּם

וְלֵּרְלֶּן [ădōhnāy'], the Lord; from אָרוֹן of the root יוֹן to judge, with יִּדְּלֹן formative.

וֹלְיי בְּיֵרְ [ădōhnee vēh'zek], Adoni-bezek; lord of Bezek, from אָדוֹף lord, and בְּיֵלָם the name of a city.

אַרֹלְגְּיה [ădōhniy-yāh'], Adonijah; my lord [is] Jah, contr. from אָרֹלִי Jehovah.

בְּלֹרֶתְּדוֹנְ [ădōhniy-yāh'hoo], id.

בְּרְיִּלְיְתְּם [ădōhneekāhm'], Adonikam; the Lord has risen (S.); lord of foes (G.), from וְּלִוֹי lord, and בּוְלְי preterite or participle of בוֹיף to arise.

[ădōhneerāhm'], Adoniram; the Lord was exalted, or lord of exaltation, from לְּדִלֹיִן lord, and בּיִן pret. or noun of בּין to be high, lifted up.

ֹרְאָלֵי [addāhr'], Addar; chief, comp.

[ădōhrāhm'], Adoram; contracted from אָדֹרֶיָם

אַרְרַמֶּלֶוּ [ădrammēh'lekh], Adrammelech; magnificence of the king; others, king of fire, i.e. of the sun, compounded of אַרָּבּ magnificence, majesty, or from a Persian root, fire, and אַרָּבְּ king.

יקריי [edr'ngee'], Edrei; plenty of pasture; compounded of מָּבֶּי amplitude, 'צְּיִן pasture, from יְבָיִי to feed (S.); arm, i. q. צְיִרָּיִה Chaldee (G.).

רוֹף [ōh'had], Ohad; part, portion (S.).

אָרְהּדּ [ēhood'], Ehood; id.

אַדְּוָרָאַ [ahăvāh'], Ahava; continual defluxion, from the Arabic ווֹר' (S.).

אָׁהֶל [ōh'hel], Ohel; tent, compare Appellatives.

וֹלְיֵלְהְ [ōhŏlāh'], Aholah; her tent, from the same.

그렇다 [ōhŏleeāhv'], Aholiab; tent of the father, from the same, and 그렇 father.

יבּה [ōhŏleevāh'], Aholibah; my tent [is] in her, from the same, and רוב in her.

וֹהְלִיכְקְהְ [ōhŏleevāhmāh'], Aholibamah; tent of the high place, from the same and הַבְּקָה

[ahărōhn'], Aaron; mountainous, from nountain; or, perhaps, diminutive, little mountain, with prosthetic. (It may possibly signify progenitor, from not with prosthetic; the verb is used in this sense, Gen. xlix. 26.)

לי [oo-ēhl'], Uel; strength of God, contracted from > strength, and אל God.

אוֹבֵיל [ōhveel'], Obil; an overseer of camels, collated from the Arabic (G.).

፲ንጽ [oozāy'], Uzai; of doubtful derivation; perhaps i.q. עוני strong.

[oozāhl], Uzal; progressing, from it to go, pass on.

ווי [evee], Evi; desire, from אָנוֹי [evee] to desire.

קויל מִרֹדָן [ĕveel-merōhdakh'], Evil-merodach; the chief [god is] merodach, collated from the Arabic (S.); if we consider אויל as a Hebrew word, fool, we are led to suppose it as a contemptuous expression applied, instead of some previous, dignified appellation, as wise or prudent, to Merodach, the name of a Babylonish idol.

ארבי [volay'], Ulai; pure water, from the Persian (d'Anville by Gesenius); according to the Hebrew, strength, from > with - formative; comp. also אַרוֹנִי

וּלָם [oolāhm'], Ulam; first of all, i.e. first-born, collated from the Arabic (S.); but rather strength, from the Hebrew 778, and also with the secondary meaning of first-born; comp. 718 (Gen. xlix. 3) and note under יאַבנים

קבו [ōhmāhr'], Omar; high, from קביר; comp. אָבָיר; height, summit (S.), eloquent (G.).

IN [ohn], On; pain or strength,

Egyptian city; light, collated from the Egyptian (S.).

וֹאָלֹוֹן [ōhnōh'], Ono; his strength or pain, comp. the preceding.

回到N [ōhnāhm'], Onam; strength or pain, id., comp. also note to אַבְיָם

7218 [ōhnāhn], Onan; their strength, id.

. 기위자[oophābz'], Uphaz; isle of pure gold (S.), compounded of Ri.q. R. for '!! an island, from III, and ID fine gold.

רֹבְּיר [ōhpheer'], Ophir; fat, from the Arabic 758 to be fat (S.).

THE [oor], Ur; light, compare Appellatives.

[ooree'], Uri; id. or my light.

looree-ēhl'], Uriel; light of God, compounded of The light, and God.

[coriy-yāh'], Uriah; light of Jah, id. and 172.

וויין [ooriy-yāh'hoo], Uriah; light of Jehovah, apocopate of min:

קוֹרָכָן [ōh'rnāh'], Kethib, i. q. וארן (S.).

יְבֵּיִל [ĕzbay'], Ezbai; perhaps a dwarf, collated from the Persian (G.).

ימֶבֶן see אָנֵל.

וֹשְׁאָרֵה אָלּוֹ [uzzēhn Sheherāh'], comp. Appellatives; as the name of an Uzzen Sherah; armoury of (from 13) to arm) Sherah, see The; or from ear i. e. arch, palace.

בְּוֹר הָּבְוֹר הְבְּוֹר (aznōhth' tāhvōhr'), Aznoth-tabor; ears or heights of Tabor (Rabbi Solomon), from the same.

'FIN [oznee'], Ozni; having large ears or hearing well (auritus), from IN ear.

קְּיֵנְיִהְ [ăzan-yāh'], Azaniah; Jah gave ear, from יוֹלָאָ to give ear, and

Drother, compounded of ☐ brother, and ☐ father.

ጋርነት $[ekh\bar{a}hv']$, Ahab; contraction of the same.

기취기의 [akhbāhn], Ahban; brother of understanding, compounded of 미화 brother, and 기구 from 기구 to understand.

하다한 [ēhkhood'], Ehud; oneness, from 기다양 one.

תְּחְלֵּאְ [akhōh'-akh], Ahoah; evidently from תְּחָאָ, but without a suitable sense for this name; in 1 Ch. viii. 7, יוֹיָני, is put instead.

ֹרְיִי [ăkhōhkhee'], Ahohite; patronymic of the same.

לְּחַרְּמְי [ἄkhoomay], Ahumai; brother of water, i.e. pusillanimous, from מְּי for מִי brother; comp. מֵים as if singular of מֵים water.

'디털 [akhāhz'], Ahaz; possessor, from '디털 to lay hold of.

[akhzay], Ahazai; id. a great possession, with `_ formative.*

다한테 [ăkhaz-yāh'], Ahaziah; [whom] Jah sustained, from the same and 편안

אָרְיִירְיּה [ăkhaz-yāh'hoo], Ahaziah; [whom] Jehovah sustained, from the same and תוֹרָי apocopated.

PROSSESSION, comp. 可以; or a large possession, comp. 可以; or a large possession, comp. note under 中央外.

אַכְנֵת [ăkhuzzath'], Ahuzzath; possession; הַ a termination found annexed to Philistine, Idumæan, and Egyptian names: as, בַּנְתָּ הַ, אֶּכָנֵת הַ, &c.

רְיִּלְּי [ēhkhee'], Ehi; a Syriac formation for אָּחָי or אַחָּל which see.

`∏∷ [ăkhee'], Ahi; brother: comp.
⊓∷ Appellatives.

בּרָאִים [ăkheeāhm'], Ahiam; brotherhood, id. for the formative בּיָ, see note under בְּיִבְּיָּ, and אוֹ inserted may find some analogy in יְבָּאָים

וֹתְיּהְ [ăkhiy-yāh'], Ahiah; brother, (i. e. friend) of Jah, from אַ brother, and אַרָּהְיָּה

וְלְּחִיּׁרְ [ăkhiy-yāhoo'], id. from אָּחיּרָת: apocopated.

* This formative '- or '- has been considered by philologers as an abbreviation from '-' Jehovah, for '- (qui est), comp. Sim. Onomast. p. 350; thus '--- possession of Jehovah or the Lord, hence also great possession.

דְּבִייְרְוּלּה [ăkheehood'], Ahihud; brother of glory, comp. אָבִידּהּרּ.

אַרִייְוֹ [akh-yōh'], Ahio; brotherly, kinsman, i.q. Syriac אַרִיוֹן (G.).

לְתְיִתְיּ [ăkheekhood'], Ahihud; brother of conjunction or unity, for אָתִי brother, and יוֹרְ conjunction, from יוֹרְ to be joined, united.

기가기의 [äkheetoov'], Ahitub; brother of goodness, from 디칵 brother, and 기업 goodness.

ביילְרּד [ăkheelood], Ahilud; brother of [the one] born, for אָרָי יִלְרּד of יַלָּדְי to bear, participle passive.

በነርነር፤ [ăkheemōhth'], Ahimoth; brother of death or the brother's death, from በዚ and ነገር to die.

אַרִימֶלְנוּ [äkheemeh'lekh], Ahimelech; brother, associate, or friend of the king, from אָלָנוּ brother, and קֿנָנוּ king.

קבור [akheeman'], Ahiman; the brother's image, compound id. and אַ (comp. אַמוּנְה) a likeness, from און and אָב a species, kind.

Y 플러워 [ăkheemang'ats], Ahimaaz; brother of wrath, compounded of the same, and Y 꼬그; according to the Arabic, wrath (G.).

אַרְוּאָ [akhyāhn'], Ahian; i. q. אַרְאָיּ

בּהֵכֹּהֵ [akheenāhdāhv'], Ahinadab; brother of the noble, compounded of הַאָּ brother, and בַּיַב to be liberal.

בְּעַלֵּת [ăkheenōh'ngam], Ahinoam; brother of pleasantness, comp. id. and בְּעָם pleasantness.

때 기꾸 [ăkheesāhmāhkh'], Ahisamach; brother of support, compound id. and 기꾸 to support.

ן מַלְיּלֶנֶיֶר [ăkhee-ngeh'zer], Ahiezer; brother of help, comp.id. and אָנָיִ help.

brother has risen, i. e. succeeded, followed (S.); brother of the rising [one] (G.); comp. id. and DR pret. or part. of DR to rise.

בּתְיקֹים [ăkheerāhm'], Ahiram; brother of the high, exalted, or exaltation, comp. id. and בּיָם part. or subst. of בּיִם to be high.

בְּיִרֶּכְי [ăkheerāh'mee], Ahiramite; patronymic of the same.

בְּיִרִיקְ [ăkheerang'], Ahira; brother of the evil, wicked, comp. id. and בן adj. evil.

אַחִישְׁחַרּ [ăkheeshah'khar], Ahishahar; brother of the morning star, comp. id. and תוֹם the morning star.

קְּחִי שְׁהְיּ [ŭkheeshāhr'], Ahishar; brother of the singer (G.), or, perhaps, brother or friend of the upright, compound of the same, and שְׁ participle of שְׁיִי to sing; or a contraction for שִׁיִי יִשְׁי.

אַרוּהְפֶּל [ăkheetōh'phel], Ahithophel; brother of insipidness, foolishness, compare id. and הְפֶל insipidness.

בְּחַלֶּב [akhlāhv'], Ahlab; fat, from

אַרְקל, Ahlai; O that! would God! see אַרְקל Appellatives.

제고마자 [akhm'thăh'], Achmetha, marg. Echatana, or in a coffer; supposed to be compounded of 다음, i. q. Persian ak, lord, and 의자 Chaldee, city; thus, the lord's, i. e. the king's, city or residence: see Sim. Onomast. p. 578.

בְּחְרָאֵי [ăkhasbay'], Ahasbai; I [the father] will confide in the Lord (S.), of חַטְרוֹאַ future of חַטְרוֹ; בּ in; כֹּי; see note to בַּיִּחְאַיּ

[son]; comp. Appellatives.

וֹחֲרָתְּׁ [akhrakh'], Aharah; after the brother, for אָרָרָה

שׁרַוּרֵוּל [akharkhēhl'], Aharhel; behind the pomarium, i.e. the space about the wall of a city (G.); compounded of מוֹל after, and מוֹל; see Appellative.

שׁרֵישׁרֵהׁ [äkhashvēhrōhsh'], Ahasuerus; excellency or majesty of the prince; according to Persian שוא excellence, and ורוש for ברוש prince (S.).

אַרַשְׁיִשׁ Kethib for the same.

אַרָּדְיָרָים [ăkhashtāhree'], Haahashtari; perhaps a muleteer (G.); compare אַרַוֹשְׁתְּרָנִים mules.

 $\prod_{i=1}^{n} [ay-y\bar{a}h']$, Ajah; falcon, compare Appellatives.

בוֹיְאָ [iy-yōhv'], Job; treated with

hostility, from אול to hate, be an enemy to; for the form of which comp.

אָיָהֶבֶּל [eezēh'vel], Jezebel; no habitation; compounded of אִ not, and habitation.

רְיֹךְ כְּרְוֹץ (ee-khāh-vōhď], I-chabod (marg. where is the glory?); no glory, i.e. inglorious.

אַיּלְלֹין [ay-yāh-lōhn'], Ajalon; (cervinus) of a stag (G.); but, perhaps, diminutive, a little stag, comp. אַיָּלּ

יְלְוֹן [ēhlōhn'], Elon; an oak, or terebinth, comp. אֵיל Appellative.

אֵילְוֹח [ēhlōhth'], Eloth; oaks, or terebinths, pl. of אַילָה.

וֹלְם [ēhleem'], Elim; id.plural of אילְם [ēhleem']

אֵיל פְּאֹרֶן [ēhl-pāhrāhn'], El-paran; the oak or terebinth of Paran; see also אַיִּלְ

יאָילוֹת [ēhlath'], Elath, for אֵילוֹת, comp. אַילוֹת; i.q. pl. אַילוּת.

from אָיִי [ēhmeem'], Emims; terrors

אֹלֶגְיֶׁר [ee-ngēh'zer], Jeezer; contracted from אָבְיֹ עֻוֹיֶר

אָבי הָעֶזְרָי [ee-ngezree'], Jeezrite; contracted from אָבי.

איט־בְּשֶׁר [eesh-bōh'sheth], Ish-bosheth; man of shame, compounded of man, and אָלים shame, from שׁיֹם to be ashamed.

דוֹקוֹשׁי [eesh-hōhd], Ishhod; man of glory, compounded of id. and אוד glory.

man of Tob; שׁלְשׁלְּיּלֹם is here commonly received as an Appellative, compare

שְׁיִי [eeshay'], Ishai; for שׁיִי with מּיִי prosthetic.

word may easily be explained by אירוי Chaldee, there is, and — the termination for היד, comp. יותא, yet since this name is elsewhere always written אותי it is more likely to signify the same when written fully.

is a God, or God [is] with me, either for אינו אל Chaldee, there is, or for אינו with me, from אינו (compare the preceding), compounded with אינו God.

TRINE [eethāhmāhr], Ithamar; desire of palm-tree, i. e. a desirable palm-tree; island of palm-trees (G.), compounded of 'N (for 'N, from TH to desire, or 'N an island,) and TRIN a palm-tree.

וֹהְיּהֵ [eethāhn'], Ethan; constant, never-failing, (perennis), or strong; comp. Appellatives.

TAN [akkad], Accad; band, from the Arabic TAN, comp. the Chaldee TAN to bind, or tie fast (S.).

בְּלְנְיב [akhzeev'], Achzib; lying, failing; comp. אַבְּוֹים to lie.

לְּכְיִיׁלֵּ [āh-kheesh'], Achish; feared, reverenced, from the Arabic (S.).

קל [ookkāhl], Ucal; I shall prevail, for אַבְּל fut. from אַנָּל to prevail.

אָכְישֶׁף [akhshāhph'], Achshaph ; bewitching, comp. אָבֶשֶׁ

אָלֶה [ēhlāh'], Elah; for אֵלֶה q.v.•

קל ישְׁרְאֵל [ēhl-ĕlöhēh-yis-rāh-ēhl'], El-elohe-Israel; marg. God the God of Israel.

של בֵּירו־אֵל [ēhl-bēhth-ēhl], Elbeth-el; marg. the God of Bethel, comp. בֵּירוּאָל.

אָלְהָּד [eldāhd'], Eldad; contracted for אָלִידָר, q.v.

קֹלְדְּעְה [eldāh-ngāh'], Eldaah; [whom] God has called, from אָל God, and Arabic אָל to call (S.).

אָלְה [ēhlāh'], Elah; an oak or איל from איל or איל from איל or איל to be strong.

וְלְלֹּוֹ [allōhn'], Allon; an oak, from לַּבְּל to be strong.

וּלְלֹוֹן [ēhlōhn'], Elon; id. from אַלְלוֹן or to be strong.

אלון בְּכְהּת [allohn bāh-khooth'], Allon-bachuth; oak of weeping, בנה from בְּכָה to weep.

שׁלְלְּהֹּ [āh-loosh'], Alush; a troop or company, from לוב knead, make compact.

קְלְּלְבֶּרְ [elzāhbāhd'], Elzabad; [whom] God has given, from אֵל God, and בְּלֵי to present.

וְאֶלִיקְיּאָ [elkhāhnāhn'], Elhanan; [whom] God has favoured, or graciously given, compounded of id. and זבין to favour or give graciously.

작가 [ĕlee-āhv'], Eliab; [to whom] God was a father, from 것 God, and 과 father.

וְאָלִיאָל [ĕlee-ēhl'], Eliel: [to whom]
God [was] God.

[to whom] God came, compounded of id. and אָלְי to come (G.), great lamentation, from אָלָי to lament, with intensitive (S.), which the accent on the penultimate confirms.

קְלֶּלֶדְ [ĕleedāhd'], Elidad; [whom] God loved, compounded id. and דְּלָּ preterite of און ליינור to love.

שְלֵּיְדֶע [el-yāhdāhng'], Eliada; [whom] God knew, compounded of id. and און to know.

God [is] Jah, compounded of id. and F; Jah.

אָלִירְוּ [ēh-liy-yāh'hoo], Elijah; compounded of id. and יחוד apocopated.

אָלִיקוּ & אֵלִיקוּ (ĕleehoo'], Elihu; [whose] God he is, compounded of id. and אודה he.

אַלְיְדּוֹעֵינְי [ĕl-y'hōh-ngēh-nay'], Elihoenai; unto Jehovah [are] mine eyes, comp. אָלָי to, דורו Jehovah, צִינַי mine eyes, from יְבָייִ

יְבְיׁוֹמֶינֵי [el-yōh-ngēh-nay], Elioenai; contracted from the same.

id. אֶלִיוֹמֵנְיְ

אַלְיִדְיּלְיּ [el-yakh-bāh'], Eliahba; [whom] God will hide, i.e. protect, compounded of אָל God, and future of אַלְדָן to hide.

Tiring [ĕleekhōh'reph], Elihoreph; [to whom] God [is] recompense, compounded of the same, and from the Arabic, to recompense (S.).

אָלִיטֶּלֶהְ [ĕleemeh'lekh], Elimelech; [to whom] God [is] king, compounded of id. and אַלָּבֶּ king.

ካኮነት [el-yāhsāph'], Eliasaph; [whom] God added, compounded of id. and ካቦነ to add.

אָלִימְנֶּרְ [ĕlee-ngeh'zer], Eliezer; [to whom] God [is] help, compounded of id and יוֶבְּי help.

אָלְיִתוֹעֵיכֵי [ĕlee-ngēh-nay'], Elienai ; contr. of אֶלְיְחוֹעֵיכֵיּ

בְּלִילְי [ĕlee-ngāhm'], Eliam; God's people, compounded of id. and מַּאַ people.

'한 [ĕleephaz'], Eliphaz; [to whom] God [is] exultation (S.), compounded of id. and 한 from 한 to leap nimbly.

קליפֶּל [ĕleephāhl], Eliphal; [whom] God has judged, compounded of id. and קלר from לְּבָל to judge.

אַלִיפְלְחוּ (ĕlee-ph'lēh'hoo), Elipheleh; God shall distinguish him, for אֵל פָּלָחוּ Hiphil future, from פָּלָחוּ to be separate.

נְילֶכֶּלֶ [ĕleepheh'let], Eliphelet; [to 'whom] God [is] deliverance, compounded of שָׁלֶט from בּלֶט to escape.

קיידור [ĕlee-tsoor'], Elizur; [whose] God [is] a rock, compounded of id. and אוד a rock.

וְאָלִיצְּקְן [ĕlee-tsāhphāhn'], Elizaphan; [whom] God has hidden, protected, compounded of id. and יְבָּלָּ hide.

אָרְיְאָרָ [ĕleekāh'] Elika; God's congregation, compounded of id. and רוב, contr.from אַרָּוּ, Chaldee, to congregate.

בּיְקְיִקְי [el-yāhkeem'], Eliakim; [whom] God shall establish, compounded of id. and יְקִי Hiphil future, from יְקִי to arise.

מְבְילֵי (ĕlee-sheh'vang), Elisheba; God's oath; [to whom] God [is] the oath, i. e. who swears by, worships God (G.), compounded of id. and שַבְשֵּׁי.

קלישה [čleeshāh'], Elishah; of doubtful derivation: a tight band (S.), from an Arabic root: comp. also אלולים a troop, from the same root, or the Hebrew לולים to make compact, knead.

נישְׁרַע [ĕleeshoo'ang], Elishua; to whom God [is] salvation, compounded of id. and שַאָּל for שַאָּל salvation, from יַשָּׁילַ.

ן (el-yāhsheev'), Eliashib; [whom] God shall restore, compounded of id. and שָׁלִי Hiphil future of שׁלִי to return.

אַלִייֹשְׁיְקְעּ [ĕleeshāhmāhng'], Elishama; [whom] God has heard, compounded of id. and שָׁבָּי to hear.

יַּאָלִי יֶשֶׁע [ĕleeshāhng'], Elisha; to whom God [is] salvation, for אָלִי יֶשֶׁע שׁבְּלֶישְׁהְ [ĕleeshāhphāht'], Elishaphat; [whom] God has judged, compounded of id. and שׁבָּשׁ to judge.

וֹתְלְּיִתְהְ [čliy-yāh'thāh], Eliathah; i.q. תְּבְּיִתְהְ (G.); great lamentation, from לְּבִּיתְה to lament, with ח intensitive (S.), of which תְּבִּיתְה q.v. is the less regular form.

אַלְמוֹדֶך [almohdāhd'], Almodad; immeasurable, immense, from אַל not, and אַלָּדְי to measure.

קלֶּפֶּלֶ [allammeh'lekh], Alamelech; oak of the king, compounded of אַנֹים, רְּבָּאָל an oak, and אָלָים king (G.).

יְאָלֹבְי [ēhlōhnee'], Elonite; patronymic from אָלוֹן.

שְׁלְבְעַם [elnah'ngam], Elnaam; [to whom] God [is] pleasantness, delight, compounded of אָל God, and בַּעַם pleasantness.

[whom] God has given, compounded of id. and אָלְנְתְּוֹן to give.

אָלֶּלֶּקְ [ēllāhsāhr'], Ellasar; of uncertain derivation.

אֶלְקֶּלְ God has acknowledged, compounded of God, and קד, from קד to testify.

אָלְעָּדְרּה [el-ngāhdāh'], Eladah; [whom] God adorned, compounded of id. and אָדָד to adorn.

אָלְערּוּן [el-ngoozay], Eluzai; God [is] my strength, compounded of id. and און i.q. יאָרוּן strength or praise; compare also note to אַרְוּיַיִּ

קּלְּכְּוֹן [el-ngāhzāhr'], Elazar; [whom] God has helped, compounded of id. and אָלִי to help.

#לְּעָלִהְ & אֶּלְעָלִהְ [el-ngāhlēh'], Elealeh, towards the ascent; compounded of אָלָנ, אָטָ and קלָה and מבירה comp. the Arabic איד, and Hebrew קלָה to go up (S.).

קְּלְנְיְשְׁהְ [el-ngāhsāh'], Elasah; God has done [it], compounded of אֵלְנָּ God, and הֹשָׁיִ to do, make.

אָלֶה [$\bar{e}h'leph$], Eleph; thousand; compare Appellatives.

אָלִפֶּלֶט [elpeh'let], Elipalet; contraction of אֱלִיפֶּלֶט.

אָלְפְּעֵל [elpah'ngal], Elpaal; God's work or reward, compounded of אֵל God, and אָלִפְעַל; compare אָלִפָּעַל

וְלֶּלְצְּקְ [el-tsāhphāhn'], Elzaphan; contraction of לְּלָצָּקְלָּ

רְּלְּלְלְּלֶּהְ [elkāhnāh'], Elkanah; [whom] God hath taken into possession, compounded of אל God, and קָּבָּה buy, take into possession.

אָלִקֹשְׁי [elkōshee'], Elkoshite; gentile noun from אָלִקשׁי

[eltōhlad], Eltolad; God's generation, compounded of אֵל God, and הוֹלְד i. q. הוֹלְד a generation, from לְיַד to bear.

id. אֶלְתִּקִח

שלְּלִּתְּלְוֹל [el-t'kōhn'], Eltekon; to which God [is] the foundation, compounded of id and אָלִתְּלָּן; compare

TEN [ammāh'], Ammah; cubit, compare Appellatives.

ነኮች [ahmōhn'], Amon; artificer, compare Appellatives.

Y [āhmōts'], Amoz; strong, from Y으흣 to be strong.

' [āhmee'], Ami; found once instead of ነነጋኝ, the analogy of which is obscure.

אַימִים i. q. אַמִים

וֹאָמִינְיוֹ [ămeenōhn'], Amnon, (margin, Aminon); faithful, for אַמְנוֹן, of which some consider it to be a diminutive; root מְמָנוֹן to be firm.

마음 [ămāhm'], Amam; mother, i.q. 마음 from 디디션 obsolete.

אָמון see אָמון.

፣ [ămāhnāh'], Amana; constancy, from ነጋት to be firm, true.

אַכְירְוֹן [amnōhn'], Amnon; faithful, id.

from YDN to be strong.

וֹתְצְּבְיּהְ [ămats-yāh'], Amaziah; [whom] Jah has strengthened, compounded of id. and יוֹרָ

אָמַצְּרְהוּ [ămats-yāh'hoo], id. with apocopated.

기의의 [immēhr'], Immer; word or promise, from 기의학 to say.

וְבְּלִיקְי [ĕmōhree'], Amorite; mountainous (S.).

אַלְרֶּר [imree'], Imri; word or promise, i. q. אָבֶּר with the termination -, from אָבֶּר to say.

וֹתְרְיָהְיּ [ămar-yāh'], Amariah; [whom] Jah has promised, compare id. and אוֹביי.

אַבִירְהוּ [ămar-yāh'hoo], id. and

f carrāhphel'], Amraphel; of obscure analogy; supposed to be compounded of אָבֶּי word or command, אָבֶּי failure, from an Arabic verb, obsolete in the Hebrew.

רְבְּיל (amittay], Amittai; truth, from אָלָי with the termination בּיל, (compare אַרָּין) from אַלְיל to be firm.

In [ohn], On; see I's.

בּלוֹשׁ [ĕnōhsh'], Enos; marg. Enosh, man, compare Appellatives.

בְּחַרְת [ănāhkhārath], Anaharath; a snorting, comp. בַּחַרָת Appellative.

קביק" [ănee-ngāhm'], Aniam; mourning of the people, compounded of אָנָי from אָנָי to mourn, and שְּנִי people.

 $\bowtie p \in [\bar{a}hs\bar{a}h']$, Asa; physician, from the Chaldee $\bowtie p \in to heal$.

אַפִּיר [aseer'], Assir; prisoner, compare Appellatives, from אָפַר to bind.

אַכְּנְהְ [asnāh'], Asnah; thorn, bush, compare Chaldee בּיִבְּיָּאָ and Hebrew אָבָיָרְ (S).

quick or ready, compounded of DN, synonymous with the Arabic very, and DD Syriac and Arabic to hasten (S.).

 $\bigcap_{i=1}^{n} [\bar{a}hs'nath']$, Asenath; beauty, according to the Ethiopic (8.).

키인취 [āhsāhph'], Asaph; gatherer, collector, from 키인취 to gather.

NDPP [aspāhthāh'], Aspatha; a young horse, from the Persian (S.).

אַפִיר see אַפְר

וֹקרַרִייִּהְ [ēhsar-khaddōhn'], Esar-haddon; prince of power, וֹקְיּדְּוֹן (probably for וֹקְיּתְהַיִּהְ from Chaldee אוֹם לוֹס hold, and Syriac to have dominion, (S.), יבוּ probably from יבוּ to bind, imprison; hence, a governor, prince. Compare also יבוּ וְּשָׁלְם in יבּילְם and יבּילְם בּיבָּים יבּיבּים יבּיבּים יבּיבָּים יבּיבּים יבּיבים יבּיבּים יבּיבּים יבּיבים יבּ

Targum); compare sitareh Persic, άστηρ, English, star (G.).

This [ēh-phōhd'], Ephod; the sacerdotal robe; comp. Tien Appellative.

רְיִבְּי [aphee'akh], Aphiah; refreshed, recreated (G.), from ניס blow, breath.

마일 [appah'yim], Appaim; face or a double portion, compare 키섯 from 한다.

רְּקְיּלְּהְ [ăphee'k], Aphik; strong, from אָפָּרְיּה

[ephlähl'], Ephlal; justice, from פַּלֵל to judge.

Ephes-dammim, margin, the coast of Dammim; ceasing of blood or bloodshed; comp. Appellatives for both.

P호텔 [ăphēhk], Aphek; strong, firm, from P호텔

וֹחֲבָּאַ [ăphēhkāh'], Aphek, id.

בּרְרִים [ephrah'yim], Ephraim; double fruit (S.), double earth or ground (G.), dual of אָבָּרִ, from רְבָּיָּלִ to be fruitful, or comp. Appellatives.

אָבְּרֶכְּיִאָּ [ăphārsāh-yēh'], Apharsites, and—

אָפַרִּסְרָגוּא [ăphars'khāk-yēk'], A-pharsachites, and—

אַרְכְּחְכְּיִלְּהָי [apharsathkhāh-yēh'], Apharsatchites, names of unknown nations; yet they also seem to have מופר Persia in their analogy.

אָלְּרֶת [ephrāhth'], Ephrath; and with הוו paragogic.

תְּבְיְבְּיִלְ [ephrāh'thāh], id.; fruitfulness, fertility, from יְּבָּי to be fruitful.

יְּלְּרָתְיֹ [ephrāhthee'], Ephrathite; or Ephraimite, gentile noun of אָפָרַיִם

기구부부 [etsbohn'], Ezbon; probably ornament (G.).

אָצְלְ [āhtsēhl], Azel; in pause אַצְאָ Azal; separate, distinguished, noble, comp. Appellatives, and אָצִיל from אָצָיל (S.).

אַצְלְיִחְיּ [dtsal-yāh'hoo], Azaliah; [whom] Jehovah separated or reserved, compounded of id. and אין for

Dភីਐ [ōh'tsen], Ozem; strength, i.q. የጋሻ Appellative.

רְאָּאָ [ēh'tser], Ezer; treasure, from אַאָּאָ to lay up.

אָרָיּוֹ [ărāk'], Ara; probably i.q.

וֹרְאָלִי [arēhlee], Areli; heroic, from ווֹאַלְאַל lion of God; also patronymic Arelite.

기취 [ărāhv'], Arab; lurkingplace, from 기가 to lay in wait.

אַרְבָּאֵל see אַרְבָּאֵל.

lattices or windows, comp. אַרָּבְּוֹר Appellative.

אַרָבִּי [arbee'], Arbite; see אַרָבּי

기계 [arbang'], Arba; squared, well set or made (comp. Latin quadratus), i.e. giant, compare Appellative 되고 four, from 되고, participle passive, Ex. xxvii. 1. four-square.

בּרְבּׁלְבּ [argōhơ'], Argob; lion's den, for לְּבִּי לְּבֹּי lion and den (S.); heap of stones, בַּרַ kindred with בַרַ to heap up stones (G.).

קֹדְיִא [ard], Ard; excellent, for אָדָיִא (S.); mushroom, i. q. Chaldee איָדְאַ (G.).

[ardōhn'], Ardon; from the same,]; formative.

יִדְי [ardee'] Ardite; see אַרָדָּי [ardee']

with 8 prosthetic, a straying, i.e. a place for fugitives, from 777 to wander (G.).

אַרְוֹד [ărōhd], Arod; perhaps i.q. ערוֹד a wild ass (G.); but comp. also

אַרְנָד [arvāhdee'], Arvadite; see

אֲרוֹדְי [*ărōhdeé*], Arodite; see אַרוֹד

קרוּקְה [ăroomāh'], Arumah; i.q. הְּיִח a high place.

אַרַוֹּכְּיִה [ăravnăh'], Araunah: of obscure derivation.

קֹבֶת [āhrakh'], Arah; for אָבָת departing (G.), comp. Appellatives.

אורי see ארי.

רָיִי [ar-yēh'], Arieh; lion, comp. Appellatives.

אָרִידִי [ăreeday']. Aridai; great (S.), strong (G.), from the Persian.

אַרִידָרְאַ [areedāhthāh'], Aridatha; id.

קַרִיאֵל [ăree-ēhl], Ariel; lion of God, compounded of אַרִי lion, and אַל God or strength.

קֹרִין [ar-yōhkh'], Arioch; great lion, from אָרִי lion, and the Assyrio-Chaldean ק augmentative (S.).

'P'!! [äreesay], Arisai; lion-like, collated from the Hebrew and Persian (Hiller), comp. the preceding.

Tim [ēh'rekh], Erech; length, lon-gitude, comp. Appellatives.

אַרְקּנִיאְ [ark'vāh-yēh'], Archevites; Chaldee, see the preceding.

אַרְבֶּי [arkee'], Archite; see אָרָבָּי

rians; high, from to be high, or id. (S.).

בית יְדוֹב [ăram bēhth rēh-khōhv'], Syrians of Bethrehob; Syria of 2, v.

Pigit בּקשׁי [äram dammeh'sek], Syrians of Damascus; Syria of בּמָשֶׁרָ q. v.

אַרם דַּרְכֶּשֶׁלָּק [ăram darmeh'sek], Syrians of Damascus (marg. Darmesek); Syria of בַּרְכֵּשָׁלִּק

אָרָפּיִי [ăramee'], Syrian; see אָרָבּוּ

[arammiy-yāh'], Aramitess; fem. of the same.

אַרַלְּים [ărammeem'], Syrians; pl. masc. of the same.

קַבְּכֶּח [ăram mah-ngăkhāh'], Syria-maachah; Syria of מָּצְכָּח q. v.

אַרְמֹּגְי [armōhnee'], Armoni; belonging to the palace (Palatinus), from a palace.

[ăram nahărāh'yim], Aram-naharaim, Mesopotamia; Syria of the two rivers, dual of קָּחָר a river.

מוֹכְם צוֹכְּא and אַרַם צוֹכְּה iğram tsōhvāh], Syrians of Zoba; Syria of Zoba, q.v.

The [ărāhn'], Aran; wild goat, as in the Syriac (S.).

[ōh'ren] Oren; ash or pine-tree, comp. Appellatives.

אַרְרְוֹן [arnōhn'], Arnon; noisy, from אַרְרוֹן:

אַרַנְיָה Kethib for אַרַנְיָה

ash or pine-tree, with ; formative.

וֹהְיִהְ [arnāhn'], Arnan; brisk, from the Arabic לְּבָּא to be brisk (S.).

קְבְּיִל [arpāhd], Arpad; couch or bed, from לְבָּיִן to spread over.

אַרַפַּרְשָׁן [arpakh-shad'], Arphaxad; of obscure derivation.

אָבְיאָ [artsāh'], Arza; earth, i. q.

בּקְיָאָ [ărāhrāht], Ararat; of obseure derivation.

יַדְרָרִי [ărāhree'], Hararite; for בְּּלְרָרָי q. v.

אַהְשִּׁשְׁהָאַ [artakh-shashtāh'], אַהְשִּׁשְׁהָאַהַ [artakh-shasti], Artaxerxes; strong or mighty king, collated with the Persian.

קבּיבְיּאֵל [ăsarēhl'], Asareel; [whom] God has bound [by a vow], for אָבִירָאָל compounded of מִל to bind, and מֹל God.

בְּיִלְיִרְאָלְי [asree-ēhlee'], Asrielite; patronymic from the following.

אַשִּׂרִיאָל [asree-ēhl'], Asriel; vow

of God, from ⊃ÇŅ a vow, and ⊃™. God.

אַשְׁתְּל [ashbēhl], Ashbel; reproof of God, for אַשְׁתְּאַ compounded of אַל Arabic, to rebuke, אַל God (G.).

מִשְׁבֵּלִי [ashbēhlee'], Ashbelite; patronymic of the same.

וְאֲשֶׁהֵ [eshbāhn'], Eshban; reproof, compare בּאָשָׁהַיּ

שְבְּשִׁ [ashbēh'ang], Ashbea; I will adjure, comp. Hiphil Future of שְבָּשׁי

fire of Baal, compounded of אַשְׁבְּעֵל [eshbah'ngal], Eshbaal; fire, and אָשִׁבְּעַל

קייקיף [ashdōhd'], Ashdod; strong, fortified place, for שִׁיִּדּוֹי from יַשְׁרּוֹי to be mighty, comp. יַשָׁי the Almighty.

בּוֹדְי [ashdōhdee'], Ashdodite.

מְשְׁדּוֹדְיְּוֹת [ashdōhdiy-yōth'], Kethib for מִשְׁדִּוֹיִייּוֹת [ashdŏdiy-yōth'], Keri, of Ashdod; fem. of the same.

[ashdōhdeem'], Ashdodites; masculine plural of the same.

[ashdōhdeeth'], in the speech of Ashdod. Compare the preceding.

ashshoor'], Ashur and Assyria; step, comp. Appellatives.

[ashooree'], Ashurite; gentile name, as if from אָשׁרָּהְיּ step.

משרקים [ash-shooreem'], Ashurim; plural of the same.

ראר [ashkhoor'], Ashhur; blackness, black, from ਹਿਲ੍ਹਾਂ to be black.

lion, as a symbol of the sun, compared with the Arabic (Hiller); heaven, compared with the Persian (G).

לְשְׁלְיִיּלְ [eshkōhl'], Eshcol; cluster, grape, compare Appellatives.

נְאַשְׁרְבֵּן [ashk'naz'], Ashkenaz; of uncertain derivation.

רְשְׁיִשְׁי [ashnāh'], Ashnah; strong, firm, mighty, from the Arabic (S.).

ገጀመር [esh-gnāhn'], Eshan; a prop, couch, bed, from ነጋዊ to lean, rest.

기타 [ashp'naz'], Ashpenaz; quick assistance, compounded of 키뱃워 Syriac, aid, and 372 Arabic, to run swiftly, (S.).

מְלְלְוֹן [ashk'lōhn'], Askelon; emigration, from שקל Syriac, to emigrate (S.).

אָשְׁקְלוֹנְי [eshk'löhnee'], Eshkalonite.

רְשִׁיאָ [āh-shēhr'], Asher; happy, blessed, compare Appellatives.

אַשְּׁוּר see אַשָּׁיִר

רֵישֵׁיָּרֵי [āhshēhree'], Asherite.

קיֹתְיּלְיּתְּ [ăsharēh'lāh], Asarelah; upright towards God, compounded of אֵי i.q. ישֵׁי to be straight, and אֵל God, with הווער local, accent penultimate.

לאָמָשְׁלָּלֶן [eshtāh-ōhl'], Eshtaol; pe-

tition, an infinitive form of Hithpael, from to ask, imitating the Arabic (G.).

יְלְאָלְיִאָּ [eshtāh-oolee'], Eshtaulite.

וֹקְיּחְיּוֹן [eshtōhn'], Eshton; effeminate, from אָשֶׁהְ a woman (G.).

ក់ក្កាស៊ីម៉ូ [esht'mōh'], Eshtemoh; probably for

วากกุ้ทุ้หู [esht'mōh'ang], Eshtemoa; obedience, from מוֹני to hear, an infinitive form of the Hithpael; compare ว่าเก็ก

with Baal, compounded of אָּרְאַבְּעַל and אַבּעל.

'P! [ittay], Ittai; with the Lord, from I'! with, compare 'I'!! (S.); neighbour, from I'! neighbourhood, with the termination ' (G.).

with the Egyptian it is supposed to mean end or border (terminus) of the sea.

קְּבָּר [ethnee'], Ethni; liberal, from אָּחְבָּי a gift, root אָּחְבִּי to give.

וְלְּחָלֶּהְ [ethnāhn'], Ethnan; gift, or wages; root רְּבָּהְ to give.

יַּקְרְיִם [ăthāhreem'], spies; plural of אָּתָרְיּם i. q. Chaldee אָתָרְיִם place.

ב

וְּבְּאַרְ [b'ēhr'], Beer; a well, compare Appellatives.

אָרָאָבְ [b'ēhrāh'], Beera; id.

פּוֹר אֵלְים [b'ēhr-ēhleem'], Beerelim; well of the mighty heroes, or oaks, compare בְּאֵר, and Appellatives מְלָּלְּים,

בּאֵרָה [b'ēhrāh'], Beerah; i. q.

ק'רוֹת [b'ēhrōth'], Beeroth; wells, plural of בַּאֵרי

기원과 [h'ēhree'], Beeri ; (fontanus) of a spring, compare 기원과

הַלְּיִר רֹאָי [b'ēhr lahkhāy rōh-ee'], Beer-lahai-roi; margin, the well of him that liveth and seeth me, compare Gen. xvi. 14. and the note.

קבׁר שְׁבֶּר (b'ēhr sheh'vang), Beersheba; well of oath, compare Gen. אָבָּי; for שְׁבֵשׁ oath, compare Gen. xxi. 31.

קוֹן בּּלֵין בּנֵי יַבֵּקון [b'ēhrōth' b'nēh yangăkāhn], Beeroth of (compare the

*Others, the well of the life of vision, i.e. where after the vision of God, life has not-withstanding been preserved. Taking 'I], not as an adjective living, but as a substantive life, and 'N' in pause from 'N'. Although this translation may be admitted, as will be seen hereafter, yet not upon the stated, but upon other grounds, which we will give here on account of its close connexion with the preceding verse 13, it affords an opportunity of examining the right rendering of the latter.

"Thou, God, seest me." The word "The translators evidently took as a participle with suffix for "The from The f

same above) the children of (בְּלֵי)

Jaakan, compare יָלֵקוֹן:

קַּאֵרֹתְי [b'ēhrōthee'], Beerothite; gentile noun of בְּאֵרֹתְי

לְבֶּר [bēhvay'], Bebai; supposed to be a contraction from with desire of the Lord, i. e. with great desire, בְּיִ in, אַחָוֹי desire, compare Appellatives; for '_see'; in pause בַּרָּי.

기국 [bāhvel], Babel, Babylon; confusion, for 기교기교, from 기구 to confuse:—confusion is come (Aben Ezra); in her (is) confusion (Hiller); contraction of 왕국 from 워크 to come, or 자꾸 in her, and 기교 confusion, for the form of which compare 기교 from 기고, YE from Y프라

בְּרָלְיֵאְ [bavlāhyēh'], Babylonians; Chaldaic gentile noun of the same.

בְּבֶּי [bigvay'], Bigvai; with exultation, from ש with, and אוי exultation,

then, after the analogy of דֵלְיִי and ואחלי אחלי it should have been אחלי (ro-oyee). By this, however correct in itself, some (see especially Gesenius) have been led to consider in of the second clause of this verse also as a substantive, and that, in pause of 'N.]. But against this, the accent proves, which ought in this case to have been on the penultimate () instead of the ultimate syllable. Compare 1 Sam. xvi. 12., Neh. iii. 6., Job xxxiii. 21., where occurs in pause. In this second clause then, and in the proper name before us, we should either take it with our translators as a participle, or as a substantive as a vision, with suffix, compare Gesenius under This clause might then be rendered thus, have I even here seen (i.e. have I the sense of sight preserved) after my vision? Hence the proper name in question, the well of life of (i.e. after) my vision.

root TNA, compare also Hebrew TNA
Job xxii. 29. husbandman, gardener,
from the Chaldaic NNA field, and the
Syriac garden (G.).

אַבְּבָּוֹלְאָ [bigthah'], Bigtha and אַבְּבָּוֹלְיּ [bigthāhn'], Bigthan and בּּוֹלְלָּלְּ [bigthāhnāh'], Bigthana; supposed to be of the same analogy with אַבָּוֹלְ

רַבְּי [b'dad], Bedad; separate or separation, from בַּבִּי to be separate.

PRINT [bēh-d'yāh'], Bediah; by the power of Jah, for 무기 기 및 및 in, 기 및 according to the Arabic strength, and 다. Jah, for Jehovah (S.), under a calamity from the Lord; compare Appellatives.

기구 [b'dāhn'], Bedan; stout, strong, from the Arabic 기크 to be stout, corpulent (S.), for 기구기를 a Danite (G.).

다고로 [bidkar'], Bidkar; son of thrusting through, i. e. he who thrusts through, for 기간 기구 (G.), compare Appellatives.

וֹתֶם [bōh'han], Bohan; thumb, i.q. Appellative יבֹיוֹן:

ንች [booz'], Buz; contempt, compare Appellatives.

[boozee'], Buzi or Buzite; id. or patronymic of the same.

[bavvay'], Bavai; perhaps of Persian origin (G.).

בּרֹבְים [boonāh'], Bunah; understanding, prudence, from ניס understand.

יצַפָּר, i. q. בּרּכָר

residual [bohtsehts'], Bozez; shining, from the Arabic residual to shine (S.).

קֹוֹיוֹתְיּהְ [bizyōthyāh'], Bizjothjah; contempt of Jah, compounded of יוֹיִם plural of יוֹיִם contempt, root יוֹיָם to despise, and יוֹיָם Jah, Jehovah.

וֹבְּוֶּלְ [beh'zek], Bezek; lightning, i. q. Appellative בּוֹלְן and בּוֹלְן

namely, in a member, i. e. castrated, a eunuch, collated with the Persian (G.).

בְּחוּרְיִם [bahkhooreem'], Bahurim; youths, compare Appellatives.

בְּחֲרוּמְי [bakhăroomee'], Baharumite; gentile noun of the same.

디어크 [beh'ṭakh], Betah; confidence, security, compare Appellatives.

וֹבְּטֶׁן [beh'ten], Beten; belly, compare Appellative.

בּמֹלְים [b'tōneem'], Betonim; pistachio nuts, i. q. Appellative

הבית (bah'yith), Bajith; house, temple, compare Appellative; only Isa. xv. 2. supposed to be the same with but according to others an Appellative.

ווֹאָ (bēhth āh'ven], Beth-aven; house of vanity, רֹשׁ house of, construct of בּית מֵל and אוֹאָ vanity, by paronomasia for מֵל (house of God); compare Appellative אַנְיָּגָּיִ

לֵים אֵל [bēhth-ehl'], Beth-el; house of God, compare Appellatives.

בית אַרְבּאל [bēth arbēhl'], Betharbel; house of the snares of God, compounded of בית house of, אַרָב house of, אַרָב house of, אַרָב house of, אַרָב אַר אַרָּבּאָל

bēhth bah'-ngal [bēhth bah'-ngal m'ngōhn], Beth-baal-meon; house or place of Baal's habitation, for בירו בַּעַל הְעוֹן בַּעַל house of; מְעוֹן בַּעַל habitation, for בּערוֹן Baal.

הַלְּבְיּלְ [bēhth bir-eé], Bethbirei; house of my (own) making, איב house of, and איב a creating, from איב.

בית בָּרָת [bēhth bāhrāh'], Bethbarah; house or place of passage, for בֵּית עַּבְרָת, compare Βηθαβαρά, John i. 28. (S.).

[bēhth gāhdēhr'], Bethgader; house of the wall, compare Appellatives.

gamul; house of the weaned child, amul; house of the weaned child, בית בּׁמִל house of, בְּמֵל participle passive of בָּמֵל to wean:—or house of (perhaps builded by) Gamul, compare בַּמֵלּל.

קלתִים [bēhth diblāhthah'yim], Beth-diblathaim; house of two fig-cakes, בּילָת house of, בּילָת dual of בַּלְתְים a round cake of dried figs.

dagon; house or temple of Dagon, compare בֵּירֹן.

בית הָאֵלִי [bēhth hāh-ĕlee'], Bethelite; gentile noun בּית אָבּית.

Beth-ezel; margin, a place near, house or place of the neighbourhood, compare Appellative אֵלֶּילְ

הלְבָּל [bēhth haggilgāhl], house of Gilgal; house or place of rolling, compare בֿית תַבּלְבָּל.

חֹלְישִׁימְוֹת וּ [bēhth hah-y'shee-mōh'th], Beth-jeshimoth; house or place of the desert, ישׁמוֹן i.q. ישׁמוֹן i.q. ישׁמוֹן i.q. ישׁמוֹן desert, compare Appellatives.

Beth-haccerem; house or place of the vineyard, compare Appellative בַּרָבּים.

לְחֶם [bēhth hallakhmee'], the Bethlehemite; a gentile noun of יבּית הַלַּחְמְי

יפֿיע סֿמַלָם see פֿיע טֿפּֿלַב

אַרְבְּרִוֹת see בּית הַפְּרְנִת הַפַּרְנִת הַבּּרִוּת ישׁרָבְּרְוֹת

בּית הָּעֶּטֶּק [bēth hāh-ngēh'mek], Bethemek; house or place of the valley, compare Appellative בָּטָּק.

עַרָכְה vāh'], Beth-arabah; house or place of the plain or desert, compare הַלַּרָבָּה

בּרת הַקְּרֵם [bēhth hāhrāhm], Bethharam; house or place of Haram (S.); house of height, high place, אַרָּח house of, and בְּיִח either the name of a person or a height, from בְּיִח according to the Arabic to be high. Comp. Gesenius under

בית הְרָן [tēhth hāhrāhn'], Bethharan; house or place of Haran (S);

comp פון היון But this seems evidently to be the same as the preceding, and and merely interchanged, compare Num. xxxii. 36. with Josh. xiii. 27.

ਜ਼ਲ਼ਲਾਂ ਜਾੜੇ [bēhth hashshittāh'], Bethshittah; house of the acacia, compare Appellative ግሮው

אָּמֶהָשׁ [bēhth hashshimshee'], Beth-shemite; gentile noun of בּית הַשְּׁמְשׁי

תְּלְלֶּח [bēhth khoglāh'], Bethhoglah; house or place of Hoglah, or partridges, compare הָּלֶּח.

[bēhth khōrōhn'], Bethhoron; house or place of the cave, compare Appellative הוֹר hole, cave.

וֹתֶל הָים [bēhth khāhnāhn'], Elonbeth-hanan; house or place of Hanan or grace, compare ביתן

ביח לְבָּאוֹרו [bēhth lvāh-ōhth'], Beth-lebaoth; house or place of lionesses, ביח בָּיה house of, and לְבָּאוֹרוֹף plural of לְבִי a lion.

בּתְּלֶּחֶבּ [bēhth leh'khem], Bethlehem; house of bread, i. e. fruitfulness, compounded of the same and בּתָּל bread.

הית (עַפְּרָה [bēhth l'aphrāh'], house of Aphrah; house of dust, compare margin; house of the hind (G.), compounded of the same and עַפְרָה dust, or the same as עַּבְּרָה hind.

בית מְלְאׁ [bēhth millōh'], house of

Millo; and in 2 Kings xii. 20 (21), margin, Beth-millo, comp. だけっ

בית מְקוֹן [bēhth m'ngōhn'], Bethmeon; house of habitation, the same as בַּעַל מְעוֹן and בַּית בַּעַל

בּית מַצְכָּה [bēhth māh-gnăkhāh'], Beth-maachah; house of Maachah, compare מַצְכָה

Beth-mercaboth; house or place of chariots, compare Appellative בֶּרְכָּבְרֹת מַרְכָּבְרֹת chariot, from בְּיָב to ride.

בּית נְמְרֶה (bēhth nimrāh'), Bethnimrah; house or place of clear waters, the same as אָנְמְרָה from the Arabic כִּיִּל to find clear and wholesome water. (S.).

קבון [bēhth ngeh'den], house of Eden, margin, Beth-eden; house or place of pleasure or loveliness, compare אַנִינוּ

בּיה עַּוֹהֶטְה bēhth gnazmāh'veth], Beth-azmaveth; house of Azmaveth, the same as אַנְטָנֶה alone, which latter is also the name of a person, which compare.

anoth; house or place of answers, i. e. echos, compare בֵּית עֲכוֹת to answer.

הבית פֿבָל [bēhth gnănāhth'], Bethanath; the same, or house of Anath, compare בית בּבָּרוֹים.

בית עָהֶר [bēhth gnēh'ked], shearing-house; and

בּירוֹ מֵקֶר הְרֹעִים [bēhth gnēhked hāh-rōh-ngeem'], shearing-house; marg. house of shepherds binding

(sheep), lit. house of the binding of the shepherds, comp. 기간 to bind, and 지갖 to feed; farm-house of the shepherds (G.), collated from the Arabic.

בּית פֵּלֶט [bēhth peh'let], found only in pause, פַלֶּטְּ, Beth-palet; house of escape, compare לַלָּט to escape.

ביר פְּעְוֹר [bēhth p'ngōhr'], Bethpeor; house or temple of Peor, comp. בַּעַל the name of a mount, and פְּעוֹר the name of an idol.

Y목을 가고 [bēhth patstsēhts'], Bethpazzez; house or place of dispersion, from an obsolete root Y호텔 (i. q. 가의 and Y힐링) to scatter, disperse.

קּרּה [bēhth tsoor'], Beth-zur; house of rock or refuge, compare Appellative אבירו בירו בירו בירו בירו בירו בירו

בית ְרְחְוֹב [bēhth r'khōhv'], Bethrehob; house or place of streets, compare Appellative ביחוֹב.

ነዚህ ቦን [bēhth sh'āhn'], Bethshean; house or place of quietness or ease: compare verb ነዚህ።

នៅមួយ ការ [bēhth sheh'mesh], Bethshemesh; house or temple of the sun, compare Appellative ២ង្ហុំ

שָׁלְ שֵׁן bēhth shāhn & shan], Beth-shan ; contracted from אָשָׁן בּיתוּ

Beth-tappuah; house or place of appletrees, compare Appellative הַפּּהּם

קבוֹרְת [b'khōhrath'], Bechorath; of primogeniture, i. e. first-born, construct of בְּבוֹרָת; compare Appellatives.

ובקים [bōhkheem'], Bochim; weeping, or weepers, i. e. place of the weepers, participle of בְּבָּע to weep.

קֶּבֶּ [bekher'], Becher; first-born (S.), a young camel (G.), compare Piel of the verb אָבָּ and אָבָּ Appellative.

וֹקְרוּ [bōhkh'roo'], Bocheru; contracted from אות בשל he (is) the first-born, compare the preceding.

בְּרְרְי [bikhree'], Bichri; first-born (S.), youthful (G.), compare בָּבָּר

שְׁבֶּרְ [bakhri], Bachrite; gentile noun of בָּבֶר.

בּל [bēhl], Bel; commonly considered as a contraction of בְּעֵל for בְּעֵל (Baal), according to the Syrian mode of expelling the gutturals " and ጛ (Drusius by Simonis). But this being the name of a Babylonian divinity, no matter how much the mythological accounts or historical analogies may favour the view stated above, sacred history would lead us to trace its origin to the confusion of tongues. Hence confusion, as a concrete, author of confusion, from בָּלֵל to mingle, like from בָּבֶּל compare also הָנָן for • בַּלְבָּל

기계기 [balădāhn'], Baladan; of of whom Bel (is) lord, or whose lord (is) Bel, (comp. note under '그런) i. e. worshipper of Bel, compounded of the preceding 그 and 기본 for 기자 lord.

אַלאשָצר see בַּלאשָצר.

רְּבְּיִי [bilgāh'], Bilgah; recreation, from בְּיִבְיּ

בְּלְבֵי (bilgay'), Bilgai; id.comp.אַרְזַיּ

לְּלִיִּךְ [bildad], Bildad; probably contracted from לְּלֵוְ son of strife, from the Arabic לוד to debate (G.).

בָּקְׁהָ [bāhlāh'], Balah; probably contracted from

בְּלְתְּחְ [bilhāh'], Bilhah; terror (S.), bashfulness (G.), from the root בּלְבָּי.

לְּקְּהָ [bilhāhn'], Bilhan; terror, (S.), bashful (G.), root בְּלַ

הקְּמִשְׁמְיִהְ Belteshazzar'], Belteshazzar; Bel's prince, i. e. prince whom Bel favours, compounded of אַ Bel, אַטָּיִטְ Zendic, genitive of אַ prince (G.).

שָלֵלֵ [bēh'lang], Bela; a devouring, destruction, from בַּלֵל to swallow.

[bal-ngee'], Belaite; gentile noun of the same.

בְּלְּמָם [bil-ngāhm'], Balaam; a devouring or destruction of the people, contracted from בָּל people, i. e. stranger (G.).

וֹלְיִבְּ [bāhlāhk'], Balak; empty (G.).

הַלְמָשְׁאַבֶּר once בָּלְאשָׁבָּר [bēhl-shatstsar'], Belshazzar; probably a contraction of בָּלְמִשְׁאַבּר.

בּלְשֵׁן [bilshāhn'], Bilshan; contracted for אָלָן פֿוּן son of tonque, i.e. eloquent (G.); for the form שָׁלְיִי compare בְּלַלְּאָדָן.

קוֹלים, [bimhāhl], Bimhal; in quietness, from the Arabic נים to do quietly (S.); contracted for

son of circumcision, i.e. circumcised, בְּחַהְל i.q. q. מרא מניהל

רוֹף [bāhmōhth'], Bamoth; high places, plural of ጠርነቋው More fully written

Bamoth-baal; margin, high places of Baal, see also בַּצַלֹּם

[bēhn'], Ben; son, compare Appellatives.

קֹלְי [ben ōhnee'], Ben-oni; son of my sorrow, from אָן son of, and אָן sorrow.

קב' [ben geh'ver], son of Geber margin, Bengeber; son of strength compare the verb

son, i. e. worshipper, of Hadad, a Syrian idol (Adodus), comp. אַנְיִנְיִנְיִנִי

לְּבְּרְּ [binnooy'], Binnui; a building, from בְּבְּה to build.

חֹתְיּתִי ja [ben zōkhēhth'], Benzoheth; only 1 Chron. iv. 20. probably son of Zoheth, grandson of Ishi, and not, as it would appear from our English version, brother of Zoheth.

בּרְּחֵיִל [ben khah'yil], Ben-hail; son of valour, compare Appellatives.

וֹבְרֶדְן [ben khāhnāhn'], Benhanan; son of grace, compare בְּיִדְ to be gracious.

רְבְּי [bāhnee'], Bani; built up, from בְּבָּי to build.

אָלְ [boonnee'], Bunni; built up, of the form Pual from אָבָּדְ to build.

קבריבְּרָק [b'nēh b'rak], Bene-berak; sons of Berak, the name of a town; בְּרָק the same as בְּרָק light-ning.

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기가 $[b'n\bar{a}h-y\bar{a}h']$, Benaiah; [whom] the Lord builded up, compounded of 가구 to build, and 자꾸 Jah.

[b'nāhyāh'hoo], id.; but more fully of יחוח

קבר 'בְּבְּי 'בְּקְּהָן [b'nēh yahngăkāhn'], Benejaakan; sons of Jaakan, the name of a place; איב הוא he shall surround like a necklace, i. e. he shall be the glory [of his parents] by transposition, i.q. יַבְּכַּק

וֹרְיָלְין, [binyāh-meen'] Benjamin; son of the right hand, i. e. support of the father; or, son of days, i. e. of the father's old age, compare Gen. xxxvii. 3; compounded of ביי the right hand, or plural of יום day, compare Appellatives.

once in Kethib, and בְּרִימִיקְי [ben y'me@nee'], Benjamite; gentile noun of the same.

בּיְרְכְּי [b' neenoo'], Beninu; our son (G.).

אָבְקָּח, Binea; i. q. בְּבְעָּח a spring, source, from בָּבָּע to spring, flow (S.).

[ben ngammee'], Ben-ammi; son of my people, compounded of אין, son of, and שׁלָּ people, with suffix.

in the counsel or secret of the Lord, in in the counsel or just of the Lord, in, in just of the Lord, בּסוֹדְיָהְרּ

'፫፰ [bēhsay'], Besai; contempt, or

contemner, DDA or DA to tread under foot, with formative - perhaps of intensity, compare

קּלְּרְ [b'ngōhr'], Beor; torch, lamp, from בְּעַר to burn (G.).

ነውት [bōh'ngaz], Boaz; contracted from ነው ነው in him [is] strength (S.); readiness, from the Arabic, ነንጋ to be swift (G.).

Baal; lord, possessor, compare Appellatives.

בּלֵל בִּרְיוֹ, Baalberith; lord of covenant, compare Appellatives.

בּלֵל בָּן [bahngal gad'], Baal-gad; lord or possessor of fortune, or Gad, the name of a divinity worshipped in that place, compare בּל Appellative.

בְּעֵלֶה [bah-ngălāh'], Baalah; mistress, the name of a town, fem. of

בּעֵל דְּרְנוֹן [bah-ngal hāhmōhn'],
Baal-hamon; possessor of, or possessing
a multitude, compare Appellatives.

קּלְלוֹת [b'ngāhlōhth']; Bealoth; mistresses, fem. plural of בַּעַל

בּעֵל זְבוּב [bah-ngal z'voov'], Baalzebub; lord, or Baal the fly, compare Appellatives.

* Baal is the name of an idol: once (1 Chron. iv. 33) also the name of a town. In composition with other names of towns, it may have reference to the place itself in the sense of possessor or having, for the masculine מַנְעָלָה place, as also חַבְעַבְּלַה for the feminine מַנְעָלָה city.

וְבֶּעֵל [bah-ngal khāhnāhn'],
Baal-hanan; lord of grace, from בְּעַל to be gracious.

Baal-hazor; possessor of, i. e. having a villa, קׁצֵוֹר a court, a villa (G.); compare note under

וֹרְקְיֹן (bah-ngal khermöhn'), Baal-hermon; having Hermon, i. e. situated near mount Hermon, compare הָרְמוֹן.

קּלֶּיְדְעְ [b'ngelyāhdāhng], Beeliada; [whom] the Lord knows, compounded of אָבָּי a Syriac form for בַּעל Lord, and בַּעל to know.

רָבְּלִי, [b'ngalyāh'], Bealiah; [whom] the Lord governs (G.), from בַּצִילָ to master, דּבָּע Jah.

בְּעַלְים [bah-ngălees'], Baalis; with exultation (S.); contracted from אַלָּים son of exultation (G.), סָלָים to exult.

[bah-ngal m'ngōhn'], Baal-meon; Baal's habitation (S.); place of habitation (G.), compare note under בַּעַל מְעוֹן & בַּעַל בְּעוֹן & בַּעַל.

בְּעֵלֹ פְּעְוֹר [bah-ngal p'ngōhr'], Baalpeor; lord or Baal of (mount) Peor, compare קעוֹר

Baal-perazim, marg. plain of breaches; place of overthrow, defeat (G.); comp. note under בַּצֵל a breach, overthrow, plural בַּצֵל בּצָל

בּעל צְפְוֹן [bah-ngal ts'phōhn'],
Baal-zephon; place of Zephon, i.e.

sacred to Zephon (Typhon), an idol (G.); 1953 a hiding, concealment, refuge from 1935.

אַבְּעֵל שָׁיִלְשָׁה [bah-ngal shāleeshāh'], Baal-shalishah; Baal of, i. e. situated in Shalishah, compare שָׁלְשָׁל the name of a country.

[bah-ngălath'], Baalath;

mistress, the name of a town; compare
בְּעַלָּח.

TNA 「 D D D [bak-ngălath b'ēhr'],

Baalath-beer; possessor of or having a well, compare note under フッシュ・

בּעֵל הְּבְּי [bah-ngal tāhmāhr'], Baal-tamar; possessor of or having palm-trees, compare id. and Appellatives.

נְּלְלֹּן [b'ngōhn'], Beon; contracted from בְּלִוֹן (S,).

happe [bah-ngănāh'], Baana; in answer (to prayer), i.e. obtained by prayer (S.); contracted from 원구 기구 son of affliction (G.), 원모 for 미구모 from 미구부 to answer, also to suffer.

[bah-ngănāh'], Baanah; id.

אָרָקּבּ [bah-ngărāh], Baara; for בַּעָבּ fool (G.), compare אַבָּ stupid.

בְּעַשִּׂיְה [bah-ngasēhyāh'], Baaseiah; for בְּעַשְׁיִה through the work or operation of the Lord, from אָטָּ to make (S.).

위한기크 [bangshāh'], Baasha; wick-edness, 법기크 Chaldee, i. q. 법치크 to be evil.

הַּנְעִיקְהָן [b'ngesht'rāh'], Beeshte-

rah; contracted for ביח בילוקרוה house or temple of Eshterah (Astarte), plural Ashtaroth, comp. אַבּירוֹ (S.).

יְבֵּבְ [bēhtsay'], Bezai; white, compare Gesenius' Manuale on the root אָבוֹי to be white, and יְבִיי an egg; for the formative בייבווי compare בְּיבִיין.

קַבּילְאֵל [b'tsal-ēhl'], Bezaleel; compounded of אָל אָל בְּיל אָל בְּיל הַיּל f God, compare Appellatives.

תְּבְּלְלְתוּ [batslooth'], Bazluth; nakedness, from בַּצְלְ i. q. בַּצְלְ to peel, hence to make bare (G.). The same person is also called:

בְּצְלִית [batsleeth'], Bazlith.

기구부 [botskath'], Bozkhath; a tumid or high place, from 가톨루 to swell.

기共규 [beh'tser], Bezer; fortification or ore, compare 기보쿠 to fortify, and 기부쿠 gold or silver ore.

미국학국 [botsrāh'], Bozrah; fortification, from 기호쿠 to fortify.

[bakbook'], Bakbuk; bottle, from PP과 to pour or empty out.

[bakbookyāh'], Bakbu-kiah; effusion, i. e. devastation of the Lord, from the same root.

בּוְתַבְּקוֹ [bakbakkar'], Bakbakkar; perhaps contracted from בַּוְבַק תַר destruction of the mountain (G.), of the same root.

'ቦች [bookkee'], Bukki; abbreviated from

שׁלְּהְרָּהְ [bukkiyyāh'hoo], Bukkiah; devastation [come forth] from the

Lord (G.), compounded of אָב infinitive form of אָב to empty out, and בירות Lord.

קלְאָדְן בּלְאָדְן [b'rōhdakh bala-dāhn'], Berodach-baladan; by permutation of מוות בי i.q. ישַ אַדְלּאָדְן ; Hiller considers it as a contraction for ישַ אַדְלּאַדְן son of Merodach-baladan, compare אַדְלָּאַדְן (S.).

וֹלְאָלְיּהְ [b'rāh-yāh'], Beraiah; [whom] the Lord elected (S.); whom the Lord created (G.), compounded of אָבָיִי to create, or for יְבָּיִי to choose, and יוֹן Jah.

בְּרֵד [beh'red], Bered; hail, i.q. בְּרָד Appellative.

기가구 [bāhrookh'], Baruch; blessed, participle passive of 키그쿠 to bless.

בּאָרוֹת [bēhrōh'thāh], Berothah; a well or wells, contracted for בּאָרוֹת or אַלוֹים with local ה

אַרְקְּיִוֹּה Kethib [birzōhth'], Birzavith; holes, wounds, from the Chaldee and Talmudic בין to thrust through (G.), for which

א בְּרֵה Keri [birzāh'yith], Birzavith; choice olive, compounded of בַּרָה olive.

בְּרִוּלֵי [barzillay'], Barzillai; of iron, [ferreus], from בַּרְנֵּל iron, with the adjective ending

יְבְיִרוּכִי [barkhoomee'], Barhumite; a gentile noun, by transposition, and defective for בְּרִוּכִי Baharumite, compare 1 Chron. xi. 33.

기크 [bēhree'], Bere; contracted from '기크 (fontanus) of a spring (S.).

[bāhree'akh], Bariah; fugitive, compare Appellatives.

קרים [bēhreem'], Berites; gentile noun of יְבָים

דְּרִישְׁה [b'ree-ngāh'], Beriah; in evil or calamity, compare 1 Chron. vii. 23. But ⊃ in this word, is generally considered radical, according to the Arabic ביל to give, hence the name here; and הַּבְּיִים in the passage mentioned, is rendered gift, present.

לְּרִיקֹי [b'ree-ngee'], Beriite; patronymic of the same.

קְרֶית [b'reeth'], Berith; covenant, once Jud. ix. 46, for בַּלָל בְּרִית; compare Jud. vii. 33.

[whom] God has blessed, compounded of בַּבְּיִלְּלְ to bless, and אַ God.

וֹקְיָבְּי [b'rāhkhāh'], Berachah; blessing, compare Appellative.

נְּהֶלְהָן [behrekh·yāh'], Berechiah; [whom] the Lord blessed, contracted

אָּרֶרְיְחְהְּ [behrekh-yāh'hoo], Berechiah; id.

יַלָרָשׁ see בַּרָבֶעַ.

קרע [$b\bar{e}h'rang$], Bera; gift, present, according to the Arabic ברע to give (S.).

רָקְּ [bāhrāhk'], Barak; lightning, compare Appellative.

בּרְקוֹם [barkōhs'], Barkos; painter, contracted from אָ son of, and בּרְקוֹם

according to the Arabic, to paint with colours (G.).

אַרָישׁת [birshāhng], Birsha; stout man, collated with the Arabic (S.); a contraction from אַבָּישׁת son of malice (G.), compare Appellatives.

שְׁרִיתִי [bēhrōhthay'], Berothai; my wells, for אֵרְתַׁי, compare אַרְתַיּ and also note under

יְּבָּאָרוֹת (bēhrōthee'), Berothite; contracted from בָּאֵרוֹתי gentile noun of

וֹשְׁיִּבְיׁ [b'sōhr'], Besor; cold, collated with the Arabic (S.).

기구현구 [bāhs'math'], Bashemath; smelling sweetly, from 교환구 i.q. Chaldee 교후 to smell sweetly.

קבּעוֹן [bishlāhm'], Bishlam; contracted from שְׁלַם son of peace, compare Chaldee שְׁלַם peace, also בְּעוֹן

プラ [bāhshāhn'], Bashan; level soil, collated with the Arabic (S.).

ration, or separated of God, i. e. consecrated to God, contracted from separation, or as a participle passive of the obsolete לַבָּוֹל to separate, and אַל God (S.).

בְּרְגּל [b'thool'], Bethul; a simple form of the same.

רֹתְיִה [bithyāh'], Bethiah; for רְתָּ בְּחַ daughter, i. e. worshipper of the Lord.

בתיקנים [bath rabbeem'], Bath-

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11: ' !' rabbim; daughter of many, compare Appellatives.

נְיִרְלֹּוֹ [bithrohn'], Bithron; dissection, from בְּתְרָלֹוּ to cut asunder.

אַבֶע [bath sheh'vang], Bathsheba; daughter of oath, from בּרוּשׁ daughter, and בּרוּשׁי to swear.

בּת שְׁלְּתְּה [bath shoo'ang], Bathshua, margin Bath-sheba; id. contracted from בָּת שְׁבוּלְּעָה, compare Appellatives.

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of God (S.), majesty of God (G.). Either contracted from participle passive of 가격 to redeem, and 가 God, or 가격 a Chaldee form of 가격 to be exalted.

ત્રે, ત્રોંગ $[g\bar{o}h\bar{v}]$, Gob; pit, as in the Chaldee, from the obsolete ત્રામું to be hollow.

'클릴[gabbay'], Gabbai; tax-gatherer, from the Syriac (G.).

בְּיִם [gēh-veem'], Gebim; cisterns or locusts, plural of בּ, compare Appellatives.

קבְל [g'val'], Gebal; bound, border (S.), mountain (G.); either i. q. בְּבוּל a border, or collated with the Arabic.

בְּלֵל [g'vāhl'], Gebal; i.q. בְּלָל (S.), mountainous (G.), compare the preceding.

[givleem'], "stone-squarers," marg. "Giblites," gentile noun of בָּבְלִים

בְּבֶּעְ [geh'vang], Geba; hill, i.q. Appellative בְּבְעָח

אַרְאָל [giv-ngāh'], Gibea; id.

בְּלֶּלֶה [giv-ngāh'], Gibeah; id. compare Appellatives.

וֹדְלְלוֹ [giv-ngōhn'], Gibeon; belonging to a hill, i. e. built upon a hill (G.).

נְבְעוֹבְי [giv-ngōhnee'], Gibeonite; gentile noun of

קבְּלֶת [giv-ngath'], Gibeath; of a hill, construct of בְּלֶלִת, compare note under

קבּקלוֹת [giv-ngath hāh-ngărāh-lōhth'], "hill of the foreskins," marg. Gibeah-haaraloth, compare the preceding, and Appellative עְּרָלֶּה foreskin.

יְּבְעְּתְי [giv-ngāh-thee'], Gibeathite; gentile noun of בְּבְעָתְי

기취 [geh'ver], Geber; man, compare Appellatives.

קאָר [gibbāhr'], Gibbar, margin, Gibeon; as in the Chaldee, i. q. אַבּוֹר strong, mighty.

קבְּרִיאָל [gavree-ēhl'], Gabriel; man of God, compounded of בָּרִיאָל man, and אַל God.

אָבָב [gibb'thōhn'], Gibbethon; high place, declivity, compare Chaldee (G.), root בַּבְּרָלוֹן

[gāhd], Gad; marg. (Gen. xxx. 11.) troop or company; fortune (fortuna) (G.).

רָלְּדְּ [goodgōhd], Gudgod; a well of much water, collated with the Arabic (S.); thunder, i. q. רְבָּיִי from the Ethiopic (G.).

קֿדוֹר [g'dōhr'], Gedor; wall, compare Appellatives בָּוֹר and הַּנָּר -

רָּדְ [gāhdee'], Gadee, Gadite; fortunate, from לְּדְ fortune. Also patronymic of the same.

[gaddee'], Gaddi; fortunate, compare the preceding.

קּדִּיאֵל [gaddee-ēhl], Gaddiel; troop, company, or fortune of God, compare

אָדֶּל [giddēhi'], Giddel; too great, a giant (G.), an adjective form of Piel, from "וֹל".

[g'dal-yāh'], Gedaliah; [whom] the Lord has made great, compounded of בּדלָיָם Piel of דָּלָ to be great, and הַּן Jah.

וְּדֵלְיְחוּ [g'dalyāh'-hoo], Gedaliah; id.

בְּלְהְיּ [giddaltee'], Giddalti; [whom] I have brought up, Piel of בָּלְ to be great.

וֹלְיִילְוֹ [gid-ngōhn'], Gideon; cutter, from אָלְ to cut down.

בְּדְלִם [gid-ngōhm'], Gideom; a cutting down, from בָּדְל to cut down.

בְּדְעֹבְי [gid-ngōhnee'], Gideoni; id.

[geh'-der], Geder; a wall, compare Appellative.

בְּלֹת & בְּלֹת [g'dōhr'], Gedor; id.

בְּרֵרָה [g'dēhrāh'], Gederah; id.

קּבֵרְוֹת [g'dēhrōth'], Gederoth; walls, or sheepcotes, compare Appellative

קָּבֶרְי [g'dēhree'], Gederite; gentile noun of גָּבֶר '

ּבְּרָרָוּץְ [g'dēhrāhthee'], Gederathite; gentile noun of יְּנֶרָף.

בְּדְרֹקְיִם [g'dēhrōhthah'yim], Gederothaim; two sheepcotes, dual of ייי wall or sheepcote.

בוֹב see בוֹר.

אוֹב [gōhg], Gog; of doubtful derivation; according to Simonis, from the Arabic בנג to extend, spread out, hence אוֹב extension.

[gōhzāhn'], Gozan; quarry, from [] to cut stones, according to its derivative [] hewn stone.

בּוֹלְן [gōhlāhn'], Golan; exile, captivity, from לְּבְּ to emigrate.

'PAR [goonee'], Guni, Gunite; form, or likeness (S.), painted with colours (G.); collated with the Syriac.

קלה [goor], Gur; dwelling, from אבּר to dwell for a short time, hence an inn.

בּרְל בְּעַל [goor bah'-ngal], Gurbaal; dwelling or inn of Baal, comp. the preceding and בַּצָּל

[geezōhnee'], Gizonite; gentile noun of the absolute לְּנִית quarry (G), from לְנִית comp. בְּנִית hewn stone.

 $\mathfrak{P}_{2}^{1}[g\bar{a}hz\bar{e}hz]$, Gasez; shearer, from \mathfrak{P}_{2}^{1} to shear.

다음 [gazzāhm'], Gazzam;,devouring (G.), from 미래, of which 미래 locust.

[geh'zer], Gezer; part, piece, hence, a detached, precipitous place, from [] to cut, divide.

קֹיִי [gizree'], Gizrite; gentile noun of the same.

ציווו see צוווי.

DDA [gah'kham], Gaham; having large inflamed eyes (S.), collated with the Arabic.

red hair (rufus) collated with the Chaldee (S.), shelter, retreat (G.), according to the Arabic.

קֹים [geé-akh], Giah; a bursting forth, i. e. of water, from לים or ניים to burst forth.

[gee-khōhn'], Gihon; stream compare the preceding.

יוֹרָא & יְוֹחָא [gēhkhăzee'], Gehazi; valley of vision, compounded of יאֵ i.q. איא valley, and יוֹחַ from דְּיָּה to see.

#ל'ק' [geelōhnee'], Gilonite; gentile noun of יְּלִלְיּי

רְבִּי [geenath'], Ginath; form, likeness (S.), collated with the Syriac, garden, i. q. רְבָּא (G.).

וְלֵיהְ [gēh-shāhn'], Geshan; filthy, collated with the Arabic (G.).

[gilbok'ăng], Gilboa; spring

of bubbling, i. e. a bubbling spring, compounded of בְּבֹע spring, source, and אַב from בַּלְב or for בְּבֹע from בָּבְע to bubble.

בּלְבָּל [gilgāhl'] Gilgal; circle or devolution, from בַּלֵל to roll.

וֹקְיֹם [geelōh'], Giloh; exile, captivity, from לְּבָּל to emigrate.

בְּלִיל [gāhleel], Galilee; circuit, region, from בְּלֵל to roll.

[galleem'], Gallim; springs, from the same.

קלים [gol-yath], Goliath; great, corpulent, stout, from the Arabic בלל (S.), with the Philistine, Egyptian, and Punic formation הַ, compare הַּלְּשִׁי ; captivity, captive (G.), from בַּלָּי to emigrate.

בּקְל [gāhlāhl'], Galel; weighty, worthy (dignus) compare Appellative בְּלָל a cause, circumstance, matter.

קָלֵלְי [geelălay'], Gilalai; stercoracious, compare בָּלֶלִים dung.

נְל'גְ' [geelōhnee'], Gilonite; gentile noun of גלוה.

ק'לְבְיּלְ [gil-ngāhd'] Gilead; as the name of a person, hard, rough, collated with the Arabic (G.); as the name of a region, compare Gen. xxxi. 44, heap of witness.

ּבְּלְּכְּדְי [gil-ngāhdee'], Gileadite; patronymic of the same.

בְּלֵּלְיִם [gammāhdeem'], Gammadims; commonly not taken as a proper name; according to the LXX φύλακες,

guards, warriors, collated with the Arabic.

בְּמְלּהְ [gāhmool], Gamul; recompensed or weaned, participle passive of בָּמָרּל.

וֹמְיֹנְ [gimzōh'], Gimzo; sycamore-tree (S.), collated with the Arabic.

קְּמֵלְי [g'mallee'], Gemalli; owner of camels, compare Appellative בָּמֶל a camel.

קְּמֵל [gamlee-ēhl], Gamaliel; kindness of God, from בְּמַל to show kindness, and אָל God.

לְּמֶר [gōh'mer], Gomer; perfection or accomplishment, from נְּמֵר to finish.

וֹבְּיֵלְיִה [g'mar-yāh'] Gemariah; [whom] the Lord perfected, from the same, and אל God.

וְּלֵלְיִיְדוּה [g'mar-yāh'-hoo], Gemariah; id.

בּנבְרוּ [g'noovath'], Genubath; stolen, participle passive of נגל to steal.

בְּבְּקְנִי [gin-n'thōhy'], Ginnetho; probably (compare margin of Neh. xii. 14) a corrupt reading for

קּבְּרְוֹלוֹ [gin-n'thōhn'], Ginnethon; gardener, compare מָבָּר and Chaldee בָּרָה garden.

לְקְה [gōh-ngāh'] Goath (better, Goah); bellowing, participle active feminine of לְּעָד to bellow.

[gah'ngal], Gaal; aversion, from בְּעֵל to loath.

שַׁנְעָשׁ[gah'-ngash], Gaash; a shaking, from שַׁנְאַ to shake.

בְּעָרְהָ [gah-ng'tāhm'], Gatam; their touch, אָדָב infinitive of בָּנַע to touch, compare אָדָב from אַדְיַי

אָרָת [gēhrāh'], Gera; grain, i.q.

בְּבֶּ [gāhrēhv'], Gareb; scabby, compare Appellative בְּבָּ scab.

בְּרְנְשִׁי [girgāhshee'], Girgashite; gentile noun of the obsolete בַּרְבָשְׁי i.q. Chaldee אַרְבָשְׁי clay, hence an inhabiter of the clay country.

אבורי (G'rizzee' or gir'zee'] Kethib: English, Gezrites, margin, Gerzites; gentile noun of גרוו a sterile soil (G.).

קראים [y'rizzeem'], Gerizim; preceded by מור mountain of the Gerizites, compare the preceding.

וֹרֶקְי [garmee'], Garmite (perhaps better, Garmi); bony, from בּוֹרָם a bone.

בְּרֵר [g'rāhr'], Gerar; a sojourning, hence, a lodging, or an inn, from בָּרַר i.q. גונה (S.).

קרְשְׁוֹם & בּוְלְשְׁוֹם fgēhrshōhm'], Gershom; according to Ex. ii. 22, בו בי בי i. q. בי מים a stranger there, but perhaps also i. q.

אַ בְּרִשְׁלוֹן & בַּרְשְׁלוֹן [gēhr'shōhn'], Gershon; expulsion, banishment, from one's own country, from בַּישׁ to drive out.

'אֲרֶשׁלְּיּ' [gēhr'shoonnee'], Gershonite; patronymic of the same.

إِنْ [g'shoor'], Geshur; bridge (G.), collated with the Arabic and Syriac.

קיי [g'shooree'], Geshurite; gentile noun of the same.

الْنِيْنِ [geh'shem], Geshem; rain, compare Appellative.

קשׁיִבּ [gashmoo'], Gashmu, marg. Geshem, once for בּשִׁים

[gōh'shen], Goshen; as the name of a city, coat of mail, collated with the Arabic; as the name of a country in Egypt, region of Hercules, collated with the Coptic (Jablonski by Joh. Simonis).

Sishpāh'], Gishpa; flattery, collated with the Syriac (S.).

[gath], Gath; winepress; compare Appellative.

[gath-khēh'pher], Gath-hepher; wine-press of the pit, from the same, and בְּלֵי from the same, and בַּלִי from the same, and בַּלִי בּליים בּ

'[] [gittee'], Gittite; gentile noun of na.

마취 [gittah'yim], Gittaim; two wine-presses, dual of 기호

קֹתֶּל [geh'ther], Gether; dregs, sediment, collated with the Syriac (G.).

וֹיִרְשְׁוֹן [gath-rimmohn'], Gath-rimmon; pomgranate-press, compare און and ביין pomegranate.

과취 [doh-ēhg'], Doeg; timorous, a

participial form of 187 to be troubled about any thing, to fear.

אר see האר

דבוֹרֶד [d'vōhrāh'], Deborah; bee, comp. Appellatives.

דְּכְיֹר [d'veer'], Debir; recess, a most sacred place of a temple (Adytum); compare Appellatives.

קלְתֹּח [divlāh'], Diblath; fig-cake, a round cake of dried figs pressed together, i. q דְּבֶלֶּח Appellative.

דְּכְלְיֵם [divlah'yim], Diblaim; two cakes, dual of בָּלֶם, probably i. q. בָּלֶח, comp. the preceding.

פנית די see דְּבְלָתְיִם •

דְּבְרְי [divree'], Dibri; eloquent, from אָלְיִר to speak, comp. אָלְיִרי

ירבול [dovrath'] and בּילוֹן [dāh-v'rath'], Doberath; a pasture, fem. of בּילוֹן, from בְּילוֹן to lead or drive cattle upon the pastures; comp. also a wilderness, properly an uncultivated country, into which cattle are driven to feed.

תְּשֶׁת [dabbēh'sheth], Dabbasheth; a bunch or protuberance on the back of a camel, comp. Appellatives.

1177 [dāhgōhn'], Dagon; great fish; compare 27 Appellative, the syllable 11 as intensitive.

ידָר, see ידְר, see

it [d'dāhn'], Dedan; progress, from nit to move on.

gentile noun of an obsolete דְּלָקׁים, and of obscure origin, since in 1 Chron. i. 7, is found instead.

דְּדָלְים [d'dāhneem'], Dedanim; gentile noun of וְדָלִים

בְּתְיִאֶּ [dehāhvēh'], Kethib, אָּתְיּאָ [dehāhyēh'], Keri, Dehavites; villagers, collated with the Persian (S.).

אב פפפ דואב פפי דואב

וֹדוֹ [dōhdōh'], Dodo; his beloved, comp. יוֹדּוֹ Appellative.

leloved of the Lord, compound of the same and רוֹדְיוֹתוֹי abbreviated.

pelow. בֿנֹגר see

ווֹדְ [dōhdahy], Dodai; my love, lit. loves (amores); comp. the plural of און Appellative. The termination may also be here the ancient absolute plural form.

דוֹנֵג Kethib for אֹלִיג

קיר more frequently אָלְיל [dāhveed], David; beloved, a passive form of אַלִיר , beloved, like שַּׁלְיר anointed, from קּלָיר , prisoner, from אָלַיר.

רּקְּרוֹ [doomāh'], Dumah; silence, comp. Appellatives.

ארפּמְשָׂיק an uncommon form for בּרְבָּשָׁיִּן or בּרְבָּשִׂיק.

רוֹק, האֹר [dōhr], Dor; a dwelling, compare Appellatives.

ness, collated with the Arabic (S.).

ד'ק'וֹן [deevohn'], Dibon; consumption, decline, from בוּד to waste away.

기가 'ব [dee zāhāb], Dizahab; abounding with gold, from '국 i. q. '크 abundance, and 그가 gold.

דיקוֹן [deemōhn'], Dimon; silence, from ק־יבוֹן, stands for ידיבוֹן:

רְבֶּיל [deenāh'], Dinah; judged, freed, from זין or זין to judge.

רֹבְיֵץ [deenāhyēh'], Dinaites; of doubtful signification.

רְבֶּיק. [deephath'], Riphath, marg. Diphath; of doubtful signification, the parallel passage Gen. x. 3, reads רְבָּיִי instead.

וֹלְילְיוֹן [deeshōhn'], Dishon; roe-buck, comp. Appellatives

Tr [deeshahn'], Dishan ; id.

וְּדְיֶּהְ [d'lāhyāh'], Delaiah; [whom] the Lord has delivered, from דָּלָם to draw up, out, and דְּלָם Jah.

יְּלֶיְתוּ [d'lāhyāh'hoo], id.

וְּלִילֶה [d'leelāh'], Delilah; languishing, longing, a passive form of to hang down, be exhausted.

וְלְיִלְיּן [dil-ngāhn'], Dilean; a field of gourds, comp. Chaldee מַּלְיִם a gourd.

וֹלְלְּלְוֹ [dalphōhn'], Dalphon; strenuous, collated with the Arabic (S.); but as the name of a son of

Haman we should expect it to be of Persic origin.

קֹלְכְּהְ [dimnāk'], Dimnah; dunghill, compare Appellatives, וְבָּלִל dung, dung-hill.

Pip [dammek'sek], Damascus; activity, perhaps for trade or merchandise; collated with the Arabic (G.).

וֹיִן [dāhn], Dan; a judge, a participial noun of אָדֹן fo judge, comp. Gen. xlix. 16.

אַניָאל see דַּנָאָל.

קְּבְּקְיּ [dinhāh'vāh], Dinhabah; [a place] yielding oil, contracted from רְבָּהֹן, דְבוֹן רְבוֹן (Chaldee, fat, Arabic oil, and יְבָי to give (S.).

'?7 [dāhnee'], Danite; paronymic of 77.

דָנָאֵל [dāhniy-yēhl] and דָּנָאָל [dāhnee-ēhl], Daniel; God [is] my judge, compare אַן, אַ God.

וְלֵין (dāhn yah'-ngan], Dan-jaan; purpose or aim of Dan, אַכָּר from עָּבָר to answer.

יניתול [d'ngoo-ēhl], Deuel; invocation of God, i.e. obtained by intreating God, from the Arabic וויים to invoke (S.); but perhaps, know [ye] God; אין imperative plural of אין, comp. וויין ; or known of God, i.e cared for by God, contracted (and transposed) from

קְּמְּקְרָּ [dophkāh'], Dophkah; a pushing or driving on, from בְּלַלְּ to push, drive on.

רְּלְּלֶּתְ [diklāh'], Diklah; palmtree, i. q. Chaldee אָלָּתְיּ

קַּקְּרָ [dēh'ker], Dekar; branch, i.q. Chaldee קָּרְךְּן (S.), or a piercing or thrusting through, from יוֹדְלָ to pierce, thrust through.

of knowledge, compounded of Ti a pearl, compare Appellatives, and Fi knowledge, from Fi to know.

[dāhr'yāh'vesh], Darius; collated with the Persian, we are told that this word signifies king.

בּרְיוֹשׁ [dar-yōhsh'], Darius; id.

וֹרְמְשֶׂהְ [darmeh'sek], Damascus; a Syriac orthography for אָּשָׁיִּק q.v.

דְרַע [dah'rang], Dara; a contraction from דְרַדָּע.

וֹרְיּלוֹין [darkōhn'], Darkon; scatterer, i.e. liberal, from obsolete בּרָק a Chaldee form, i. q. וְרַיִּן to scatter.

זִישוֹן see דִישוֹן.

וֹלְיִל [dohthah'yin], Dothan; two cisterns, dual of רוֹל as in the Chal. a cistern.

 $\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} [d\bar{o}hth\bar{a}hn']$, Dothan; a contraction of the same.

ানুন [dāhthāhn'], Dathan; perhaps of a fountain, fontanus, from সমূ=সন cistern (G.), comp. the preceding.

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הֶבֶּל [heh'vel], Abel; breath, vapour, vanity, compare Appellatives.

[hēhgeh'], Hege, and תֵלֵּבְ [hēh-gay'], Hegai; venerable, collated with the Persic (S.).

רְבְּיִר [hāhgāhr'], Hagar; fugitive, collated with the Arabic (G.).

תְּבְּרִי [hagree'], Haggri, Hagerite; fugitive, compare the preceding. In the plural הַבְּרִים and הַבְּרִי Hagarites, as a gentile noun of

hàdad'], Hadad; fear, hence object of fear or reverence, collated with the Arabic (S.); it is besides the name of men, also the name of an Assyrian idol.

הַדּוֹדְעֶּיֶה [hadad-ngeh'ser], Hadadezer; [whose] help [is] Hadad, compounded of דַבַוֹ q.v. and בָּיֵה help, compare Appellatives.

הודר [hōhd'doo], India; contracted from הְרָדר (G.) India or Indus, the river of that name; collated with the Arabic, it signifies making a humming noise (S.).

קילוק" [hadohrahm'], Hadoram; ornament, glory, from יוֹדְי to adorn, honour, or as a contraction from a great ornament, compare בין to be high.

תַּבְי [hidday'], Hiddai; great

shouting or joy, compare אָרָוּ Appellative, and note under 'תַּרְ (Hiller).

myrtle, compare Appellatives.

יוֹדְיֹרָ [hădar'], Hadar; ornament, glory, compare יוֹדְיֹרָם.

בּרֵלְעָהֶר [hadar-ngeh'zer], Hadar-ezer; glory of help, i. e. a glorious help, compare the preceding; this frequently stands for בְּרַלְּעָהָר q. v.

רוֹת [$h\bar{o}hd$], Hod; glory, compare Appellatives.

חוֹדְנָת Kethib for הוֹדְנָת

ווֹדֵוְיָה [hōhdav-yāh'], Hodaviah; praise [ye] the Lord, contracted from אָן Hiph. of דָּוָה to praise, and אַן Jah, compare בּוֹלָה יִּבּאַל

הוֹרַיְיְהוּ Keri [hōhdav-yāh'hoo], Hodaviah; id.

הרְיְהָה Keri [hōhd-yāh'], Hodevah; marg. Hodiah; glory of the Lord, compare און and און.

חוֹרְגְּח [hōhdiy-yāh'], Hodijah; id.

ארובינתו Kethib for אובינתו

בְּחָלוֹתְ [hōhmāhm'], Homam; destruction, from בְּחָרָת confound, destroy.

אַמְעוֹת [hōhshāhmāh'], Hoshama; [whom] the Lord has heard, answered,

for יְחִינְים, and Kal preterite of שָׁמַע to hear, comp. also הוֹהָם and

אַנְישׁ [hōhshēh'ang], Hoshea; help, deliverance, infinitive noun of the Hiph. of שׁנִייּיִי

הוֹשֵׁלְיְהוֹ [hōhshangyāh'], Hoshaiah; [whom] the Lord has holpen, Hiph. preterite of אָלָשׁלָּ , compare the preceding, and הֹיִשְׁלֵא Jah.

he [the Lord] has preserved, Hiph. preterite of יְחַי to remain.

בּיִּכְם [hēhmāhm'], Hemam; only found once (Gen. xxxvi. 22), instead of which we find in the parallel passage (1 Chron. i. 39) ביִּוֹחְ q. v.

תְּיְכֵּן [hēhmāhn], Heman; faithful, from מְתֵּיִיכְּן faithful; a Chaldaic participle of אַבְּיִי לָּיִי to confide in, in the Hebrew, to be true, compare Dan. ii. 45, and vi. 5.

the enchanter, participial of לַחַשׁ to conjure, with the article חובלות prefixed.

תקלל [hillēhl'], Hillel; praise, from to shine, in Piel to praise.

תְּלֶם [hēh'lem], Helem; a stroke, from קַלְם to strike.

 $\Box \Box$ [$h\bar{a}hm$], Ham; multitude, compare Appellatives.

אָרָדְיִה [hamm'dāh'thāh], Hammedatha; with the article הוא prefixed, doubtless of Persian, but obscure derivation; of twins (S.).

וְתְּמוֹנְתְ [hămōhnāh'], Hamonah; multitude, i.q. הְמוֹנְ comp. Appellatives.

המלֵּכֶּח [hammōhleh'kheth], Hammolekheth; the queen, participial of קיבָּח to rule, reign, with the article המלֵכֶּח prefixed.

ነኮሮ [hāhmāhn'], Haman; only, alone, i. e. born alone, in contradistinction to his father, who was Hammedatha [born] of twins, collated with the Persian (S.).

שְׁבֵּה [hēh'nang], Hena; a shaking, from the Hiph. of און to shake.

תְּשְׁכְּאָת [hass'noo-āh'], Senuah; the hated, participle passive of אָבָטְ i.q. אַבָּטָּ to hate, with the article ח prefixed.

רבות [hassöhpheh'reth], Sophereth; the scribe, viz. female scribe, participial לְּבְּי to write, with the article ה

Y 라마크 [happits-tsēhts'], Aphses; the dispersion, from an obsolete Y 프린i.q. Y의 to scatter, with the article prefixed.

בְּלֶלְפּוֹנְי [hats-ts'lelpōhnee'], Hazelelponi; the shadow looks upon me, of אָלֶל i. q. אֶלֶל shadow, with the article הווים prefixed בּלֶל participle of נוֹלָל to turn, look, with suffix.

ץ 'קּקְּהַ [hakkōhts'], Koz; the thorn, compare Appellatives.

[hakkāhtāhn'], Hakkatan; the little or younger, comp. Appellatives.

הור [hōhr], Hor; mountain, i.q.
Appellative הור

אָרֶתְ [hāhrāh'], Hara; mountainous, denominative of תוֹם a mountain.

[whom] He [the Lord] looketh, a participle of THI to see, with the article T prefixed, found only once (1 Chron. v. 5) instead of the usual THI upon [whom] the Lord has looked.

בְּרוֹרְי [hărōhree'], Harorite, marg. Harodite; only once found (1 Chron. xi. 27) instead of דְרֹדִי , its signification is evidently mountaineer, but its reading very spurious.

[hōhrāhm'], Horam; height or mountainous, either from an obsolete בוֹם i. q. אב'ם [to be high] according to the form of ענֹלָם from לענֹלָם, or from ייין with the termination ביין (G.).

רְּבְּים [hāhrum'], Harum; high, exalted, participle passive of בילו compare the preceding.

קרְרָ [hāhrāhn'], Haran; mountainous, denominative of תור mountain.

הַרְרָּרְ [hărāhree'], Hararite; mountaineer, denominative from הָרָר mountain; but it may in all the passages of its occurrence be taken as an Appellative.

េដ្ឋក្ [hāhshēhm'], Hashem; fat, i. q. ២ដូចុំ fat (G.).

הַאְלְּאָהֹ [hash-sh'māhngāh'], Shemaah, marg. Hasmaah; report, from

זְרְחַ [hǎthāhkh'], Hatach; gift, collated with the Persian (S.); truth (Bohlen by Gesenius).

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beginning this word in the occurrence of Eze. xxvii. 19, as the name of a place, is by some considered radical and not a prefix.

בּתְרָ [vāhhēhv], "What he did," marg. "Vaheb;" gift, from יוֹלָי, i. q. בּתַרָּ to give, which Clericus supposes to be the same with מְּלֶהְ gift (the name of a place). The translators, according to their translation as an Appellative, seem to have supposed an understood יוֹלָי, in the text, בַתַּי, בּתַּי, בּתַרְיָהַ מִּעָּר וְיָהַר (Num. xxi. 14.)

אָרְיְיִי [vah-y'zāh'thāh], Vajezatha; white, pure, collated with Persic (S.).

[יבְרָן] [van-yāh'], Vaniah; oppression, for בְּיבָן from בְּיבָן to oppress.

יְרְפְּלֵי [vophsee'], Vophsi; my addition; בּישׁ by transposition for אָבֶּי from אָבִי to add, with a personal suffix.

קשׁבְן [vashnee'], Vashni; my gift, with the personal suffix.

רְשִׁיחִ [vashtee'], Vashti; beauty, collated with the Persic (S).

* If we read AMA in one word, with some MSS. found by Kimchi, this Aram. Hith. may be rendered and it happened. The Kal to give, and the Hithp. to give itself, for it happened, finds a striking analogy in the German geben to give, and fid (se) begeben to happen, Begebenheit an event.

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 $\exists \tilde{x} [z'\bar{e}hv']$, Zeeb; wolf, compare Appellatives.

기구: [zāhvāhd'], Zabad; gift, i.q. Appellative 기구: from 기구: to present.

בְּבְּיִנְ [zavdee'], Zabdi; my gift, from בְּבְּיִנְ with suffix, compare the preceding, unless it be an abbreviation from בְּבְיִנְ, and ' standing for בַּיִנְיִי.*

יַּרְדִּיּאֵל [zavdee-ēhl'], Zabdiel; gift of God or God [is] my gift, comp. the preceding, and אֵל God.+

קֹרָין [z'vad-yāh'], Zebadiah; gift of the Lord, compare the same, and תון Jah.

다하는 [zāhvood'], Zabud; given, presented, participial of 그릇 to present.

רַּדְּבַּ [zabbood'], Zabbud; id.

קבר: [z'vood-dāh'], Zebudah; given, presented, participial passive form of יבון to present.

יבול only defective בול [z'vool'], Zebul; a dwelling, from בָּל to dwell.

וְבּרְלְּוֹן , זְבּרְלְוֹן [z'vooloon'], Zebulun; id.

יְבּוּלִיבְי [zevoolōhnee'], Zebulonite; gentile noun of the same.

* This would in a great measure confirm the supposition given in the note under \\T\\.

†The between two words need not necessarily be taken as a suffix of the first, but as a mere conjunction.

□⊇! [zēh'vakh], Zebah; sacrifice, compare Appellatives.

'P! [zabbay'], Zabbai; of uncertain signification, it evidently stands for 'P!; but by collation with the Arabic (S.) just (justus).

וֹבִירָת Kethib for וֹבִירָה.

וְבִּינְהוּ [z'veenāh'], Zebinah; a purchase, from זכן in the Chaldee, to buy, purchase.

יזָבוּל see יָבָל.

יַברלהן see יַברלהן.

Dṛṭ [zah'ham], Zaham; aversion, from Dṛṭ to loathe.

noun from obsolete in to move one's self. Hence according to Clericus a wandering nation.

אֹרְחָיוֹ [zōh-khēhth'], Zoheth; of obscure signification.

NII [zāhzāh'], Zaza; motion, life, or abundance, from IN to move one's self, compare NII:

יְחֶכֶּת [zōh-kheh'leth], Zoheleth; serpent, participle from יְחַלָּ to creep, comp. the Latin serpens, from serpere.

or abundance, from [77], see [87]. According to others splendour, from the same root to shine; comp. Appellative [77] Ps. l. 11 and Isa. lx. 11.

[zeezāh'], Zizah ; id.

[zeenāh'], Zinah ; splendour,

ornament, collated with the Arabic (S.), stands (1 Chron. xxiii. 10), for רְּיָה (v. 11), comp. איָיוֹי

יַּרְ [zee'-ang], Zia; commotion, from אַ to move one's self.

নি! [zeeph], Ziph; loan, from the Chaldee নি! to lend.

וֹיפֶּח [zeephāh'], Ziphah; id.

וֹיִכְּים [zeepheem'], Ziphites, Ziphims; gentile noun of the same.

וֹרְיוֹ [zēhthāhn'], Zethan; olive-tree, from יוֹרָ olive-tree, to which זיך forms the personification like the English er, compare the English name Oliver.

거래 [zakkoor'], Zaccur: mindful or grateful, from 기구 to remember.

'월 [zakkay'], Zaccai; innocent, from 기가 to be pure.

רְרְיִי [zikhreé], Zichri; celebrated, from וְבִי to remember; or my memorial, comp. Appellative תְּבָּיי

וְבַּרְיְּתְ [z'khar-yāh'], Zechariah; [whom] the Lord remembered, from בָּרָ and הַּיָּ Jah.

יוֹרְיְחוּף [z'khar-yāh'hoo], Zechariah; id.

기후 [zilpāh], Zilpah; a drop, from 키기 Chaldee, i. q. Hebrew 키기 to drop.

רְבְּיִוֹ [zimmāh'], Zimmah; a purpose, compare Appellatives.

בְּיִבְיִּמְיֹם [zamzoommeem'], Zam-

zummims; noisy ones, from collated with the Arabic to hum (G.).

קיקה [z'meerāh'], Zemirah ; song, וְמִירֶה to sing.

קרְיּ [zimree'], Zimri; praised, from לְּבִי to sing, praise; or my song, comp. Appellative בְּי song, suffixed.

וְמְרֶן [zimrāhn'], Zimran; praised, compare the preceding.

קָּבְּיוֹת [zāhnōh'akh], Zanoah; perhaps fen, moor, from יְבָּין to stink, be rancid (G.).

וְצְלֵן [zah-ngãvāhn'], Zaavan; restless, from און to move one's self.

וֹלְרְיוֹ?! [ziphrōhn'], Ziphron; pleasant smell, collated with the Arabic (S.).

יַרְבְּבֶּלְ [z'rubbāh'vel], Zerubbabel; sown [i. e. begotten], in Babylon, contracted for בְּבָל הָּלְין, from בַּבָּל to sow.

of trees, i.e. abounding with trees; collated with the Arabic (S.).

(of the son), comp. Appellatives.

[sarkhee'], Zarhite; patronymic of the same.

rising of the Lord, i. e. whom the Lord caused to shine forth; compare the preceding.

בּיֵלְיׁעֵי [ze'resh], Zeresh; gold (G.), collated with the Persic.

পানূ [sattoo'], Zattu; ornament (S.), collated with the Arabic.

רוֹת: [zēhthāhm'], Zetham; olive, probably personified by the ending בּיִנְ (comp. the English Oliver), from יוֹנָ an olive.

יוֹתְי [zēhthar'], Zethar; perhaps i. q. יוֹתְי a star (G.).

П

בְּרֶׁר [khōhvāhv'], Hobab; beloved, from בְּרָר to love.

חבר [khoobbāk'], Jechubbah (reading according to the כתיב); love (as a noun) from לבנ to love.

קבְרֹר [khāhvōhr'], Habor; joining, from קבָּרְ to join.

[khŏvāh-yāh'], and [khŏvāh-yāh'], Habaiah; (whom) the Lord has hidden i. e. protected. But according to the second, passive form, the Lord has hidden or hid himself, of which latter reflexive sense, the passive forms often admit, compound of Tạī to hide, protect and ¬; jah.

קבּצְּבֶׁתְ [khǎvats-tsin-yāh'], Habaziniah; [whom] the Lord covered with [his] shield, contracted for אַבְּאָרָ (S.), comp. the preceding, and אַבּי וֹיִינָאָ Appellative; but Gesenius compares it with the Chaldee אָבְיאָבָ, taking ת as a prepositive; hence light or lamp of the Lord.

וְבְּקְּלְּהְ [khābakkōok'], Habakkuk; an embrace, from בְּקְרָּהְ to embrace, after the form of שֵׁעֵרוּר (G.),

קבֶר and הֶבֶּר [khēh'ver], Heber;

a joining, company, compare Appellatives.

תֻבְרְוֹן [khevrōhn'], Hebron; id.

הְרְרֹבְי [khevrōhnee'], Hebronite; patronymic of the same.

ֶּבְּרְיְ [khevree'], Heberite; patronymic of הֶבֶּר.

בְּיִלְיִ [khāhgāhv'], Hagab; locust, comp. Appellatives.

אַבְּגָּהְ & הַגָּבְ [khăgāhvāh'], Hagaba; id.

וְתַּבְּ [khaggay'], Haggai; festive, pleasant, from תוֹם a feast, personified by the termination בין but, comp. note under

[khaggee'], Haggi; id.

רְבְּיֵּרְ [khaggiy-yah'], Haggiah; feast of the Lord, comp.

תְּבְּית [khaggeeth'], Haggith; festive, pleasant, as a feminine of יבָּרְי (festiva).

רְּלְּכְּהְ [khoglāh'], Hoglah; part-ridge, so in the Syriac and Arabic (S.),

תַרֶּד [khădad'], Hadad; sharpness from תַּרָד to be sharp.

רְּדְיִר [khāhdeed'], Hadid; sharp, acute, from the same.

אַקְיֵכְ [khadlay'], Hadlai; forsaken, rejected of the Lord, comp. Appellative קְּבָל, and the note under

[khiddehkel'], Hiddekel;

תוֹת [khadar'], Hadar; only according to some copies (Gen. 25:15), where others read יוֹת [Hadad], see above; which latter reading is confirmed by the parallel passage (1 Chr. 1:50).

וֹהְיִהְיּה [khadrāhkh'], Hadrach; roundness, round, collated with the Syriac אור, with formative אור, (S.).

וֹיְנִישׁ [khōh'desh], Hodesh; new-moon or month, comp. Appellatives.

ּחֲדָלְשֵׁה [khădāhshāh'], Hadashah, new, feminine of תָּדָשׁ, compare Appellatives.

יְּרְיִּלְי [khodshee'], Hodshi; metronymic of יוֹלָי הוֹי.

קבׁה [khōhvāh'], Hobah; hidingplace, from קבָר to hide.

קְּחָ [khavvah'], Eve; life, חְיָּח from an obsolete חָיָח to live, i.q. חְיָח from which יְּחְ life is derived, comp. חְיָח and חִיָּח and חַיָּח.

from a village, comp. Appellatives.

קוֹילֶה [khăveelāh'], Havilah; terror fear, from לל to tremble, fear. הורל [khool'], Hul; id.

마취디 [khoophāhm'], Hupham; prob. covering, with 그 formative from obsolete 키미 i. q. 커린디 to cover. It occurs only once (Num. 26:39) in this form for 마취디 q. v.

[khoophāhmee'], Huphamite; patronymic of the same.

חרָקְקּק [khookāhk'], Hukak; i. q. חרָקִקּק q. v.

האר [khoor'], Hur; freeborn, noble, from דרר i. q. דרר to be free, noble, comp. Eccl. 10:17.

ישוֹבב see הוֹבב.

הריך more frequently הריך [khohree'], Hori, Horite, freeborn, noble, from הרור (compare מחור (compare above) as the name of a man, but as the name of a people, perhaps inhabitant of caves, compare Appellative מחור a hole.

הרְרְ [khooree'], Huri; i. q. הורר; from הור linen, or according to Gesenius, linendraper.

[khooray], Hurai; only once (1 Chr. 11:32.) for הַדִּי (2 Sam. 23: 30.) Prob. i. q. ווֹרָי linendraper.

רהרים [khoorahm'], Huram; noble or most noble, if the formative בין expresses intensity, comp. אור.

וּלְרָן [khavrāhn'], Havran; white or very white, if]; expresses intensity, from יְנָרַ to be white.

ומיים [khooshah'], Hushah; haste, from אור to make haste.

ਅੰਸਾ [khooshay'], Hushai; making haste, hastening, participial of ਲੰਗਾ to make haste, personified by formative —.

and אַרְיּמְים[khoosheem'], Hushim; hastening, haste, comp. the preceding.

בולים and בולים [khooshāhm], Husham; haste, see the preceding articles.

Havoth-jair; towns of Jair, villages of Jair, the first word signifying villages, may, in all its occurrences, be taken as an Appellative.

בּחְיוֹת [khōhthāhm'], Hotham; seal-ring, comp. Appellatives.

מְנְתְּלֵ and sometimes plene אָנְתְּלְבּּ [khăzāh-ēhl'], Hazael; upon [whom] God has looked from יוָרָ to see, and אָל God.

↑☐ [khāzōh'], Hazo; vision, from the same.

of, i. e. looked upon by God, from in a passive form, corresponding with Chaldee participle Pil, of Time to see, and Sod.

upon [whom] the Lord has looked, from the same, and not Jah.

from Tip to see, comp. Appellatives.

[khēhzeer'], Hezir; returned, converted, from obsolete תְּוֹלָי i. q. Chaldee מָנִי to return.

רְיִּלְּלְ [khizkee'], Hezki; strength, from תְּיַלְן to be strong.

רְּיִּלְּהְ [khizkiy-yāh', Hezekiah; strength of the Lord, from the same, and תְּיִלְּהָ Jah.

תְּיְהָיָה [khizkhy-yāh'hoo], Heze-kiah; id.

ফাঞ্ন [khattoosh'], Hattush; congregated, collated with the Arabic (G.).

እውነው፫ [khăteetāh'], Hatita; a digging from ውውር, collated with the Syriac to dig (G.).

דְּמִיל [khatteel], Hattil; shaking, from חֲמֵל, collated with the Arabic (G.).

קְּיִלְקְּא [khāteephāh'], Hatipha; seizure, captivity, from אַטְיִן to seize.

יִחִיאֵל [khee-ēhl], Hiel; an abbreviation of יְחִיאֵל q. v.

בייק [khēhlāhm'], Helam; great army, from חַלָּר host, and the intensitive termination בייק (S.).

קיב'ן [kheelēhn'], Hilen; only once (1 Chr. vi. 58). for חיב'ן and קיב'ן q.v.

הירְה [kheerāh'], Hirah; nobility, noble origin, comp.

תיְרְוֹם [kheerōhm'] and היְרְם [kheerāhm'], Hiram; i. q. תּלָם q. v. comp. the preceding, and

קביקה [khăkheelāh'], Hachilah; obscurity, collated with the Arabic (S).

תְבַּלְּאֵת [khākhal-yāh'], Hachaliah; hoping or hope in the Lord, contrac-

ted from הַּחְהַ of הַחְהָ to wait with confidence, and הִיְּ to or in Jah. But if compared with the preceding, it may signify, [whom] the Lord has troubled.

חַרְמוֹנְי [khakhmōhnee'], Hachmonite; wise, from מָלָם to be wise.

קוֹלְאָר [khel-āh'], Helah; rust, compare Appellatives. Or perhaps ornament, necklace, i. q. יחַלָּאִים pl.

תְּלֶּאֹם [khēhlahm'], Helam; in Chethib for תֵילָם q. v.

בּלֶבּת [khēh'lev], Heleb; fat, fat-ness, comp. Appellatives.

וְלָבְּׁה [khelbāh'], Helbah; id.

הֻלְּבְּוֹן [khelbōhn'], Helbon; fat.

תְּלֵּה [khēh'led], Heled; only once (I Chr. xi. 30.) instead of מוֹלָב (2 Sam. xxiii. 29). both of which Simonis thinks to be the same in sense, by a collation with Arabic.

ֶּחֶלֶּדְי [khelday'], Heldai; lively, worldly, from קֶלֶּדְ life, world (S).

וֹקְוֹֹן [khōhlōhn'], Holon; sandy, from הְוֹל sand (G·).

קלֵח [khălakh'], Halah; perfection, i. q. קלַם by permutation of כּילווים into חי

הַלְּחַנְּר [khalkhool'], Halhul; trembling, from הַלְּחָלָּת; comp. Appellative

וְלֵיִ [khălee'], Hali; ornament, necklace, comp. Appellatives.

מְלֵם [khēh'lem], Helem; fat, from מֻלָּם to be fat.

תְלְוֹ [khēhlōhn'], Helon; strong, יחֵיל, comp. החַיִּל,

קֹלֶת [kheh'leph], Heleph; exchange, comp. Appellative לְּחָלָּת

קֶלֶץ and אֶלֶץ [khēh'lets], Helez; deliverance, from אָלָק to draw out, in Piel, to deliver.

רְּלֶּכְּ [khāhlāhk'], Halak; margin smooth, comp. Appellatives. This may, perhaps, be better taken as an Appellative.

תְּבֶּלִיק [kheh'lek], Helek; portion, comp. Appellatives.

ֶּחֶלְּהֶי [khelkee'], Helkite; patronymic of the preceding.

ֹחֶלְהֵי [khelkay'], Helkai; portion of the Lord, abbreviated of the following.

תְלְקְיָהוּ [khilkiy-yāh'], and הַלְּקְיָהוּ [khilkiy-yāh'hoo], Hilkiah; portion of the Lord, from חֵלֶים portion and הָיָהוּ more fully of יְהוּף.

רוֹהְיִי [khelkāhth'], Helkath; portion, possession, hence i. q. Chald. אַרְהַיִּלְי (by transposition) a field, possession, from קּבִין to divide.

בּלְּלְתֹּ הַצּלּרְים [khelkath hats-tsoo-reem'], Helkath-hazzurim; marg. the field of strong men, but more correctly, field of swords, comp. the preceding and Appellative און sharpness, edge.

□□ [khāhṃ'], Ham; black, from □□□ collated with the Arabic and Coptic (S,).

קְּלְּהָן [khemdāhn'], Hemdan; desirable, pleasant from קָּבָּן to desire.

heat (i. e. anger) of God, from בְּבְּלִילְל to be hot and אַל God.

father-in-law of dew i.e. of benevolence, from מָם and בְּשׁל comp. Appellatives.

קֹרְלּל [khāhmool], Hamul; spared, part. pass. of הָבָיל to pity, spare.

קלי [khāhmeelee'], Hamulite; patronymic of the same.

וְשְׁלוֹן [khammōhn'], Hammon; sunny, from שְּבוּן sun.

רֹיִי [khamōhr'], Hatnor; ass, comp. Appellatives.

గాస్ట్రాన్ `[khoomtah'], Humtah; lizard, comp. Appellatives రిస్లోగా

אָבוּנֵיל, Hamutal , הַבּמּנְיל, פּרי i. q. קּבּנִיל, comp. אָבּינֵיל and הַבִּינִיל, pipi הָבִיּנִיל,

קְּיְהֶן [khamrāhn'], Amram, marg. Hemdan; only (1 Chr. i. 44) stands for בְּיִבְּיוֹן (Gen. xxxvi. 26).

וֹבְּתְיּ [khămāhth'], Hamath; fortification, collated with the Arabic (S.); comp. Appellative אין wall, from the obsolete מוֹבְיוֹר

haph, the name of a city in the tribe Naphtali, which is thus interpreted by

Josephus (G.). its deriviation is from DDT to be hot, warm.

ਸਮੇਤ ਸਿੰਦਸ੍ਰ[khammōhth'dohr'], Hammoth; hot baths of Dor, comp. the preceding and ਸਮੇਤ

יְםְיֶּתְ [khămāhthee'], Hemathite; gentile noun of מָמָר

'\!\!!\!\! [kh\bar{e}hn'], Hen; grace, favor, comp. Appellatives.

ווְלְּבֶּוֹךְ [khēhnāhdāhd], Henadad; favor of Hadad, for קוֹן בַּוֹן comp. the preceding and בַּוֹן (G.). But, perhaps, contracted from נוֹן favor is departed, comp. and to wander.

קְּבֶּר [khannāh'], Hannah; grace, favor i. q. תְּבֶּר

TP [khănōhkh], Enoch; initiated, dedicated, from TP to initiate.

לאָכָּוּ [khāhnoon], Hanun; favored, or graciously given, part. pass. of לוני be gracious, favorable, give graciously, comp. בְּבָנָאוֹר.

קאָיאָל [khannee-ēhl], Haniel; grace or favor of God; comp. תוֹם and אֵל God.

בְּלְכְי [khănōhkhee'], Hanochite;

וְבַּכְּאֵל [khānamēhl'], Hanameel ; prob. for בְּנָאֵל (G.). q. v.

וְתְילּ [khāhnāhn], Hanan; [whom God] has graciously given, comp. אַרְלּוּ, Gesenius supposes this to be an abbreviation of וְלִילְיִי [whom] the Lord gave.

[whom] God has graciously given, for this sense of דָּבְּוֹלְ, Gen. xxxiii. 5.

ֹרְבֶּיְ [khănāhnee'], Hanani; He [God] has been gracious to me, or perhaps an abbreviation of the following.

and אוֹבְלְיִרְה [khănan-yāh', and khănnan-yāh'hoo], Hananiah; [whom] the Lord has graciously given, comp. בְּבַּבְּאָלַ

ၣႍᡢ [khāhnēhs'], Hanes; of doubtful signification.

וְלְּבְּׁתְ [khannāhthōhn'], Hannathon; procured by favor, from מְבָּׁתְ see, above, with the addition of the termination זיֹי

TO∏ [kheh'sed], Hesed; kindness, love, comp. Appellatives.

וְחַכְּיִדְיּתְ [khăsad-yāh'], Hasadiah; [whom] the Lord loves (G.), compare the preceding, comp. also the Hithpael of יסָר to show one's self kind.

הַחְּחָ [khōhsāh'], Hosah; refuge, from קּחְ to seek shelter.

חַקְּקְה [khasrāh'], Hasrah; poverty, indigence, from סְלֵי to want.

ালুন্ [khooppah'], Huppah; a covering, comp Appellatives.

coverings, from the singular $\eta \cap a$ covering, and the verb $\eta \supseteq \eta$ to cover, protect.

רְּבְּיֵרְ [khophnee'], Hophni; perhaps, champion, fighter (G.), from בוּלָּבָן an Appellative only occurring in the

Dual Dia the hollow hands, hence here probably the fist, personified by the termination, lit. a fister, comp. pugnus and pugnator.

지구 ' 그 [khephtsee-vāh'], Hephzibah; my delight is in her, from 맛있고; compare Appellatives, with suffix and the preposition 를 with suffix.

רְּבֶּר [khēh'pher], Hepher; a well, pit, from רְּבָּר to dig.

ֹחֶפְּרֶי [khephree'], Hephrite; patronymic of the same.

בְּלֵּכְיִי [khaphāhrah'-yim], Haphraim two wells, Dual of חֵבֶּר q. v.

קלְרֹר [khāhtsohr'], Hazor; a court, fortification comp. בְּעַר and Appellatives אָרָר.

וֹבְיוֹ וֹבְיוֹ [khāhtsōhr' khǎdat-tāh'], Hazor, Hadattah: new-castle or new Hazor, comp. the preceding; and as to the second word, it is Chaldee, i.q. Hebrew שְּׁבְיוֹ feminine of שִּׁבְיוֹ new. The translators of the English Version, however, have taken this to denote two different places (Josh. xv. 25).

י וְלְּצְי [khătsee hammāh-nakhtee], half of the Manahethites; patronymic of the same. According to this punctuation, the sense of the preceding may be half of the presents,

or gifts; the second word as a Participle feminine of קָּבָּה, compare Appellatives קּבָּה, and not from בּוֹלִים,

ከትር ነኳኒር and ነኳኒር [khāh-ts'tsōhn' or khāhtsătsōhn' tāhmāhr'],
Hazazon and Hazezon-tamar; a cutting off of palm trees, viz. a place abounding with palm-trees, where many were wont to be cut down for use. For the first word compare Pual of የኒር, and for the second, Appellatives.

기계 기보고 [khăzar' addāhr'], Hazar-addar; village of Addar, prob. built by Addar; the first in construction of 기보고 a court, village, comp. Appellatives; see also 기계환

קבר [khātsar' gaddāh'], Hazar gaddah; village of fortune (G,), comp.

קּצְרְוֹ [khetsrōh'], Hezro; prob. an abbreviation of הְצְּרְוֹ

וְבְּיְרוֹן [khetsröhn'], Hezron ; fortification, comp. קְיִּרוֹן

תְצָּרוֹנְי [khetsröhnee'], Hezronite ; patronymic of the same.

יַחַצַר אַדָּר [khătsēhrōhth'], Hazeroth; villages, comp. יַחַצָּר

ֶּחֶצְּרֵי [khetsray'], Hezrai; villager, comp. the above.

יְחֲצֵרִים [khătsēhreem'], Hazerim; villages, comp.

קנְת (khătsarmāh'veth), Hazarmaveth; court of death, for בְּבָּר מַּבָּר (comp. Appellatives.

ורְאָלֵּח הַצְּחָ [khătzar soosāh'], Hazar-susah; village of a mare, or mares, mare-village, comp. the preceding and Appellatives.

בְּיִלְים [khătsar' sooseem'], Hazar-susim; village of horses, horse-village, comp. Appellatives.

עִירְוֹן [khătsar'ngēhnōhn'], Hazar-enon: village of the fountain, fountain village, compare the articles above צֵין i. q. אַינוֹן fountain.

עיקן [khătsar' ngēhnāhn'], Hazar-enan, id.

ארקב' שוּרְקֵל [khătrar' shoo-ngāhl'] Hazar-shual; village of the fox, fox-village, comp. Appellatives.

[khāhtsēhr'hattee-khōhn'], Hazar-hatticon; middle vīllage, comp. Appellatives.

እድምር [khǎkoophāh'], Hakupha; bent, bowed, collated with the Arabic (G.).

רוֹרֵב sse דוֹרֵב.

מְרַבּוֹכְה and חַרְבּוֹכְה [kharvōh-nāh'], Harbona, Harbonah; warlike (S.); according to Bohlenius by Gesenius, ass-driver, both collated with the Persic.

להְלְּבְּרְ [khōhr haggidgāhd'], Hor-hagidgad; cavern of (i. e. near) Gidgad; cavern of thunder (G.)), collated with the Ethiopic; comp. אָרָבּוּ

[khărāhdāh'], Haradah; terror, fear, comp. Appellatives.

יְרֵלְי [khărōhdee'], Harodite; gentile noun of

להיים [kharhayah'], Harhaiah; there was a parching, drought, from הבים to be burned, dried up, and he was.

קרְרְּכְּי [khăroomāph'], Harumaph; flat-nosed, contracted from אָל בּירִבּי comp. Appellatives; בְּירִבּי participle of and אָלּי

בְּרִיבְי [khăroophee'], Haruphite; either a patronymic or gentile noun from קרות reproached (comp. Appel.) nowhere occurring in this form.

רְרְרֹּיּל [khāhroots'], Haruz ; diligence, compare Appellatives.

תְּרְתְּלֵּר [kharkhoor'], Harhur; inflammation, fever, comp. Appellative

מְרְחַקְׁתְ [kharkhas'], Harhas; only once (2 Kin. xxii. 14) instead of which (1 Chr. xxxiv. 22) it is written מְּבְּרָתְּ

קרְיף [khāhreeph'], Hariph; autumnal rain, collated with the Arabic; instead of which we find (Ezr. ii. 18) of the same signification (S.).

הקרים [khahreem'], Harim; flat-nosed, i. q. בירים (Lev. xxi. 18), for this passive form, comp. דוֹר, see also בורים above, which may be considered an expletive form of this.

בְּיִר [khāhrēhm'], Harem; devoted, comp. בְּיִר בְּיִח .

קרָקְרוֹ [khormāh'], a devoting, desolate place, from קר to devote.

קרְקוֹן [khermōhn'], Hermon; high mountain, collated with the Arabic (Clericus).

וְהֶרְ [khāhrāhn'], Haran; parched, day, from לְבָר to be burnt, dried.

וֹרֹגְי [khōhrōhnee'], Horonite;

ור'בֵים [khōhrōhnah'-yim], Horonaim; two caverns dual of הורון, i. q. הורון or defective הור a cavern.

קבּיבֶּיכֶּ [kharneh'pher], Harnepher; snorting of the breath, for בְּיַרְנֶכֶּי, from בָּי to snort, comp. Appellative a snorting, and בפר a coording to the Syriac, to breathe (S.).

רֶּבֶּכ [kheh'res], Heres; the sun, comp. Appellatives, once (Jud. i. 35), preceded by יון, mount of the sun.

ሻ፫፫ [khāhrēph'] Hareph; picking, (G.).

البَّرِينِ [kheh'resh], Heresh; silence, comp. Appellatives.

אָרְיָשׁר [kharshāh'], Harshah; prob. for תְּיְשָׁה id.

בְּרָשְׁים [khārāhsheem'], Charashim, craftsmen; this is better taken as an Appellative altogether.

קיה (khārōh'sheth haggōh-yim'), Harosheth of the Gentiles; מור מיים a working in wood or stone, a working place, comp. Appellatives.

אַבְעוֹן [kheh'reth], in pause אַקּק, Hareth; acutting, the name of a forest, from the wood which was cut there; comp. אָבָעוֹן, from הַבְּין in the

Appellatives only in the sense of engraving, but doubtless also i. q.

ਮੜ੍ਹੇ and ਮੜ੍ਹੇ [khăsoophāh'], Hasupha; nakedness, from ਸੰਘ੍ਰਾ to make bare,

esteemed, participle passive of שַשְׁרָּח to count, esteem.

마구크 발크 [khashbaddāh'nāh], Hashbadana; linen girdle, from 그렇고 a girdle, and 기구 i. q. Appellative 그는 linen with T paragogic, therefore with the accent on the penultimate.

וֹקְשְׁקְּוֹ [kheshbōhn'], Heshbon; a reckoning, counting, from שַּׁקְ to reckon, count.

[whom] the Lord esteemed, loved, comp. תֹשְׁלֵח, and תֹי Jah.

אָרְיִקְיּהְ [khăshav-yāh'hoo,] Hashabiah; id.

הַשֵּׁבְבֶּה [khāshavnāh'], Hashabnah: Gesenius supposes this to be the same with the preceding, 'being changed into ⊃.

הואה [khashavn'yāh'], Hashabniah; id. But this appears rather to be an epenthetic שׁבְּבִיבְּי and הי, as it is often the case before the suffixes; comp. בְּרַבְּבִּרְ (Ps. lxxii. 15), from which the preceding may be contracted.

בּישׁרַב [khash-shoov'], Hashub; esteemed, comp. קֿשָׁנָּם:

רוישים see הישים.

הליים [khoosh-sheem'], Hushim; i.q. הליים hastening, haste.

ਬਲ਼ੇਜ਼ [khāhshoom], fat, rich, from obsolete ਬਲ਼ੇਜ਼ to be fat.

רואָשָׁם see בּשָׁאָם.

າງວິດ [kheshmohn'], Heshmon; fatness, from an obsolete ຜູ້ຕຸ to be fat.

תְּשְׁמֹקְת [khashmōhnāh'], Hashmonah; id.

אָמֶתְ [khooshāhthee], Hushathite; patronymic of השָׁתִר

רְחַרָּת [khēhth'], Heth; terror, from תְּבָּת to be broken, terrified.

'An [khittee'], Hittite; patronymic of the same, and then a gentile noun.

חַקִּים [khitteem'], Pl. of the same.

יְחָתִי [khitteeth'], singular fem. of

ן (khethlöhn'), Hethlon; shelter, retreat, from הָתַל to wrap up, cover, hide.

רְחַחְ [khăthath'], Hathath; terror, compare Appellatives.

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אַרְאָל [tāhv'ēhl], Tabeel; in pause אַרְאָל [tah-v'al], Tabeal; goodness of God, compound of אַלְ goodness, a Syriac form, i. q. Hebrew אַל God.

디그는 [teh'vakh], Tebah; slaughter, compare Appellatives.

지구구 [tivkhath'], Tibhath; once (1 Chr. xviii. 8), for which, in the parallel passage (2 Sam. viii. 8), it is 지수후; here probably by transposition for 지구후 confidence, security, as the construct of 지구후.

יְתְּלֵין [t'valyāh'hoo], Tebaliah; [whom] the Lord immersed, i. e. purified, compound from בְּלִי, in a transitive sense, and יחוֹ abbreviated for היהוי

ກነንቅው [tabbāh-ngōhth], Tabbaoth; seal-rings, rings, compare Appellative ກንቅው

וֹבְרִבְּיוֹ [tavrimmohn'], Tabrimon; the goodness of Rimmon, comp. בַּבְּיִלֵּל Rimmon, the name of a Syriac idol.

ጉኩር [tabbāhth'], Tabbath; famous, collated with the Chaldee (S.).

רְבְּיֵבְ [tēhvēhth'], Tebeth; the name of a Hebrew month, the signification of which is doubtful.

בוֹּף [tohv'], Tob; goöd, compare Appellatives.

בּוֹנְיְּהְ בֹּיֹרְ (tōhv ǎdōhniy-yāḥ'),
Tob-adonijah; the good or kindness of
the or my Lord Jah, comp. the preceding and אַרֹּיְנִיּוֹרְ

רֹלְיִלְיּה [tōhviy-yāh'], Tobiah; the Lord (is) good, or the good or kindness of the Lord, comp. the preceding.

אוֹבְיָּחְה [tōhviy-yāh'hoo], Tobiah; id.

בּילֶלְיְ [t'lāh-eem'], Telaim; young lambs. From יְלִי: by some considered to be an Appellative.

מֶלֶם [tēh'lem], Telem; oppression collated with the Arabic [Kimchi and Clericus].

מַלְקּוֹן [talmōhn'], Talmon; oppressed, compare the preceding.

רַבְּעָרָ [tāhphath'], Taphath; drop, construct (comp. רַבְּעָרָת, בְּעַרָת, בְּעַרָת, בְּעַרָת, בְּעַרָת, בְּעַרָת, בְּעַרָת, בְעַרָת, בְּעַרָת, בְעַרָת, בְעַרָת, בְעַרָת, בְעַרָת, בְעַרָת, בְעַרָת, בּעַרָת, בעריק, בערי

a Chaldee gentile name. Simonis compares it with Tauropylæi, i.e. the inhabitants of the passages of Taurus. The Chaldwans may have retained foreign names of this kind.

וְשְׁיִּחְוּ [yōhshiy-yāh'hoo], once (Jer. xxvii. l.) in Kethib for the usual אושָׁיִה, which see.

[yah-ăzan-yāh'], Jaazniah; may the Lord hear [him], compound of Hiph. future of און, comp. Appellatives, and און, Jah.

יְאַנְיְרָהְ [yah-ăzan-yāh'hoo], Jaazaniah; id.

[God] enlighten [him], Hiph. future of יאיר Compare Appellatives.

יְאִירְי [yāh-eeree'], Jairite; patronymic of the same.

[yōhshiy-yāh'], only once (Zech. vi. 10,) but in all other occurrences,

י אָשִׁיְהוּ [yōhshiy-yāh'hoo], may the Lord heal [him], compound of the

fut. of TEN collated with the Arabic to heal, and Tor Tr. (G.).

[whom] the Lord shall cause to remain. Only I Chr. vi. 6. supposed by Simonis to stand for יחַ אַבּוּי, the א taking the place of ', instead of יאַנוּי, from the verb יוֹשְׁהִי to remain. For the termination 'see note under 'וַבְּאַרּ' Note, other copies read 'יִאַּתְרַ' '.

마다 [y'voos'], Jebus; a treading under foot. From 어크 to tread under foot, like 마다 from 마다.

יברּקי [y'voosee'], Jebusite; a gentile noun of the same.

רְבְּיִר (yivkhāhr'), Ibhar; may the Lord choose [him]. Fut. of נְּבְּעָר to choose.

וְבְּיֹן [yāhveen'], Jabin; may the Lord consider [him], comp. Hiph. fut. of אבון [him], comp. Hiph. fut. of

מָבִישׁ see שֹבֻיָּי.

לְבְל [yāhvahl], Jabal: stream, compare Appellatives.

רְלִילְיִי [yiv-l'ngāhm'], Ibleam; he consumeth to or shall consume the people. Fut. of אַבְּי to swallow, consume, and בְּי people. According to Gesenius, for בַּי חַלְבִי, but the verb בְּיבָ nowhere occurs in a transitive sense.

God cause [him] to be built up, lit, cause him to build, compound of Hiph. fut. of לְּבָּדְ to build, and אָלַ God.

בְּבֶּר [yavneh'], Jabneh; may He cause [him] to be built up, comp. the preceding.

וֹרָיִרָּיִר (yivn'yāh), Ibneiah; may the Lord build [him] up, comp. the preceding.

ֹרְבְּלֶּתְּה. [yivniy-yāh'], Ibnijah; id.

יֹבניםׁי eee יַבַׁםׁי

가구 [yabbōhk'], Jabbok; a pouring out, emptying. From 한구 to pour itself out, empty itself.

마추구 [yivsāhm'], Ibsam; he shall be pleasant, sweet. Fut. of an obsolee 마꾸구, whence 마추구, sweet odour.

שֹבְי, and שֹבְי [yāhvēhsh'], Jabesh; dry, compare Appellatives.

לְלֶּלְד נְיִלֶּלְד (yāhvēhsh gil-ngāhd'), Jabesh Gilead; Jabesh of or in Gilead, comp. the preceding and גְּלְעָד

יְנְאָל [yig-āhl], Igal, Igal; may He[God] redeem [him]. Fut. of בָּאֵל to redeem, comp. Appellatives.

יְלִבְּהָה [yogb'hāh'], Jogbesh; it shall be exalted. ה, is paragogic, the simple form of which would be לְנָבָּה, Hoph. fut. from בָּבָּה to be high.

יְבַדְּלְיְדְוּ [yiydalyāh'hoo], Igdaliah; the Lord shall be exalted, compound of the fut. of לְבַלְּלְדְּל to be great, and יְדָוּ the Lord.

기위: [yāhgoor'], Jagur; an inn, from 기의 to sojourn, live as not at home.

יָבְּלְי [yoglee'], Jogli; He [God]

revealeth Himself. Hoph. fut. of נְלְת to uncover, open.

אַרָּרְאָן (y'gar sāhhădoothāh'], Jegar-sahadutha; margin, the heap of witness. Two Aramaic words.

קֹלְיִי, [yidălāh'], Idalah: [which] God exalteth or shall exalt. Simonis takes it as a Syriacism for יִדִילָּרָ, with π paragogic.

יְלְבְּשׁ [yidbāhsh'], Idbash; he is sweet as honey. Fut. of מב, compare Appellative בַּבָּי

יְדְּוֹ [yiddōh'], Iddo; loving, given to love. For יְבָּוֹ (G.). from יָבָר to love.

וֹדְיֹ [yāhdōhn'], Jadon; He [God] shall judge; [Judex] judge (G.). Either fut. of דוֹל to judge, or a noun derived from the same verb.

יַדְּלַיִּ [yaddoo'-ăng], Jaddua; known, from דָן to know.

[yadday], according to Keri, Jadau (Ex. x. 43.) in the English version it is according to Kethib; prob. i. q. 17.

ידרת and "[y'doothoon'], Jeduthun; praising. From an obsolete noun ידר praise, from ידר in Hiph. to praise, with the termination gives the word its personification.

יַדְידָי [y'deedāh'], Jedidah; be-loved. A passive form of יווי to love, like דוָד from דָּדָד, compare Appellative דְּיָד, of which this is the feminine form.

יִייִין: [y'dee-d'yāh'], Jedidiah;

beloved of the Lord, comp. the preceding.

Tir: [y'dāh-yāh'], Jedaiah; praise the Lord. From Tr, in Hiph. to praise Tr the Lord.

יְדִישָּאֵל [y'dee-ngăēhl'], Jediael; known of God. From יָדִישָׁ a passive form of יָדִידְיָד, (comp. אֵל), and אֵל God.

ידיקורן Kethib for ידיקורן

אָלְיִי [yidlāhph'], Idlaph; he weepeth. Fut. of אוֹיִי to drip, shed tears.

יָדְי [yāhdāhng'], Jada; wist From אַדְי to know.

וֹדְלְיִרְ [y'dang-yāh'], Jedaiah; may the Lord know [him] i.e. care for him, comp. the preceding, and הי, the Lord.

יֹבוּרתוּן see יְבִרְתוּן

יְרְהָר see יְהְוֹד

יְהַרָּוֹן [y'hoodiy-yāh'], Jehudiah:

Jewess. The feminine of the gentile noun יהוּדִי Jew used as a proper name.

אילי [yēhhoo'], Jehu; He [is] Jehovah. For יהוֹ (G.). or יהוֹ (G.). or יהוֹ the latter as the regular pointing of יחוֹף (S.). The inconvenience of an audible H being repeated in the pronunciation, makes such a contraction not unlikely.

יְתְּיִּלְּיְתְי [y'hōh-āhkhāhz'], Jeho-ahaz; [whom] the Lord holdeth. contracted from אָרַוֹי and יִּרְיָּלְ, comp. Appellatives.

שֹׁאָלֹה: [y'hōh-āhsh'], · Jehoash; [whom] the Lord has given. From the same, and אַלְּיִי preterite of an obsolete אַלְיּי to give, (S.). collated with the Arabic.

וֹלְיִירְ: [y'hood'], Judah, Judea, Jewry; the Chaldee for the Hebrew name מוֹלְייִרְ: [Judah], but only as referring to the country or people of that name.

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יְהְרְּדְּאֵין [y'hoodāh-een'], Jews; the plural of the Chaldee gentile noun of

קרה: [y'hoodāh']. Judah; praise. From און: (compare Gen. xxix. 35. and xlix. 8). According to Gesenius praised, verbal of Hoph, future of the same.

יהרדי [y'hoodee'], Jew, Jehudi; a gentile noun of the same, but used also as a proper name.

יהקירו [y'hoodeeth'], the Jews' language, Judith; the feminine of the gentile noun 'יהודי Jewish, in refer-

rence to the language, and used also as a proper name of a woman.

יהוֹיף [y'hōhvāh'], the Lord, Jehovah, and, when pointed הַּיִבְּיה, God; The Eternal. Whether the pronunciation according to the present pointing be the original* or not, the consonants

* That the pronunciation of this name according to its consonants has been considered unlawful among the Jews from a very remote period, is not only well attested by their doctors, but also by the fact of the the adoption of two sets of vowel points for the same consonants, וַחוֹת and וַחוֹת, for the former of which they substituted, and still do substitute אַרֹבֵי (Lord), and for the latter אלהים (God), so that in neither case are the consonants pronounced. Jews maintain that the pronunciation was not known generally, but only to some, and that traditionally. But no trace of that supposed mystical pronunciation being now left, the whole fact of there ever having existed another besides the one min may fairly be questioned, from the following considerations. 1. If the vowels of הולים be those of אַרוֹכֶי, we should have expected_. under in the same way as we find under the same for של לווים But the fact may have been, that אַלוֹן was the true pronunciation, but the Jews, led away by tradition, and perhaps based upon Ex. xx. 7, and Lev. xxiv. 31, read אֲדֹלֶי instead, independent of the proper, standing vowels. But in the case of אַריבֵי יחוד, where the first would have been repeated twice, and for some cause or other unwilling to do so, read according to, and substituted the vowels of אלהים, hence the form אלהים in the one, and not min in the other case. And let it also be remarked that the circumstance of the Septuagint rendering the words by Kupiog Kupiog sets some bounds to the antiquity of that practice.

2. The preservation of the vowels of רוֹלְים as found in the composition of this name with other proper names of the greatest antiquity, as אַרוֹנְים, בּיוֹלְים, בּיוֹלְים, בּיוֹלְים, בּיוֹלְים, בּיוֹלְים, בּיוֹלְים, בּיוֹלְים, בּיוֹלְים, בּיוֹלְים, בּיים, בּיוֹלְים, בּיוֹלְים, בּיים, בּ

in comparison with (Ex. iii. 14.) sufficiently attest the signification of the name. אָהָיָה אָשֶׁר אָהִיָה I am that I am, i.e. I am He who am always, and doubtless also, with reference to His unchangeableness, I am the same that I am; of which the relative つばい easily admits. But, however suitably in a grammatical point of view, the Hebrew form of the future may stand here for the present, as expressing continuance, yet ought the fact of its being the future, I shall be that I shall be, not to be lost sight of. Nay, the assurance of God's existence throughout all futurity is the prominent point of the Spirit's expression to Israel, surrounded by Egypt's idols and idol-worship. Pre-existence may have been ascribed to them by their worshippers, the eye-witnesses of their

in the abbreviated form m and its compounds, as אדליה אביה &c., by permutation of linto. In these cases, we should have expected the true vowels again, if there had been any other; the full word min not being found in either. For the Jews assert that the teaching of the pronunciation of this name was by pointing out each letter separately, so as not to pronounce the whole of the name at once, which need not be feared in compounds. And this must prove for the present pronunciation of 7777, unless we extravagantly suppose, that the punctuators did, with these compound names; the same as they did with this name itself, establish the tradition of the unlawfulness of the pronunciation of this name, as a truth vouched for by its so very remote antiquity even up to Moses, and that we have not the right pronunciation even of these proper

The fact that and have before this name Pattah, as if they were prefixed to בְּיִדוֹנְה (תֹיְדִיבְׁר and בִּיִדוֹנְה), can prove nothing more but the punctuators' consistency with the tradition they had received and believed.

then present existence, but questions of the character "Where are the gods of Hamath and of Arpad? &c." were doubtless nothing unusual then with regard to those perishable elements. But God in His future, uninterrupted, blessed existence, assures them of deliverance not only from their then present bondage, but always, in opposition to those dumb idols, as He does afterwards (Is. xl. xliii. and xliv.) when sending them a message of deliverance. The looking forward to futurity is the true exercise of faith in the children of God, even as it is now with us, to whom the things of God prepared for them that love him, which "eye hath not seen nor ear heard, neither have entered into the heart of man" are revealed by His Spirit. we have learned to know Him as the Alpha, we are now, or at least ought to be, looking forward for the future vindication of His power and glory, when He shall be all in all, as the Omega.

חות, the more antique, and indeed acknowledged as the primitive form of חוֹתְי, io be, stands in this name in the third person future. Thus, God speaking of His blessed Self, speaks and reveals Himself as the I shall be "I am (I shall be) has sent me unto you". The believers in Him with an Amen upon their lips call Him חוות He shall be.

יְרֵבְּיִר 'יִרְבְּּאָר [y'hōhvāh' yir-ēh'], Jehovah-jireh; marg. the Lord will see or provide. From the same, and futof קָּאָר, compare Appellatives.

יְבְּיִלְ כִּיְלְי [y'hōhvāh nissee'], Jehovah-nissi; marg. the Lord my banner. From the same, and ⊃ a banner, see Appellatives.

קלוֹם [y'hōh-vāh shāhlōhm'], Jehovah-shalom, marg. the Lord [send] peace; lit. the Lord (is) peace. From the same, and שַׁלוֹם peace.

וְיְרְיְהְיִי [y'hōhkhāhnāhn'], Johanan; [whom] the Lord has graciously given. From the same and וְבְיִלְינָה to be gracious, give graciously.

יְדְוֹיִדְע [y'hōh-yāhdāhng'], Jehoiada; [whom] the Lord hath known. From the same and יַנָ to know.

יְרְיֹלְיְבֵין [y'hōh-yāhkheen'], Jehoiachin; may the Lord establish [him]. From the same and יְבִין Hiph. fut. of בּיּן, comp. Appellatives.

יְדְיֹלְיִיםְי [y'hōh-yāhkeem'], Jehoiakim; may the Lord establish [him]. From the same and the Hiphfut. of קוֹר, comp. Appellatives.

יַרְיִייִר [y'hōh-yāhreev'], Jehoiarib; the Lord plead for [him]. From the same, and fut. of יִריב יִר

יהוּבֵל y'hookhal'], Jehuchal; may he prevail. Hoph. fut. of

יְהוֹנְהֵרֵב [y'hōhnāhdāhv'], Jehonadab; [whom] the Lord has
freely given. From קַבָּר and בַּבָּר f which comp. Hiph. in the Appellatives.

יְחִוֹנְתְּן [y'hōhnāhthāhn'], Jehonathan [whom] the Lord has given. From the same, and וְתָּי to give.

יְחֹלְמֶף [y'hōhsēhph'], Joseph; He [God] shall add, comp. Gen. xxx. 24. An uncontracted Hiph. form of אַרְיָי to add.

יְהְוֹעַבְּהְ [y'hōh-ngaddāh'], Jehoadah; [whom] the Lord has adorned. From יִהְיִם, and Piel of נְהֹיָם to adorn.

יְחִיּפְדְיוֹ [y'hōh-ngaddeen'], Jeho-addan; in Kethib prob. the same as the following.

קַרָן [y'hōh-ngaddāhn'], Jehoadan; the Lord's delight. From the same, and זְבָּרָן, comp. the verb בְּרָלְוֹעַבָּן, and the noun בָּרָ

יְרְוֹלְצְּדְרָּ [y'hōhtsāhdāhk'], Jehozadak; the Lord is righteous. From the same, and יְבָי to be just, righteous.

יְהוֹרְם [y'hōhrāhm'], Jehoram; the Lord is exalted. From the same, and בין preterite of יום to be high.

אַבּילְייִר [y'hōhsheh'vang], Jehosheba; the Lord's oath; or the Lord (is his) oath, i. e. he swears by, worships the Lord, comp. Is. xlviii. l. From the same, and אַבְּילִי, oath, occurring only in this sense in compound proper names, comp. אַבְּילִי with Gen. xxi. 31.

רַיִּשִׁרְעֵר [y'hōhshav-ngath'], Jehoshabeath; found 2 Chr. xxii. 11. for the preceding.

בְּיחוֹשֶׁבְ and יְחוֹשְׁבַּן [y'hōhshoo'ang], Jehoshua, Joshua; the Lord's salvation, contracted of the same, and יַשׁרַצּע help.

បទ្ចឃុំកែ [y'hōhshāhphāht'], Jeho-

shaphat; [whom] the Lord judges. From the same, and 법을빛 to judge.

קלְאֵל [y'hallel-ēhl'], Jehaleleel; may he praise God. From יְתַלֵּל Piel fut. of יְתַלְּל only in Piel, to praise, and אֵל God.

לְיִבּי [yah'haz], Jahaz; a place trodden down, prob. a threshing-floor (G.), collated with the Arabic אידי to tread under foot.

וֹאָלְיוֹיִי [yahtsāh'], Jahazah; id.

אָלֵּי [yōh-āhv'], Joab; [whose] father (is) the Lord. Contracted for בהוֹאָר, comp. the preceding compounds of הוֹאָר, as וְחוֹאָל, שׁאָלוֹי, צֹירוֹין &c.

וֹאָלְיִי [yōh-āhkh'], Joah; [whose] brother [i. e. helper] is the Lord. Compound of רוֹלָים and אוֹ brother.

יְוֹּאֶחָוּ [yōh-āhkhāhz'], Joahaz, Jehoahaz; contracted from יְוֹאָחָוּ q.v.

יוֹאֵל [yōh-ēhl'], Joel; the Lord (is his) God. Contracted for יחוֹה, the Lord, and אַל God.

יוֹאֲשׁ ' [yōhāhsh'], Joash; contracted from יְרֹאָשׁ q. v.

ק" [yōhv'], Job; desire. For אַרְּיִי from אַרְיִי to desire, comp. Appellatives (S); or cry, from אַרָי compare the following. But this name only occurs (Gen. xlvi. 13.) for אָלָייִנוֹ (Num. xxvi. 24).

יוֹבֶּב [yōhvāhv'], Jobab; desert, wilderness, properly a howling, a place where wild beasts howl, collated with the Arabic (G.).

ייּבְל [yoovāhl], Jubal; river, compare Appellative ייּבְל

יְוֹיְבֶּךְ [yōhzāhvāhď], Jozabad; contracted from יְהֹוֹנֶבֶן q. v.

וְלְיָלְיּהְ [yōhzāhkhāhr'], Jozachar; [whom] the Lord remembers. Contracted for יחוֹנָכָר', compare the preceding, from יחוֹנָי the Lord, and יחוֹנָי he remembered.

יוֹדְוּ [yōhkhāh'], Joha; haste. For יוֹדְוּד from the Chaldee in Aph. to make haste (S.).

ְלְּחֶבֶּן [yōhkhāhnāhn'], Johanan ; contracted from יְלֹחָבֶּן q. v.

파마 [yootāh'], Juttah ; i. q. 미화·

יְלְיְדֶּעְ [yōh-yāhdāhng'], Joiada, Jehoiada; contracted from יְלִידָּעָ q: v.

וֹיְכְיוֹ [yōh-yāhkheen'], Jehoiachin; contracted from יְהוֹיְכִין q. v.

יוֹיְקְים [yōh-yāhkheem'], Joiakim, Jehoiakim; contracted from יוֹיָקִים q. v.

יְוֹיְרִיב [yōh-yāhreev'], Joiarib; contracted from יְהוֹיָרִיב q. v.

יוֹבֶבֶּר [yōhkheh'ved], Jochebed; [whose] glory [is] the Lord. Contracted from יְהוֹבֶּרְ Lord, and בָּבֶּר , רוֹבָּרְ Lord, and בָּבָּר

יוּכֵל [yookhal'], Juchal; contracted from יְהוֹכֵל q. v.

'', [yāhvāhn'], Javan, Greece, Grecia; soft (S.),

ן 'וֹנְדֶּבְ [yōhnāhdāhv'], Jonadab; contracted from יְהֹנְּבָן q. v.

יוֹבֶרה [yōhnāh'], Jonah ; dove. Compare Appellatives.

יָנְכְים [y'vāhneem'], Grecians; patronymic of יָנָן:

וְיִנְּכְּוֹיְ [yōhnāhthāhn'], Jonathan; contracted from יְוֹכְּחָּן, q. v.

לְּחֶלֶּי [yōhsēhph'], Joseph; contracted from יְּהוֹטֶף, q. v.

יְלְּכְּבְּיָה [yōhsiph-yāh'], Josipiah; [whom] the Lord shall increase, enlarge. From Hiph, fut. of אָבָי to add, increase, and אין Jah,

ק'ק'ה [yōh-ngēhlāh'], Joelah; perhaps may He help. For יוֹמֵל (G.); or perhaps a contraction for יוֹמֵל may God help: from the Hiph. fut. of אָל and אַל

קל [yōh-ngēhd], Joed; the Lord [is] witness, contracted from יוֹ ביין, comp. the preceding compounds with יוֹ and יוֹ from דְּוֹין the Lord, אַ witness, comp. Appellatives.

יֹנְעֶּיֶנֶר [yōh-ngeh'zer], Joezer; the Lord [is his] help; contracted from עָיֵר comp. the preceding and עָיֵר help, among the Appellatives.

שׁלְקְׁי [yōh-ngāhsh'], Joash; the Lord is gathering together. For שַּלְּיוֹרְי, from לְּיוֹרְי the Lord and שׁלֵּ from יָּי the Lord and שֹלְ from יָּי in Joel iv. 11. in an intransitive, here perhaps in a transitive sense.

יוֹצְּדֶק [yōhtsāhdāhk'], Jozadak; contracted from יְוֹצְּדָק q.v.

יוֹקִים [yōkeem'], Jokim; contracted from יוֹקִים q. v.

יוֹרֶה [yōhrāh'], Jorah; early rain, i. q. יוֹרֶה Appellative.

עלק" [yōhrah'y], Jorai; may the Lord instruct [him]; contracted from אֹרָיוֹן: Hiph fut. of אַרִיוֹן: see Appellatives, and '_ the Lord; comp. יוֹרָיִי

יוֹרֶם [yōhrāhm'], Joram; contracted from יוֹרֶם q. v.

יוּשְׁב הְטֶּר (yooshāhv'kheh'sed), Jushab-hesed; grace is restored. יוּשָׁב Hoph. fut. of שׁנּה to return, הְטֶרּ kindness, grace.

וֹמְלְּהְרָּהְ [yōhshiv-yāh'], Josibiah; may the Lord cause [him] to dwell, i.e. safely, quietly. From יוֹשָׁיב Hiph. fut. of שִׁיב to dwell, and הַ the Lord.

יוֹשֶׁה [yōhshāh'], Joshah; perhaps existence. From the obsolete root יְשָׁר; comp. the following article.

ן (yōhshav-yāh'), Joshaviah; [whom] the Lord raises (G.). perhaps as Hiph. form of שְּלָי to stand, stand upright, exist, with הן the Lord.

יְלְּמֶּלְם [yōhshāphāht], Joshaphat ; contracted from בְּיִלְשָׁלְם q. v.

ייֹתְם [yōhthāhm'], Jotham; the Lord [is] perfect. For הוֹחָבוֹי, from הוֹחָם and הַם perfect, compare Appellatives.

ייייי [y'zoo- $\bar{e}hl'$], Kethib, for

יי ניאל [y'zee-ēhl'], Keri, Jeziel; assembly of God. יי from לה collated with the Arabic to come together (G.), and אל God.

רְּגְּיִי [yizziy-yāh'], Jeziah; may

the Lord besprinkle, i.e. purify [him]. Fut. of 마음 to sprinkle, and 파 the Lord.

יְיִי [yāhzeez'], Jaziz; he shall shine. Fut. of ייִן comp. איִין:

וְיֵבְיוֹ [y'zan-yāh'], Jezaniah; contracted from אַנְיוֹנְיוֹ

וֹלְיָהֶרּ [y'zan-yāh'hoo], id.

יְּוֹרֶת [yizrāhkh'], the Israhite; with the article היוֹרָת once (1 Chron. xxvii. 8) for the patronymic יַּלָּוְרָתוֹי

וֹיִרְיּחְיִי [yizrakh-yāh'], Jezrahiah; the Lord shall rise, i. e. shine forth (as the sun). Fut. of רוֹיִי to rise (as the sun) and רוֹיָ the Lord.

יוֹרִעְאל [yizr'ngēht], Jezreel; [which] God shall sow or plant. Fut. of יוֹרָ to sow, plant, and יוֹרָ God.

יְיִרְעֵּאלְיִי [yizr'ngēhlee'], Jezreelite; gentile noun of the same.

וֹרְעֵּאלְירוֹ [yizr'ngēhleeth'], Jezreelitess; feminine of the same.

יַחְהּוֹן [yakhdōh'], Jahdo; united, for

יְחִדִּיאֵל [yakhdee-ēhl], Jahdiel; may God make [him] to rejoice. Fut. of אָן to rejoice, and אָל God.

יְרֵיְהְיִהְ [yekh-d'yāh'hoo], Jehdeiah; may the Lord make [him] to rejoice; comp. the preceding.

[y'khav-ēhl'], Kethib for יְחַנְּהֵּל ; may God preserve [him] alive. For יְחַנְּה to live, in Piel to preserve alive.

אָר [yakhzee-ēhl], Jahziel; he shall behold God. Fut. of אָר נייִוּיִלְּל to see אָל God.

[yakhz-'yāh'], Jahaziah; he shall behold the Lord; comp. the preceding.

קְּלְּאָל [y'khezk'ēhl'], Ezekiel; may God strengthen [him]. This stands, according to Gesenius, for אַכִּלְּוּ Piel fut. of חַוַּלָּן to be strong, and אַל God.

יְהֶיְיְהָלְּהָר [y'khezkiy-yāh'hoo], id.

יחוֹרֶה [yakh-zēhrāh'], Jahzehrah; may he bring back. Hiph. of חזר, according to the Chaldee to go back.

קייני [y'khee-ēhl'], Jehiel; may God preserve [him] alive. For אָל יִריִּאֵל, Piel of דְיָר to live, and אַל God.

יְדִיאָּלְיּ, [y'khee-ēhlee'], Jehieli, better Jehielite; patronymic of the preceding.

יְחִיאֵל [y'khiy-yāh'], Jehiah ; may the Lord preserve [him] alive ; comp.

יַחְלָּאָל [yakhl'ēhl'], Jahleel; expectation of God, i.e. [a son] expected of God (S.). From יחל in Piel to wait, hope. According to Gesenius

for יְחֲלֶח אֵל [whom] God has made sick. From Hiph. of קָּהָ to be sick, and אֵל God.

ַיְחַלְּאֵלְי [yakhľēhlee'], Jahleelite ; patronymic of the same.

לְּחָבֵי [yakhmah'y], Jahmai; may the Lord keep or preserve [him]. Fut. of an obsolete מוֹני whence אָבוֹי a wall is derived, and 'the Lord; comp.

[whom] God does bestow, i. e. as a portion bestowed by God. Hiph. fut. of אָל to divide and אַל God.

ַיִּדְצֵּאֵלֵי [yakhts'ēhlee'], Jahzeelite; patronymic of the same.

יַחְצִּילָּל [yakhtsee-ēhl], Jahziel; i.q. יַחְצִילָּלְל [yakhtsee-in]

וֹתְיבֶר [yah'khath], Jahath; He shall take away. Apocopated form of Hiph. fut. הַּבְּיבוֹ from הַחְרָּה to take away. According to Gesenius unition; a contraction for הַבְּיבוֹי

קֹלְיֶּךְ [yotvāh'], Jotbah; goodness. From יְשַׁיִי to be good.

יֹלְקְלֶּךְ [yotvāhthāh'], Jotbathah ; id. with paragogic הוויים.

기술: [yoottāh'], Juttah; extended. Verbal of Hoph. fut. of 기약 (G.).

ק'יִר [y'toor'], Jetur; enclosure, village of Nomades, i. q. מִירָם, from an obsolete מיר to surround, according to the form קוֹר from הייי (G.).

יְרְבְּיֶר [y'khoonyāh'], Kethib for

יְבְלְיָת [y'kheel'yāh'], Kethib for

וְלֵין [yahkheen'], Jachin; may He establish [him]. Hiph. fut. of בוּלוּן compare Appellatives.

וְבִּיקי [yāhkheenee'], Jachnite; patronymic of the same.

ּיְכֶּלְיֶח [y'khol-yāh'], Kethib for

יְלְיְרוּ [y'khol-yāh'hoo], Jecholiah; [for whom] the Lord hath shewn himself mighty. From כֹל to be able, to prevail, and דוֹל the Lord.

יְבְבֶּיְה [y'khon-yāh'], Jeconiah; may the Lord establish [him]. For הילן בלן fut. of אום here in a transitive sense.

יְכְבֵּיְדְּתֹּנְ [y'khon-yāh'hoo], Kethib id.

וֹלְיֹן: [yāhlōhn'], Jalon; may he remain. Fut. of לילו to pass the night, also to abide, remain.

קימְיקְרוּ [g'meemāh'], Jemimah; dove; collated with the Arabic. Kromayer by Simonis.

ְרְמְיֹן [yāhmeen'], Jamin; the right or right hand, compare Appellatives.

יְבִּיבְי [yāhmeenee'], Jaminite; patronymic of the same.

יְמִינְי [y'meenee'], Jemini ; found elliptically for the patronymic יְמִינְי

אֹלֶלְיֵי [yimlāh'], Imla; He shall fill or fulfil. Fut. of אָלָי compare Appellatives.

ּיִמְלָח: [yimlāh'], Imlah; id.

לְּלְּהְ [yamlēhkh'], Jamlech; may He make [him] to reign. Hiph. fut. of קלף, to reign.

ֹרְיִלְיָנְי [yimnāh'], Imnah; felicity, collated with the Arabic (S.).

לְּבְּלֶּי [yimnāhng'], Imna; may He spare [him]. Fut. of אַבָּע to hold back, withhold,

יְמְרָהוֹ (gimrāh'], Imrah; rebellion (G.). From בָּרָה to be perverse, rebellious.

נְלְּוֹתַ [yāhnōh'ākh], Janoah; rest, quiet. From כּהֹת comp. Appellatives.

יְנְיִם [yāhnoom'], Keri; יְנְים [yāhneem'], Kethib; Janum; slumber. From נים to sleep, slumber.

וֹלְסְלֵּהְ: [yiskāh'], Iscah; covering. It has the form of אָבָי, but the signification of אַבְי or אַבְּי to cover (S.).

יְלְבֵּיְרְוּה [yismakh-yāh'hoo], Ismachiah; the Lord support [him]. From אין comp. Appellatives, and יוֹלְנָי the Lord.

Y프릿 [yangbēhts'], Jabez; who causeth pain. By transposition for 그렇다! Hiph. fut. of 그렇다, comp. 1 Chr. iv. 9, 10.

יֶעְדִּי [yengdōh'], Keri, יֶעְדִּי [yeng-

dah'y], Kethib, Iddo; once (2 Chr. ix. 29) for ידוֹ probably of the same signification, seasonable; comp. the verb

יְלֵילְּאָל [y'ngoo-ēhl'], Jeuel; treasure of God. From אָל collated with the Arabic to gather, preserve, (G.), and אַל God.

ץ [y'ngoots'], Jeuz; counsel. From איף to advise, like קרף from קרף.

יָנְעִיר [yāh-ngoor'], Kethib for יָנִיר יַנְיר.

ערשׁ [y'ngoosh'], Jeush; assembly. From לילד to come together; comp. צינערץ

קבייאל [yah-ngăzee-ēht], Jaaziel; may God console [him]. Hiph. fut. of יוֹבָּי, collated by Simonis with the Arabic ניי to be comforted, and אַל God.

יְפֵינִית [yah-ngăziy-yāh'], Jaaziah; may the Lord console [him]; compare the preceding.

יַעְזֵיִר (yah-ngăzēhr ֹן, יַעְזִיִר and יַנְעָזִיִר, [yangzēhr], Jazar; may He help [him]. Hiph. fut. of עָנַר compare Appellatives.

יִניאֵל [y'ngee-ēhl'], Jeiel; i.q.

יְקִיר [yāh-ngeer'], Jair; may He stir [him] up. Hiph. fut. of to be awake.

יִּקִישׁ (y'ngeesh'), Kethib for שֹׁיִשׁי.

לְלֵּבְּלְּן [yang-kāhn'], Jachan; afflicted. From an obsolete אַ prob. i. q. אַכָּר (G.).

יְשֶׁל [yāh-ngēhl'], Jael; wild hegoat, comp. Appellatives.

יַעַלְּהְ [yah-ngălāh'], Jaalah, i.q.

יִבְּלְהוֹ [yah-ngălāh'], Jaalah; wild she-goat, feminine of יָבִל q. v.

בְּלֶלְם [yang-lāhm'], Jaalam; may He hide, i. e. protect him. Hiph. fut. of סְלֵלָם, comp. Appellatives.

יַען see יַעַן זיַן.

יַלְבְיֵ [yangnah'y], Jaanai; may the Lord answer [him]. Fut. of אָנָה to answer, '_, comp. יַלְהַאַּיּ

בְּעֵלְהֵי, a few times also in Kethib בְּעֵלְהִי [yah-ngăkōhơ], Jacob; laying hold by the heel, supplanter. From בְּעֵלְ a heel, compare Gen. xxv. 26.

יַּצֵּלְבָּה [yah-ngặkōh'vāh], Jaakobah; id.

יַּעַקְּהָן [yah-ngăkāhn'], Jakan; he shall adorn. Fut. of אַרָּטְ i. q. קּבָּטְ to surround like a necklace (S.). Gesenius compares אַרָטְ with the Aramaic לַכְּטָ to wreathe, twist.

יַלְיְרֶה [yang-rāh'], Jarah; only once (I Chron. ix. 42.) for יְרוֹעָדָה:

קברי אוריבים [yah-ngărēh' ōhr'geem'], Jaare-oregim; only once 2 Sam. xxi. 19, for יְעִיר 1 Chron. xx. 5. Doubtless the woods of the weavers, but not suitable when compared with the latter passage.

יַבְּרֵילְיִין [yah-ngăresh-yāh'], Jaresiah; [whom] the Lord nourishes.

From Bar after the Syriac to fatten (G.) and The Lord.

יְבְּשָׁיִ [yah-ngăsāh'y], Jaasau (according to Kethib 'עשׁי); contracted from יְבָשָׁי (G.), the Lord does [it]. Fut. of יִבְּשָׁי to do, and יִּבְ the Lord.

יַבְּשִׂיאָל [yah-ngăsee-ēht], Jasiel; God does it, comp. the preceding.

וֹפְּדָּהָ: [yiphd'yāh'], Iphedeiah; the Lord redeem [him]. Fut. of לְּבָּי to redeem, and הֹיָ the Lord.

ip; and אוֹם; [yāhphōh'], Joppa; beauty. From חַבָּין to be beautiful.

יְפִּיעֵ [yāhphee'ăng], Japhia; shining. From יְפִיעַ; comp. Appellatives.

יַפְּלֵטְ [yaphlēht'], Japhlet; may He deliver [him]. Hiph. fut. of to escape.

יַפְּלֵמְי [yaphlēhtee'], Japhleti, better Japhletite; patronymic of the same.

지하는 [y'phoonneh'], Jephunneh; mag he be regarded with favor. Pual fut. of 지구한 to turn, turn one's eyes, look graciously.

רְּבֶּי [yeh'pheth], Japheth; enlargement, from לְּבְּי to be open, wide, in Hiph. to enlarge, compare Gen. ix. 27.

지주학 [yiphtāhkh'], Jephthah; may He free [him]. Fut. of 미끄章 to open, set free.

el; [which] the Lord openeth, comp. the preceding.

קיקי: [yits-hāhr'], Izhar; oil, comp. Appellatives.

יְצְּהָרְי [yits-hāhree'], Izeharite; patronymic of the same.

P무함. [yitskhāhk'], Isaac; he laugheth. Fut. of P마팅 to laugh, comp. Gen. xvii. 17, &c.

ገኋ. [$y\bar{e}h'tser$], Jezer; form, comp. Appellatives.

ֹיְצְיֵׁי [yitsree'], Jezerite; patronymic of the same.

יַלְבְּאָלְי. [g'kavts'ēhl], Jekabzeel; [which] God shall gather. Piel fut. of אַל to gather together, and אֵל God.

בּיְרָיָלְי [yok-d'ngāhm'], Jokdeam; burning of the people. אוֹלְיִילְי or אוֹלְיִילְי a burning, from אוֹלְיִילְי to kindle, burn, אוֹלְייִלְי people.

קָּהְה [yāhkeh'], Jakeh; pious. From מכור according to the Arabic to venerate, fear God, be pious (G.).

קורתיאֵל [y'koothee-ēhl'], Jekuthiel; godly piety, lit. piety of God. Compound of אָל piety, comp. the preceding, joined to אָל [God] by conjunctive.

기우 [yoktāhn'], Joktan; diminished. Verbal of the Hoph. fut. of 기약 to be small.

קְּלֶי, [yāhkeem'], Jakim; may He raise [him]. Hiph fut. of און to arise.

יְלַקְּלִי, [y'kam-yāh'], Jekamiah; [whom] the Lord gathereth. For אָרָהְי, Piel fut. of הְּבָּי according to the Arabic to gather (G.).

בּיְלְיִלְיִי [y'kam-ngāhm'], Jekameam; [who] gathereth the people. For בְּיִלְיִי (G.) Piel fut. of הַּיְלָי, comp. the preceding.

קמְלְּקְלֵּ [yokm'ngāhm'], Jokmeam; guthered of the people. Of Hoph fut. of מון, comp. the preceding, people.

קְּלְּלְּכְּיִ [yokn'ngāhm'], Jokneam; possessed of the people. For קַּלְבָּרָ , Hoph. fut. of קְלָנְ to possess, and שַׁצְּ people.

וְיָלְיִילְי [yokshāhn'], Jokshan ; fowler. From הַיִּי to lay snares.

subdued by God. For יְלְתְּשֶׁר (Hoph. of חַחָּהְ according to the Arabic to serve as a slave (G.).

וֹרְאָׁרִי. [yir-ōhn'], Iron; fearing [God]. From ין to fear, reverence.

יְרָאָּיְיה [yir-iy-yāh], Irijah; the Lord look upon [him]. Fut. of אָנָה to see, look upon, and היֹ the Lord.

יבי [yāhrēhv'], Jareb; only Hos. v. 13 and x. 6, perhaps more correctly rendered as an Appellative, as it is in the margin, [the king that] should plead. Fut. of

יַרְבְּעַל [yˈroobbah'-ngal], Jerubbaal; marg. (to Judg. vi. 32) Let Baal plead. For יָרֹב בַּעל, comp. Appellatives for בָּעל

קְבְּיִלְיּה [yāhrov-ngāhm'], Jeroboam; [whose] people is numerous. Fut. apoc. of בְּבָי to be numerous, many, and בְּיִ people.

יַרְבְּשֶׁעְת [y'roobbeh'sheth], Jerub-

besheth; let shame (i. e. the shameful idol) plead. Once (2 Sam.xi. 21) for מָשֶׁר, q. v. וְעָפַעל, shame, i. q. וְעָפַעל, comp. Appellatives.

[yeh'red], Jared, Jered; descent. From 11 to descend.

[yardēhn], Jordan; flowing down. From Ti to descend. According to Simonis, continual noise, murmuring. From III to make a bustling noise.

ירוּאָל [y'roo-ēhl'], Jeruel; founded by God. Part. pass. ירָ to cast, lay foundation, and אל God.

וֹרָתֹּה [yāhrōh'ákh], Jeroah; moon; i. q. Appellative יֵנְרֵחַ

ירושׁא, ירוּשׁא [y'rooshāh'], Jerusha, Jerushah; possessed. From participle pass. fem. יַרַשׁ to possess.

ירוּשָׁלַיִם [y'rooshāhlah'-yim]; only 2 Chron. xxxii. 9, Est. ii. 6, and according to some copies also I Chron. iii. 5, in all other places יְרוּשֶׁלַתִּ (in pause []], Jerusalem; possession of quietness, i.e. a quiet possession. For ירוש שׁלֵיִם from יַרוּשׁ שָׁלַיִם to possess, and dual of שָׁל quietness, שָׁלָה. But the correctness of this dual punctuation may fairly be questioned, since the dual only occurs in the abovementioned three passages out of 643 times of this word's occurrence. is most likely a later adopted Chaldee form (compare Hebrew ממרון and Chaldee שָׁבְרֵין) according to which it was pointed. In the Chaldee part of the Scriptures it is יְרוּשְׁלֶם and יִרוּשְׁלֶם All this would speak for the opinion that the D is radical, and with the vowels of שָׁלֵשׁ (comp. Gen. xiv. 18, and Ps. lxxvi. 3) signifies peace. Hence according to Saadia, house of peace, collated with the Arabic habitation, house, in the Hebrew literally founded, as a participle of

ירוּשְׁלֵם & יְרוּשְׁלֵם (y'rooshlēhm' & y'rooshlem'], Chald. Jerusalem; id.

רָבְיּ [yeh'rakh'], in pause רְבָּי,
Jerah; month, comp. Appellatives.

יֵבְרוּלוֹן (y'rēhkhōh'], Jericho; sweet odour. From יֵבִרוּלוֹן for

בְּיֹחְם [y'rōhkhāhm'], Jeroham; may he be loved. Pual fut. of נוס to love.

יַרַחְמָאֵל [y'rakhm'ēhl'], Jerahmeel; may God have compassion upon [him]. Compound of Piel fut. of דָרַם to pity, love, and אֵל God.

יַרַחְיְאֵלִי [y'rakhm'ēhlee'], Jerahmeelite; patronymic of the same.

[yarkhāhng'], Jarha; of uncertain signification, probably of Egyptian derivation, since it is the name of an Egyptian servant, 1 Chr. ii. 34, 35.

lished of God, for יְרִי אֵל; a passive form for יְרִי אֵל, comp. יְרִרּ, see also יְרִישְׁל, see

יְרֵיב [yāhreev'], Jarib; adversary. From יֹרֵי to contend, compare Ps. xxxv. 1.

יֵרִיבֵי [y'reevah'y], Jeribai; id. with the adjective termination '_ (G.).

וְרָבְּּחְ [y'riy-yāh']. Jerijah; estab-

lished of the Lord, for יְרִי , comp. יְרִי and יְרִיאֵל .

יִרְיּהְרוֹרְ [y'riy-yāh'hoo], Jeriah; id.

יִרִיקְוֹה (only once 1 Kin. xvi. 34.) and יִרִיקְוֹה [y'reekhōh'], Jericho; i.q.

יִרימְוֹת [y'reemōhth'], Jerimoth; elevations, high places, comp. יְרֵמוֹת

יֵרִימְוֹת [y'rehmōhth'], Jerimoth ; id.

יריקוֹת [y'ree-ngōhth'], Jerioth; curtains. Pl. of יריקה, comp. Appellatives.

יַרְקְוּת [yarmooth'], Jarmuth; elevation, high place. From יָרָם i.q. and יָרָם to be high (G.).

יֵבְקְיֹת: [y'rēhmōhth'], Jeremoth; elevations, high places, compare the preceding.

'בְּבִי' [y'rēhmah'y], Jeremai; inhabiting high places (G.). comp. the preceding, '_ an adjective form.

לְנְיֵיְהְ: [yirm'yāh'], Jeremiah; may the Lord establish [him]. Future of רְמָה i. q. Chaldee קֹם or יְבָּיִן to cast, set, place, and הן the Lord.

יִרְבִּיְהְוּ [yirm'yāh'hoo], Jeremiah; id.

וֹרְפְּאֵל [yirp'ehl'], Irpiel; may God heal [him]. Fut. of אָּבְי to heal, and אָל God.

שְּלֵייִ, [york'ngāhm'], Jorkoam; may the people spread themselves. Hoph. fut. of אַנְיִי to spread out, and שִי people.

יִשְּׁחֶקּ (juskhāhk'], Isaac; (i.q. מָּים from מָּים to laugh.

קשׁימָאָל [y'seemee-ēht], Jesimiel; may God establish [him]. Hiph. fut. of מוֹכּה to set, place, establish, and אָל God.

shall be a prince with God, Fut. of אוֹרָייִי. [yisrāh-ēhl'], Israel; he shall be a prince with God, Fut. of אוֹרָייִי to be a prince, shew one's self a prince. Others, to contend, struggle, hence this name, a wrestler with God comp. Gen. (xxxii. 24.) אוֹרָייִייִי God.

יִשְׂרָאֵלְי [yisr'ēhlee'], Israelite; a man of Israel; gentile noun of the same.

יִשְׂרְאֵלְיִית [yisr'ēhleeth'], Israelitish [woman], fem. of the same.

קְּיִשְׁיִּי [yissāhkhāhr'], Issachar; He [i.e. God] brings reward. Without regard to the points, אַשְׁיִי for אַשְׁי he beareth, fut. of אַשְׁי and אַשְׁי reward, compare Gen. xxx. 18. But according to the pointing, אַשְׁי he is hired, i. e. gotten by hire (as Niph. fut. of אַשְׁי), compare ver. 16.

기가 [yehshev-āhv'], Jeshebeab: seat of the father. From 그ঢ় to sit, dwell, and 그렇 father.

sat in the seat. This is according to some taken as a proper name, with the signification dwelling quietly, lit. dwelling in [his own] seat.

בְּלְבִּ תְּלֵבְי Kethib [yishbōhb'nōhv'] Ishbi-benob; whose seat is Nob. From אָלְי seat, with suffix, and בֹי with prefix.

וֹשְׁבִּי [yishbakh'], Ishbah; may he

יָשׁבְי [yāhshoovee'], Jashubite; patronymic of ישׁרָבּי

יִשְׁבִּי בְּנֶב [yishbee b'nōhv'], Keri, Ishbi benob; my seat is in Nob, comp.

קֹבֶּי (yāhshoovee' leh'khem],
Jashubilehem; may bread return (perhaps to me). Fut. of שׁב to return,
'. perhaps for '?, and בּיִּ bread.

בְּיֵלְיִהְ [yāhshov-ngāhm'], Jashobeam; the people shall return. Fut. apocopated of אונ to return, and שונ to return, and שונים people.

רְאָבְיּלְיּ [yishbāhk'], Ishbak; he shall leave: Fut. of בְּשָׁלָ in the Chaldee, to leave.

יְשִׁבְּקְשְׁה [yoshb'kāh'shāh], Joshbekashah; seek a dwelling. For מָבֶּב בְּקְשָׁה a dwelling, חְשָׁב בְּקְשָׁה imperative of בְּקִשׁ to seek, with ח paragogic.

באשר [yāhshoov'], Jashub; he shall return. Fut. of אול to return.

ישׁרָה [yishvāh'], Ishvah; likeness, similarity. From אָלָּי to be like, similar.

ייִר [y'shōhkhāh-yāh'], Jeshohaiah; the Lord boweth down, humbles. For ישׁנִי to bow, fut. of ישׁני to bow down, (trans.), and היי the Lord.

ישׁרְי [yishvee'], Ishui; like, similar. From אָשׁרָי to be like, similar. Also as a patronymic, English version, Jesuite.

יַשׁרְּעֵ [yēhshoo'ang], Jeshua; a contracted form for יְהוֹשִׁעַ, q. v.

يُّنِ" [yeeshah'y], Jesse; of doubtful signification. According to some, rich, from the obsolete المُنْتِة.

ישִׁיב [yāhsheev'], Jashub; he shall bring back, once (1 Chron. vii.1), in Kethib for שׁיֹני, q. v.

[yishshiy-yāh'], Ishiah (1 Chron. vii. 3), Jesiah (xxiii. 20) Isshiah (xxiv. 21), Ishijah (Ez. x. 31); [whom] the Lord lendeth. Fut. of שָּבָּי to lend, אוֹן the Lord.

אַן יִּשְׁיּגוּ [yishshiy-yāh'hoo], Jesiah; id.

שֵׁישׁי [y'sheeshah'y], Jeshishai; [born] of an old man (G.). From שישׁי an old man.

אַבְּיִייִי [yishmāh'], Ishma; desolation. From שַּׁיִי to be desolate.

קְּמֶאל [yishmāhngēht], Ishmael; God heareth. Fut. of אַטְשָׁ to hear and אַ God. Compare Gen. xvi. 11.

ישִׁקְעֵאּקְי [yishm'ngēhlee'], Ishmaelite; patronymic of the same.

יִשְׁמִלְיִה [yishmang-yāh'], Ishmaiah; [whom] the Lord heareth, or shall, may hear, compare יִשְׁמָצוֹּל.

ישׁמִיקיחוּ [yishmang-yāh'hoo], Ishmaiah; id.

ישְּבְרֵי [yishm'rah'y], Ishmerai; the Lord keep [him]. Fut. of שָׁמָר, and '_ the Lord, compare אַרְּוֹיַי,

ישֵׁן yāhshēhn'], Jashen; sleeping, asleep, compare Appellatives.

קְּשֶׁרְ [y'shāhnāh'], Jeshanah ; old. The fem. of שְׁרָ old, compare Appellatives.

יִשְׁקְי [yish-ngee'], Ishi; salutary. From שָׁשֶׁל , help, salvation (G).

יַשְׁלֵּיוֹת [y'shang-yāh'], Jeshaiah, Jesaiah; salvation of the Lord. From אֵי salvation and יוָ the Lord.

יַשׁׁלְיָרְהֹר [y'shang-yāh'hoo], Isaiah; id.

From an obsolete now to stand out, be higher.

וֹשְׁיֵּייִ: [yishpāhn'], Ishpan; eminent, compare the preceding.

יְּשֶׁרְ [yeh'sher], Jesher; uprightness. Compare Appellative

יַּשְׁרָאֵלְה [y'sharēh'lāh], Jesharelah; upright towards or with God. From אָל straight, upright, and אָל God with local ה

Part. pass. of print, righteous. Part. pass. of print, straight, right. The termination, it is, according to some, intensitive, hence very or most righteous, according to others diminutive, the little righteous [people], speaking of Israel. If this be the true meaning, the word righteous here, ought, perhaps, be taken in the sense of justified.

יְתִּיר [yatteer'], Jattir; eminent. From בְּתִי, compare the Chaldeeית very great, eminent.

יְתְלֵה (yithlāh'), Jethlah; may He exalt [him]. From תְּלָה according to the Chaldee to lift up, exalt.

יְרְיְבֶּוֹת [yithmāh], Ithmah; the being without a father, orphanhood (orbitas). From מוֹת fatherless, an orphan.

[yathnee-ēhl], Jathniel; [whom] God gives as a present. Hiph. fut. of הָבָה to give presents, and אֵל God.

וֹיִילְיִי: [yithnāhn'], Ithnan; given (G.), compare the preceding.

רֶּהֶ [yeh'ther], Jether; excellence or excellent, compare Appellatives.

יַהִּיר see יַהָּר

קיר [yithrāh'], Ithra; excellence. For יְּחָרָה, as an Appellative, abundance.

יְתְרָן (yithrōh'], Jethro; excellent. For יְתְרוֹן with the above signification, since it stands for יִתְרוֹן, compare

יֶּטֶׁרְ [yithree'], Ithrite; patronymic of יָּטֶרְיּ

וְרְתְּלֵי [yithrāhn'], Ithran; excellent. Probably i. q. וְלִילוֹי compare יִתְרוֹן.

בּיְרָיְלֵי [yithr'-ngāhm'], Ithream; abundance of people. From מֶּטֶר a-bundance, compare Appellatives, and שַּׁלְּיִם people.

רְיֵבְי [y'thēhth'], Jetheth; pin, tent-pin. For יְבֶּיבְי (S.), from יְבֶּיב, compare Appellatives.

ב

בּרְּיּל [kāhvool'], Cabul; received as a pledge [of friendship]. From

כבל, collated with the Arabic, i. q. to bind (S.), whence הֶבֶּל a cord, and הְבָּל a pledge. But Gesenius supposes it to be the same with בְּבוּל limit, border.

וֹבְשְׁ [kabbōhn'], Cabbon; band. From מְבֹב collated with the Talmudic to bind (S.). But Gesenius in Thes. compares it with the Syriac בנונא a cake, under the root בַּבַב

קּבֶּר [k'vāhr'], Chebar; greatness or might. Compare the verb בָּבר and adjective בַּבּר

קרְרָלְלְּמֶר [k'dorlāh-ngōh'mer], Chedorlaomer; handful of sheaves. From ככוו collated with the Arabic a handful, and שְׁמֵר a sheaf (S.).

בּוֹם [koov'], Chub; thorn (paliurus), collated with the Syriac (Hiller).

[koon'], Chun; stability. From compare Appellatives.

יַבְנְנְיָדוֹ [kōhnan-yah'hoo], Cononiah; [whom] the Lord has established. According to Kethib, from Piel of בְּנִיְדוֹרָ see

בּוֹר עְּשֵׁן [kōhr ngāhshāhn'], Chorashan; smoking furnace. ווֹם i. q. בוּה מוֹם a furnace, compare Appellatives.

and only twice, בּׁרֶשׁ [kōh'-resh], Cyrus; supposed to signify the sun, in the Persic (G.).

[koosh'], Cush, Ethiopia; terror. Collated with the Arabic and Chaldee (S.). According to some, multitude, assembly.

[kooshee'], Ethiopian, Cushi ;

gentile noun of the same, and also as a proper name, probably of the same signification with the preceding.

man; feminine of the preceding gentile noun.

עלים [kooshāhn']. Cushan; i. q. שׁלְּבְּיּ

kooshan rish-ngāh-thah'-yim], Chushan-rishathaim; per-haps Chushan of [the city] Rishathaim, double wickedness, i. e. great wickedness, as a dual of יִמְשָׁלָוֹיִם

קרח [kooth], Cuth; probably i. q. פרש

ጠርባው [koothāh'], Cuthah; id.

러그 [kōhzēhvāh'], Choziba; lying, false. Participle of 그것 to lie.

לְּלָּבְי [kozbee'], Cozbi; lying, false. Compare the preceding.

בְּיִּכֹ [k'zeev], Chezib; a lie. Compare the preceding.

לִּדֹ'ן [keedōhn'], Chidon; dart, or perhaps, destruction. Compare Appellatives.

רְּהְיּהְ [kiy-yoon], Chiun; statue. From לים to stand erect. For this form may, perhaps, be compared בְּּיוֹר from בְּּיִם, as also רְּבִּים, Piel. בְּּיִּם, compare Rabbinic בּיִּבּוֹר standing, existence.

בּלְאָב [kil-āhv'], Chileab; like unto the father. For בְּלְבָּל, to prevent the collision of double sh'va; at the beginning the two consonants form one syllable, compare

קָלְבְּ [kāhlēhv'], Caleb; rabid. Collated with the Arabic (G.). According to others, barker, compare Gesenius on the obsolete בַּלָבַי

תְּחֶקְאָּ בְּבֶּׁלְבּ [kāhlēhv - ephrāh'-thāh], Caleb-ephratah; perhaps, Caleb on the way to Ephrath, literally towards Ephrath. For the signification see the preceding, and מַּבָּלִבּ

בּלְיִי [kāhlibbee], of the house of Caleb; patronymic of בְּלֵים. Thus it is according to Keri in its only occurrence 1 Sam. xxv. 3, but if the Kethib be correct, it may be taken as an Appellative, (אַחַרַיִּן) and he was בּלְיִים according to his own heart, i. e. his (Nabal's) actions were regulated by the impulse of his wicked heart, and not by the law of God.

בְּלְּבָּ [k'loov'], Chelub; cage or basket. Compare Appellatives.

קלהבי [k'loovāh'y], Chelubai; once (1 Chr. ii. 9), for בָּבָּי, probably of the same signification.

פְלְּרְהֵי [k'looh'hoo], Keri, פְלְרְּהַרּ [k'loohah'y] Kethib, Chelluh; in neither case is the signification evident.

[keh'lakh], only found in pause [kāh'lakh], Calah; perfection or old age. Compare Apellatives.

[kol khōhzeh'], Col-hozeh; פְלֹדחֹוֶןה participle of תַּוֹה to see.

וְיִּוֹן [kilyōhn'], Chilion; a pining. Compare Appellatives.

בַּלְבְּׁל [kalkōhl'], Calcol; susten-

ance, from בּּלְכֵּל, in Piel בּּלְבֵּל to sustain.

נְלֶל [k'lāhl'], Chelal; completeness. From בָּלֵל to be complete.

קֹמְד [kilmad'], Chilmad; of doubtful signification.

בּלְבֵּה ,פַּלְבֵּה [kalnēh'], Calneh ; and בּלְבוּה [kalnōh], Calno ; id.

[kimhāhm'], Chimham; longing. From בְּמָה comp. Ps. lxiii. 2.

וֹקְיּבְיּהָ [kimhāhn'], Chimhan; id.

שׁמְלֹיִי [k'mōhsh], Chemosh; probably subduer, vanquisher. From שַּבְּי i. q. שֹבְיּ to subdue (G.).

קׁמִישׁ [k'meesh], once (Jer. xlviii. 7), in Kethib for the preceding.

בַּבְּה [kannēh'], Canneh; supposed to be a contraction of בַּבָּה.

יַכְבְיָתוּ [kon-yāh'hoo], Coniah; abbreviated from יָכְבִיְתוּ, by dropping the ', see יָכְבִיְתוּ

[k'nāh'nee], Chenani; He (God) has established me. For בְּנְבָּיִי to prevent the concurrence of three Nuns, from לְבַיִּ (only according to the derivatives) to establish, compare לְבִינִי from לְבִין. Or this may merely be an abbreviation of the following.

[whom] the Lord has established. From לְבַּנְיִי to establish (compare נְבָּנְיִי and הֹיִ the Lord.

לְבְנֵיְהְהֹּ [k'nan-yāh'hoo], Chenaniah; id.

in Keri, Cononiah, (the English version here reading with Kethib, see לוֹבַנְיֶרוּה, id.

וֹבְלַעֵּי [k'nah'-ngan], Canaan; humiliation. From בָּבְּע to be low.

בְּלֵכְקְהְ [k'nāh-ngănah'], Chenaan-ah; id.

קְבַּעְבִי [k'nāh-ngănee], Canaanite; gentile noun of בְּנַעַנִי

בְּבְעֵבְית [k'nāh-ngăneeth'], Canaanitess, Canaanitish woman; feminine of the preceding.

בּּבְּרְוֹת [kinn'rōhth'], Chinneroth; plural of the following.

בְּרֵרת [kinneh'reth], Chinnereth ; harp, i. q. Appellative פֿפֿוֹר

ים פַּמִיּדִי q. v.

קְּמִיל [k'seel'], Chesil; perhaps i.q. Appellative בֶּטֶל confidence, hope.

לְּכֶּלֵן [kislēv'], Chislev; torpor Collated with the Arabic (S.).

בְּּלֵוֹן (kislōhn'], Chislon; confidence, hope, compare Appellative פָּלֶּ

לְּכְּלְוֹן [k'sāhlōhn'], Chesalon ; id.

רְּכְּלְוֹת [k'soollohth'], Chesulloth; hopes, compare the preceding.

נְּמְלֶחְים [kaslookheem'], Casluhim ; of obscure signification.

בְּקְלִת־הָּקְבְּוֹר [kislōhth tāhvōhr'], Kisloth-Tabor; confidence of Tabor, compare בְּסִלוֹן, see also אָרָפָּיִייּ [kāhsiph-yāh'], Casiphia; the signification of this word is not evident.

פְּפִירֶה [k'pheerāh'], Chephirah ; probably i. q. פָּפָּ village.

בְּבֵּר הְעְמּוֹרְי [k'phar hāh-ngām-mōhnee'], Kethib Chephar-haammonia; village of the Ammonites. From בְּבָּר Ammonites. From בְּבָּר Ammonites. From בְּבָּר מוֹנִי The reading according to Keri is הְעַמוֹנִי [hah-ngam-mohnah], probably population. The English version reads with the vowels of Keri and the letters of Kethib.

בְּפְּתְּוֹר [kaphtōhr'], Caphtor; knob or pomegranate. Compare Appellative.

בּקְהֹרֶים [kaphtōhreem'], Caphtorims; gentile noun of the same.

בְּרָנֹב [k'roov'], Cherub; cherub, compare Appellatives.

בְּרִית [k'reeth], Cherith; a cutting, separation. From בְּרַת to cut.

בּרְבְּקְשׁׁׁׁשׁ [kark'meesh'], Carchemish; fortress of retreat or refuge. From בּישׁׁ in the Chaldee fortress, and בִּישׁׁ in the Chaldee fortress, and בּישׁׁׁי in the Chaldee fortress, and בּישׁׁי in the Chaldee fortress, and בּיבּישׁׁי in the Chaldee fortress, and בּיבִּישׁׁי is taken as the name of a man, compare בּישׁיִּשׁיּי

בְּרַבְּל [karkas'], Carcas; eagle. According to the Persic (S.).

בְּרְלִי [karmee'], Carmi; vine-dresser. From יוה vine-yard, compare Appellatives.

בְּרְמֶל [karmel'], Carmel; fruitful place, vine-yard, or field, compare Appellatives.

בְּרָמְלְיִי [karm'lee'], Carmelite; gentile noun of the same.

בּרְמִלְית [karm'leeth'], Carmelitess; feminine of the preceding.

וֹתְיּיִ [k'rāhn'], Cheran; harp. Collated with the Arabic (G.).

שׁרֶשׁ occurs only in this form twice, Est. i. l, 2, otherwise שוֹרֶשׁ which see.

בּרְשְׁלֵבְ [karsh' nāh'], Carshenah; collated with the Persic, some suppose it to mean shining, illustrious, compare מוֹרָם, others, pillaging of war, i. e. spoiler.

gentile noun, perhaps from some place פָּרֵת or פָּרֵת (a cutting off, from פָּרֵת ocut off).

רְּשֶׁבְּי [keh'sed], Chesed; increase. Collated with the Arabic (S.).

בְּשִׂרְי [kasdee'], and Chaldee בַּשִׂרְי [kasdah'y], Chaldean; gentile name of the preceding.

בּהִיִּים [kitteem'], and בּהִיים [kittiy - yeem'], Kittim, Chittim; perhaps, better Chittites, as in Latin Chittæi; gentile noun of some unknown ת, a beating or breaking pieces, from no to beat, break in pieces.

קליש [kithleesh'], Kithlish; wall of man. Contracted from אִישׁ in Chaldee, and בּתְלִישׁ wall, and man (G.).

5

קר [lōhd'văhr'], Lo-debar; no-pasture, אֹל חָלּ, pasture, i. q. Appellative קּבֶּר, compare מְדָבָּר, compare a desert, properly, a large place whither cattle is driven for pasture.

רְאָּה [lēh-āh'], Leah; wearied. From לְּאָה to be wearied.

לְאֵל [lāh-ēhl'], Lael; of God. אֵל [dōd, with prefix ל

people, nations. Plural of אַמְים compare Appellatives.

אַ עַבּוּץ [lōh-ngammee'], not my people Hos. i. 9, &c.; compare Appellatives.

רְּאֶרְהְתְּכְה [lōh-rookhāh'māh], Loruhamah; marg. not having obtained mercy. רְחָכָּה Pual pret. of רָחַבָּר

רְבְּאָוֹת [l'vāh-ōhth'], Lebaoth; lions. compare Appellatives.

יְבוֹאָחְ [l'vōhnāh'], Lebonah; frankincense. Compare Appellatives.

[loobheem'], Libyans; once לוּבִּים (Dan. xi. 43), for לְּבִּים, q. v.

וֹלְכָּ [lāhvāhn'], Laban; white. Compare Appellatives.

and יְבְּכָּא [l'vāhnāh], Lebanan, Lebanah; moon. Compare Appellatives.

לְבְּכָּף [livnāh'], Libnah; whiteness. Compare Appellatives.

לְבְּנְוֹן [l'vāhnōhn'], Lebanon; the

white one, i. e. white mountain, snow mountain. From 17? white.

לְבְיִי [livnee'], Libni, Libnite; white, compare the preceding.

ד'י [lohd], Lod; birth, nativity, for ד'י from ליי to bear, bring forth. According to Gesenius, strife, quarrel, from an Arabic root ד'י to strive.

פרנוֹף [l'hāhveem'], Lehabim; gentile noun, in the plural Lehabites, of the singular לְחָבִי from לַחָב' burning flame. Supposed to be the same with בּוֹבּרׁם 'לִּבְּרֹם'.

לְּכֵּיך [lah'had], Lahad; oppression. Collated with the Arabic (G.).

a gentile noun, in the plural Lubites (Libyans), of the singular לוּבִּי from לוּבִי thirst, drought, collated with the Arabic verb to thirst (S.).

לְּהְּדְ [lood], Lud, Lydia; born, for יְלַהְּדְ, from יְלֵב to bear, bring forth.

לוֹ דְבֶּר [lōh-d'vāhr'], Lo-debar; stands 2 Sam. ix. 4, 5, for לא דְבָר Sam. xvii. 27.

[loohdeem'], Ludim; gentile noun of לרּדִים.

الإنجاز [looz,] Luz; almond-tree, compare Appellatives.

הקים [lookhooth'] Kethib, and להקים [lookheeth'], Luhith; boarded, floored, from tablet, table.

לוֹהֵשְׁׁׁׁׁׁׁ [lohkhēhsh'], Halohesh; only occurring with article יו the en-

chanter. Participle of לְּחַלֹּי, compare Appellatives.

לוֹט [lōht], Lot; covering, protection, from לרכי to wrap, cover.

לוֹמְן [lōhiāhn'], Lotan; id.

adhesion, from to join oneself to, adhere to, compare Gen. xxix. 34, where the margin reads joined. In the singular and plural used as a patronymic.

בֹּנְייֵאְ [lēhvāh-yēh'], Levites; the Chaldee plural of the preceding.

לויש [loosh], Laish; once (2 Sam. iii. 15), for שיל, q. v.

לְּדְיׁ [l'khee'], occurs only in pause [leh'khee], Lehi; jaw-bone. Compare Appellatives, and Jud. xv.17.

לְחַבְי [lakhmee'], Lahmi; fighter, from לְחַבּ to fight, war.

בְּחְלֵחְ [lakhmāhs'], Lahmam (according to the reading of some MSS.); of violence, i. e. place of violence. בקר i. q. Appellative בְּקָר, with prefix ל

קביים [l'toosheem'], Letushim, a gentile noun in the plural, of the singular שָׁמוּל, as a participle passive of לְטִישׁ to sharpen, hence sharpened.

שׁלֵי: [lah'-yish], Laish; lion, compare Appellatives.

קַבָּי [lēhkhāh'], Lecah; a going, journey, for יְלֵנְ from זְלָ, דֹע to go, compare בְּאָרו from אָדָי, האָב from אָדָי

לכילי [lāhkeesh'], Lachish; the obstinate, i. e. impregnable, collated with the Arabic (G.).

ק [l'mōh-ēhl'], Lemuel; of God, i. q. לָאֵל, being a poetic form for יל

לְמרּאֵל [l'moo-ēhl'], Lemuel; id.

קֹּבֶּוֹ [leh'mekh], Lemech, (in pause) Lamech; strong, collated with the Arabic (S.).

לְּלְנֶהְ [lang-dāh'], Laadah; for an ornament, for קֿבָר, דְּלָבָה i. q. Appellative קַבִּי But according to Gesenius, collated with the Arabic order.

וֹלְלְּדְּהְ [lang-dāhn'], Laadan; perhaps, id. According to Gesenius, put in order, compare the preceding.

לְפִּידְוֹת [lappeedōhth'], Lapidoth; torches, i. q. Appellative לְפִּידִ.

ান্ট [lakkoom'], Lakum; obstruction of the way, collated with the Arabic (S.).

לְחֵרֶי [lik-khee'], Likhi; attractive. From לְחַרָּי to take.

בּשֵּׁיבֶ [leh'shem], Leshem; Ligure, the name of a gem, or according to Castell, Jacinth. Compare Appellatives.

שְׁלֵי [leh'shang], only in pause שִּלְי ְׁבָּי [lah'shang], Lasha; a chasm in the earth. Compare Gesenius under the obsolete root שָׁלֵי.

2

רְּבְּאָ [$m\bar{e}h$ - $\bar{a}h'$], Meah; hundred. Compare Appellatives.

רֶּבְּרֶן [mivkhāhr'], Mibhar; the choicest. Compare Appellatives.

שְׁבְּבֵּי [m'voonnahy'], Mebunai; built up, i. e. made prosperous, and perhaps, of the Lord, if בי expresses Lord; compare בְּבָּה. Pual participle of בָּבָּה to build.

경우 [mivtsāhr'], Mibzar; fortress. Compare Appellatives, and Jer. vi. 27.

odour. From בָּבְשֶׂם fragrance, spicery.

gathering. Hiph. participle of בּבְּלֹים in the Chaldee to gather.

בּגְּדְּיֹל ,מִגְדְּיֹל (*migdōhl'*], Migdol ; tower, i. q. Appellative בּגָּדִיל.

מְגְּדְּוֹן [m'giddōn], Megiddon; i. q.

מְרָדִּיאֵל [magdee-ēhl'], Magdiel; precious of God. Compound of אֵל something precious, excellent, and אֵל God, compare Appellatives.

קּבְּדֵּל־אֵל [migdal-ēhl'], Migdal-el; tower of God, compare Appellatives.

קבול־גָּך [migdal-gahd], Migdal-gad; tower of Gad, compare Appellatives, and קבוליגן proper name.

migdal-ngēh'der], tower of Edar; tower of the flock. Compare Appellatives.

קְנְוֹנ [māhgōhg'], Magog; extension, or, augmentation (S.). Compare אוֹב.

קלְר מְּּסְבְּיכ [māhgōhr missāhveev'], Magor-missabib; marg. (Jer. xx. 3) fear round about. Compare Appellatives.

שׁלֵיבֶּי [magpee-ngāhsh'], Magpiash; great gathering, or, assembly. Simonis supposes this word to be a contraction of שַבְּבְּילִי i.q. שַבְּבְּילִי above, a gathering, and שׁלָּבְּילִי id. from שֹלְּשׁ to come together; but Gesenius, mothkiller, as it were שַבְּילִי from אָבְילַ ito smite, and שׁלָּבְ a moth. Compare Appellatives.

קבר [mig-röhn], Migron; precipice. From בְּבָר to cast, Chaldee מְבָר to cast down.

תְּבְּיִּלְיִ [māhdāh-āh'], Median; Chaldee gentile noun in the emphatic state; in Keri, of יוֹבְיּ.

וְלְיְלְי [māhdōhn'], Madon; contention, from און to contend. Compare Appellatives.

ֹבְיֵי [māhdǎhy'], Madai, Media, Medes; supposed to mean middle, midst.

'T' [māhdee'], Mede; gentile noun of the same.

וְרְיִי [mid-yāhn'], Midian, Midianite; strife, contention. Comp. Appellatives.

קרין [middeen], Middin; measures. From the sing. זב, root דוב to measure.

קְרָנְיְ [mid-yāhnee'], Midianite; gentile noun of יְרָנְיָ.

תְּיְבְיִר [mid-yāhneeth'], Midianitish woman; fem. of the preceding.

מְדְמֶּלְ [madmēhn'], Madmen; dunghill, i. q. מַּדְמֵלָה.

קֹרְמֵנְה [madmēhnāh'], Madmenah; dung-hill. Compare Appellatives.

מַרְמַכֶּּרוֹ [madmannāh'], Madmannah; id.

קְּדֶרְ [m'dāhn'], Medan; contention. Compare Appellatives.

לְּדָנְי [m'dāhnee'], Midianite; i. q. פְּדָנָי.

אָרֶרְיָּרְ [m'dāhth'āh], Hammedatha; it occurs only in the form אָרְדָשְׁרַיּר, the in being considered radical (not the article) twin-brother (geminus), collated with the Persic (S).

קמולקון. A Chaldee form, from the root וְשֵׁלֵי ; compare בְּיִישָׁ (Dan. vi. 5) faithful, as a Part. Aph.

של היים [m'hēhtav-ēht'], Mehetabel, Mehetabeel; God is the benefactor. From בְּיִים Hiph. Part. according to the Chaldee form of בּיִים to be good; in Hiph. to do good, and אַ God.

leel; praise of God. Compound of אָל praise, from אָל, and אָל God. Compare Appellatives.

קְרֵיְ [mah-hărah'y], Maharai; swift. From קהַל to hasten.

בּוֹר שָׁלֵל הָשׁ בְּּוֹ [mah-hēhr' shāh-lāhl' khāhsh bāhz'], Maher-shalal-hash-baz (marg. in making speed to the spoil, he hasteneth the prey).

בּאָנֹם [mōh-āhv'], Moab; the coming in (lying with) of the father. Contracted from אָל אַלָּם, the former as derived from אוֹב to come in.

מוֹאָבְי [mōh-āhvee'], Moabite; gentile noun of the same.

מֹוֹאֲבֹתֶּה [mōh-ăviy-yāh'], Moabitess; feminine of the preceding.

מוֹאָבְית [mōh-āhveeth'], Moabitess; id.

מוֹלֶדְת [mōhlāhdāh'], Moladah; birth, origin. From לֵלֵי to bear, bring forth.

מוֹלְיִד [mōhleed'], Molid; begetter, sire (genitor). From Hiph. participial form of לְיֵל to bear, bring forth.

מְמִּלְכֶּן [mōhm'khāhn'], Kethib for

מוֹמֵרְה [mōhsēhrāh'], Mosera; band. From פְּאָל to bind. In the plural [mōhsēhrōhth], Moseroth; bands.

מיפַעת (moophah'-ngath), in Kethib for מיפַעת.

সমুগত [mōhtsāh'], Moza; fountain. From সমুণ to come forth. Compare Appellatives.

מֹרֶה [mōhreh'], Moreh; archer. Hiphil form of יָרָה to throw, shoot.

מֹרְנָת see מוֹרְנָת.

רבי היים [möhreh'sheth gath], Moresheth-gath; possession of Gath. מֹנְרְשֶׁׁת from יבי to take possession of, and compare Appellative בוּרָבּיּ

מוֹרַשְׁהְּי [mōhrashtee'], Morasthite; gentile noun of the preceding.

שָּלְי [mooshee'], Mushi, Mushite; yielding. From אָלוֹם to give way, yield. As a p.n. and patronymic of the same. It is once (1 Chr. vi. 4) found אָלִים [mushshee'].

TIP [mizzāh'], Mizzah; fear. From TIP in the Chaldee, i. q. DDP to melt, be faint-hearted, fear.

קרוּיָאֵל [m'khoo-yāh-ēhl'], Mehujael; smitten of God. מְרוּיִי as Participle passive in the construct state of יוֹרָי i. q. אָרָה to strike, smite, and God. Compare בְּרוֹיִי, מִּיִּהְיִּהְלּ

מתונים [mahkhaveem], Mahavite; a gentile noun, only occurring 1 Chr. xi. 4. According to Simonis from place of assembly, from the Arabic יום to gather together; from which also יום a village, is derived. But the plural form in this passage cannot easily be accounted for.

ליְחִיׁל [māhkhōhť], Mahol; dancing.

From to dance. Compare Appellatives.

בּחוֹיִייְם [makhzee-ōhth'], Mahazioth; vision. From הַּהָּ to see.

קְּחִייְדָּה [m'kheedāh'], Mehida; junction. From האר collated with the Syriac to join (S.).

jael; smitten of God, i. q. קרוליאל for which it stands, the form שווי being a Chaldee Part. pass. form.

קיר [m'kheer'], Mehir; price. Compare Appellatives.

תְּחֶלֶת [makh-lāh'], Mahlah; sickness, i. q. Appellatives בַּחָלָת.

ולָם [makh-lohn'], Mahlon; sick. From בְּחַלְּוֹן to be in pain, be sick.

מְחָלֵי [makhlee'], Mahali, Mahli, Mahli, Mahlites; id.

לְּחֲלֵה [mah-khălath'], Mahalath; lute, guitar. Thus Gesenius renders this word, Ps. liii. I and lxxxviii. I, by a collation with the Æthiopic.

אָבֵל מְחֹלֶח [m'khōhlāhthee'], Meholathite; gentile noun of מְחְלֶּתְעּ

וְתְּילִיתְ [mahkhănēh' dāhn'], Mahaneh-dan; camp of Dan. Compare Appellatives and p. n. זֹן.

בּוֹחֲבְיֵחְ [mahkhănah'-yim], Mahanaim; marg. two hosts (Gen. xxxii. 2), better two camps. Dual of בּוֹחֲבָּי a camp.

מַחְמֵּח [makhsēh-yāh'], Maaseiah; [whose] refuge is the Lord. מַחְמֵּח refuge, from TON to take refuge, shelter, and To the Lord.

מתום [mah'khath], Mahath; taking, grasping. Apoc. from הַּהְיָם Hiph. part. of הַּהְיִם to take, seize.

בְּלְיִבְרָ [mat-rēhd], Matred; prc-peller, driver. Hiph. Part. of בְּלִבּר i. q. Chaldee בְּלֵב to thrust, drive.

בְּקְרָי [mat-ree'], Matri; perhaps better Matrite, as a patronymic of an unknown person בְּשָׁר; probably i. q. בְּשָׂר rain.

지기의 [mēh-d'vāh'], Medeba; water of quiet. From '의 construct state of 미인 water, and 원구기 collated with the Arabic to rest, be quiet (S.).

ביְדֶר [mēhdāhd'], Medad; love. From און: i. q. און to love.

שְׁלֵינְ [mēh' zāh-hāhv'], Mezahab; water of gold, or, gold water. בּׁיִ const. בּיִנְ and בְּיִנְ gold. Compare Appellatives.

מי תיירוון [mēh' hay-yarkōhn'], Mejarkon; water of greenness, or, greenwater. "בְּ, compare the preceding, and i. q. Appellative יַרְהוֹן: but which latter more refers to the greenyellowish colour, compare Appellatives.

אָרֶיְבְ [meekhāh'], Micha; for מִיכְּר (compare 2 Sa. ix. 12, with 1 Chr. viii. 34), and as a contraction from מִיכָיָר (compare Neh. xi. 17, 22, with xii. 35) who (is) like the Lord.

קיכָאֵל [meekhāh-ēhl'], Michael; who (is) like unto God? Compound of אָאל, as God, compare מִיכָּוָת.

קיק [meekhāh], Micah; who (is) like unto the Lord? Contraction from מִיכְיָת (compare 2 Chron. xxxiv. 20 with 2 Kings xxii. 12), which see; compare also אָיִרָּה.

תרק" [meekhāh-yāh'], Michaiah; who (is) like unto the Lord? From אָם who, and אַבְּי as the Lord; for which form compare אָבְיבָּי, which favours this signification, so that all the preceding forms may rightly be considered contractions from this, as the references under each prove them to have been used indiscriminately; and see also אַבְיבָּי.

קיבירה [meekhāh-y'hoo'], Micaiah, Micah; id., but more fully of יהורה.

קיכָל [meekhal'], Michal; brook, i. q. Appellative מִיכֵל.

תְּלֶּמְי [miy-yāhmeen'], Mijamin, Miamin; at the right, i. e. the most cherished. Compare Appellative יָמִי the right.

קביקה [mēh' m'reevāh'], water of Meribah; waters of contention or strife. Perhaps the whole may be best taken as a proper name, Me-meribah. בְיב const. state of בִיב water, יב נסחל to contention, from לבי ל מון מון מון ליבות to content (so also the plural).

בּי נְבְּּהְוֹת [mēh' nephtōh'ākh], the waters of Nephtoah; waters of opening, i.e. waters flowing freely. Perhaps the whole may be better taken as a proper name, Me-nephtoah. בְּלִּתְּלוֹת from בְּלִתְּלוֹת to open.

קיפְעַרוֹ [mēhphah'ngath], Mephaath; splendour, beauty, from מֶיפְעַרוֹ to shine.

אַשְׁיֹבֶ [mēhshāh'], Mesha; retreat. From Hiph. of ים to depart.

מִיכָיִה [meeshāh-ēhl'], Mishael; who (is) what God (is). Compound of אָל who, שָׁ that, what, abbreviated from and מִיכָאָל.

קוֹלֵים [mēhshakh'], Meshach; nimble, swift. Collated with the Arabic. The king's guest, collated with the Persic (Lorsbach quoted by Gesenius).

אם (mēhshāhng'), Mesha; help, deliverance. From the Hiph. of שֵׁישֶׁר to help, deliver.

אֶבְבֶּבְי [makhbēhnāh], Machbena; band, i. q. מוֹבְי q. v. According to Gesenius (in Thes.), a cloak; from the Syriac בין to gird round, to put on, אַבְבִי girdle, vestment; Talmudic בַּבְּינָ thin cloak.

מַבְּבְיּבְ [makhbannah'y], Machbanai; doubtless allied in signification with the preceding. Gesenius (in Thes.) proposes, having on a cloak; but is himself undecided about it.

מְבְיר [māhkheer'], Machir; sold. Passive form of כְּב to sell.

קְבִירְי [māhkheeree'], "of Machir." Patronymic of the same.

DDDD [mikhmāhs], Michmas; hid treasure, or, perhaps, a hiding-place. From DDD to lay up, hide away.

שֹבְקְשׁ & מְבְקְשׁ [mikhmāhsh'], Mich-

mash; id. Compare Ezr. ii. 27 with Neh. vii. 31.

תוֹלְתְאָם [mikhm'thāhth'], Michmethah; hiding-place, i. q. מוֹל in the Arabic to hide (S.); whence the Hebrew קבְּל gold, probably what is hidden, laid up.

שְׁבְּנַדְבְי [makhnadvah'y], Machnadebai; what (is) like the liberal? Contracted for בְּנַדְבִי אָם הְּבָּוֹבְי שִׁה בְּנִדְבִי what, and בְּנַדְבִי liberal, compare Appellatives. Some copies read מַבְּנַדְבִי with compensative Dagesh in ⊃, compare בַּנָּדִבִּי

קבֹרֶן [m'khōhnāh'], Mekonah [better, Mechonah]; foundation. From אָבוֹרָהָ, compare Appellative בּוֹלָם, of which this is written defectively.

קבּבְּלְתּ [makhpēhlāh'], Machpelah; a doubling. From בְּבָּלִים to double.

קבר (G.), מְבְרָלְ (mikhree'], Michri; price of the Lord. For מָבֶר, (G.), בְּבָר, price (compare Num. xx. 19) and היי the Lord.

ימברית [m'khēhrāhthee'], Mecherathite; gentile noun from מברית (perhaps a mine, from to dig), the name of some unknown place.

ter, Machtesh]; a mortar, from בְּׁכְתֵּשׁ Compare Appellatives.

מַלְּאָכִי [mal-āhkhee'], Malachi; messenger of the Lord. For מַלְאָכִי, from מַלְאָבִי messenger, and הֹי, the Lord.

מְבֵּילְתְ [millöh], Millo; mound, rampart. From בְּלֵילְ to fill, and be filled. From its being filled up with stones and earth, in the Chaldee מְלֵילִי (S.).

קלף [mallookh'], Malluch; reigning, or, counsellor. From קלף to reign, or i.q. Syriac קלף (G.), compare Chaldee קלף to counsel.

מְלּרְכְי [m'lookhee'], Kethib for מְלִיכוּ, probably id.

fulness. For מָלוֹּתְי, from the Piel Infinitive of מְלֵהׁן to fill, and be filled.

קלְמְן [m'lat-yāh'], Melatiah; [whom] the Lord delivers. Pret. of to deliver, and הן the Lord.

מְלִיכְרּ [m'leekhoo'], Melicu; probably i.q. מַלּוּהָ.

קֹלְנוֹת [meh'lekh], Melech; King. Compare Appellatives.

קֹבֶּיף [mōh'lekh], Moloch; id., according to the Syriac dialect.

קלְבֶּה [milkāh'] Milcah; queen, i.q. Appellative בְּלְבָּה, or counsel, from the Chaldee קֹלְ to counsel, compare מָלָבָּה.

[malkee-ēhl], Malchiel; king of God, or God (is) King. From אֵל king, and אֵל God, with '. conjunctive between the two nouns.

בְיִבְיּאֵלְי [malkee-ēhlee'], Malchielite; patronymic of the preceding.

תְּבֶּלְתָּהְ [malkiy-yāh'], Malchiah, Malchijah; king of the Lord, or, the Lord (is) King. From מַלְלָּהָה and הֹי, the Lord, compare בַּלְלָּהָה.

מֵלְכֵּיְהוּ [malkiy-yāh'hoo], id.

מַלְבִּיצֵדֶק [malkee tzeh'dek], Mel-

chizedek; King of righteousness. From 기구부 king, and P그렇 righteousness.

בּירֶם [malkeerāhm], Malchiram; king of exaltation. From מֶלֶתּ king, and בין exaltation, from to be high.

קים [malkee-shoo'ang], Melchi-shua; king of help. From בָּלְפִּישׁרִּשְ for מֵלְפִּר אוֹף help, from מֵלְפִּר to help, deliver.

בּלְבָּכוּ [malkāhm'], Malcham, and בּלְבָּוּה [milkohm], Milcom; i.q. קלְבָּוּ [milkohm], Milcom; i.q. קלְבָּוּ [milkohm], with affixed ב and ב ; according to some, expressing intensity; hence great king.

מֹכֶּכֶּם [mōhleh'keth], Hammoleketh (according as it occurs with the article ביי); queen. Strictly Part. fem. of ליים to reign.

קללי [mee-lălah'y], Milalai; eloquent (G.), from קלל to speak.

וְמְשְׁרְבֶּי [m'mookhāhn'], Memucan; it is compared with an Arabic root ושמו to be able (S.); hence, having power, authority.

אֹבְיִבְיּבְ [mamrēh], Mamre; perhaps, fatness, from אום, collated with the Arabic to be full, well fed (G.).

קלוֹת [māhnōh'ākh], Manoah ; rest, quiet. From לוכ to rest. Compare Appellatives.

בְּבְּבִי [m'nah-khēhm'], Menahem; comforter. Piel part. of סְבָּוֹל to console, comfort.

רְבְּרַחְת [māhnah'khath], Manahath;

rest, compare בּוֹלִיטְ; according to some, gift, present, from בְּיִבְיּי, of which also בְּיִנְיִי a gift, offering, is derived.

'무슨 [m'nee], "that number," marg. (Isaiah lxv. 12), Meni; fate, fortune (fortuna), as the name of an idol, collated with the Arabic (G.)

[minnee], Minni; perhaps, part, portion. Compare Gesenius on the obsolete [22]; according to the Arabic to divide out, to allot; whence the particle [22] from, is derived.

קלְּמֶין [min-yāhmeen'], Miniamin; i.q. מְלָּמֶין, where יוֹ is compensated by Dagesh in '.

קבְּיח [minneeth'], Minnith; perhaps, part, portion. Compare מָבָּי.

תְּבְּשׁׁתְ [m'nash-sheh'], Manasseh; marg. (Gen. xli. 51) forgetting; better, causing to forget. Hiphil of אָבָי to forget.

יְבִּלְשְׁי [m'nash-shee'], Manassite; patronymic of the same.

תְּבֶּים [massāh'], Massah; margin (Ex. xvii. 7), temptation from לְּבָּי to try. Compare Appellatives.

רְבֶּיְלְיּם [mispāhr'], Mispar; number, from יְבְיּסְ to number. Compare Apellatives.

מְּכְּבֶּרְת [mispeh'reth], Mispereth; id.

מוֹסֶרה see מֹסֵרוֹת.

기외의 [mah-ngădah'y], Maadai; ornament of the Lord, apoc. from the following.

קרְיִדְיָּף [mah-ngad-yāh'], Maadiah; ornament of the Lord. Compound of אַנָּי ornament, from לְּנָעְדְיָ to adorn, and הֹיִ the Lord; but compare מֹנְעַדְיָה.

ন্মুট্ [māh-ngōhkh'], Maoch; oppression. From নুষ্ট্ৰ to press.

וֹשְׁיֵבְ [māh-ngōhn'], Maon; habitation, dwelling. Compare Appellatives.

Mehunim; habitations. Compare the preceding. As the name of a man, and also as a gentile noun of במין, English version, Mehunims.

קעוֹלהְי [m'ngōhnōhthah'y], Meonothai; habitations of the Lord. For בעוֹנְתְיָהּ (G.), plural of בעוֹנְתְיָהּ.

קְּעֵיֵהְיּה [mahngaz-yāh'], Maaziah; consolation of the Lord. Compound of אָבָה, from אָבָה, collated with the Arabic (S.) to console, and און the Lord.

קַבְּוֹיְוּף [mahngaz-yāh'hoo], id.

אָבֶּי [māh-ngāh'y], Maai; fountain of the Lord. אָבָי from אָבי, collated with the Syriac and Arabic to flow (S.), and the Lord. Compare יוֹרָני.

קַבְּהָ [mah-ngăkhāh'], Maacha; oppression, from קַבָּטְ to press.

רְשִׁבְּעְ [mah-ngăkhāhth'], Maa-chathites (probably Maachath); id.

בְּעֶּכְהְ [mah-ngăkāhthee'], Maa-chathite; gentile noun of the preceding מַעֵּכְהָ.

בְּלֵכְת עַּלְרֵבְּים [mah-ngălēh' ngak-rabbeem'], Maaleh-acrabbim, ascent of Akrabbim; ascent of scorpions. From

מְעֶּלֶה ascent, of עָלֶה to ascend, and the pl. of עַּלְהָ a scorpion.

לְצַיִּDְ [mah'-ngats], Maaz; wrath. Collated with Arabic (G.)

קְּלֶקְהֶ [m'nyāhrāh'], Mearah; cave. From אין. Compare Appellatives.

קְבֶּרְה [mahngărāhth'], Maarath; place naked of trees (G.), from קָּרָנ to be naked. Compare Appellatives.

שְׁנִישְׁ [mahngăsah'y], Maasiai; work of the Lord. Apoc. of the following.

마한 [mak-ngăsēh-yāh'], Maaseiah; work of the Lord. Compound of 미병학 work, from 미병학 to work, and 파 the Lord.

מְעָשֵׂיְתוּ [mahngăsēh-yāh'hoo], id.

קֹם [mōhph'], Memphis; this and אָם English version Noph, are supposed to be derived from another Egyptian form of this name, signifying full of the good (ones), as a sepulchre for the good only.

אבין [m'pheevōh'sheth], Mephibosheth; the signification of this name is difficult to determine. The supposition of Simonis, also adopted by Gesenius after him, that it stands for exterminating the idol, is most improbable.

D'PD [mooppeem'], Muppim; besides the uncertainty of the signification of this word, there is a discrepancy in the parallel passages (compare Gen. xlvi. 21 (בְּיִלְים) with 1 Chr. vii. 12 and Num. xxvi. 39), and whatever has been suggested concerning it is of very little probability.

haite; assembly of the Lord. From baite; assembly of the Lord. From to gather together, collated with the Syriac (S.), and Fi the Lord. The name of an unknown place, used as a gentile noun.

רְאָנֵים [mōhtsāh'], Mozah; perhaps for אְצָוֹם fountain (G.). Compare Appellatives.

기학한 [māhtsōhr']; this word, in 2 Ki. xix. 24; Isa. xix. 6, xxxvii. 25; and, perhaps, Mic. vii. 12, where, in the English version, it is rendered by besieged, fortified (places, cities), defence, fortress, is by many taken as a p. n., and that as a paronomasia for 한가약한 (Egypt). For its signification, fortress, compare Apellatives.

지문부부 [mitspeh'], Mizpeh; watch-tower. From 기약 to look about, to view. Compare Appellatives.

지취약한 [mitspāh'], Mizpah; id.

תְצְרֵים [mitsree'], Egyptian; gentile noun of בְּלָרֵים.

prings [mitsrah'-yim], Egypt (Egyptians), Mizraim; straitness. Dual of 기흥교 (compare Appellatives); hence, perhaps, double straitness, from 기양 to bind, to shut up; according to which, it may also signify fortification, fortness, compare 기업과. Gesenius, by a collation with the Syriac and Arabic, supposes the obsolete root 기업과 to signify the same from which this word may be derived.

קצְרִית [mitsreeth'], Egyptian, E-gyptian woman; feminine of בְּצְרִית.

מַקּרָת [makkēhdāh'], Makkedah;

place of cattle-breeders, or shepherds; from 772, hence Appellative 772 a cattle-breeder, or shepherd.

מְלְחֵלְית [makhēhlōhth'], Makheloth; assemblies. From מָחַל to call together.

תוֹלְלוֹת [miklöhth'], Mikloth; contempts. Plural of בְּלְּלֶל, from קָלָל i. q. קָלָל to lightly esteem.

קְרְנְּרְהְ [miknēh-yāh'hoo], Mikneiah; possession of the Lord. From בְּרָבְּרָה, of הְלָךְ to possess, to buy, and הֹי, the Lord.

우리는 [māh-kats'], Makaz; end. From 무희? to cut off; after the form 되어 (G.)

קב" [māhrāh'], Mara (marg. Ruth i. 20, bitter); sad. For בָּבָּר fem. of bitter, sad, from בְּבָּר Appellatives.

קרארות בּלְאָרוּ, Merodach-baladan. For the first of these see אָרוּאָרָה, and for the second, compare רְאָרִאָּרָה; hence Merodach is lord god.

הְיֵהְאָהְ [māh-rēhshāh], Mareshah; what is at the head (G.), denom. of שור head.

מֵרֶב [mēhrav'], Merab; increase. From בְּרָב to become much, or many.

קָּבֶּד [meh'red], Mered; rebellion. From קַבָּן to rebel, compare Apellatives.

קרון: [m'rōhdakh'], Merodach; the name of a Babylonian idol, supposed to be Mars; whom, says Gesenius (in

Thes.), as the bloody author of slaughter, the ancient Shemitic nations appeased by human sacrifices. The root TID (II being a Syriac and Chaldee formative) he compares with the German Morb, and the Latin Mors, which signify death and slaughter, which, he thinks, suits well the god of slaughter and war, since Mars, Mavors, and Mors seem to be of the same root. According to another opinion, by a collation with the Persic, this name is supposed to signify the little man, as an endearing appellation.

קְרֵדְכְּי [mor-d'khāh'y], Mordecai; the little man, or worshipper of Mars, from קודי (G.), compare the preceding. If the latter be the true signification, it can only be the name which that godly man was compelled to adopt at the Persian court.

קָרֶת [māhrāh'], Marah; bitterness, or what is bitter. Feminine of כָּרָר from מָבָר to be bitter.

וֹבְרְיׁ [mēhrōhz'], Meroz; refuge, place of refuge. For קְּבְּרוֹי קְּבְּרְיּוֹי place of refuge. For קּבְּרוֹי קּבְּרְיּוֹי place of refuge. For contract oneself, also to flee (S.).

[mēhrōhm'], Merom; height, high place, i. q. קרוֹם, from to be raised, high.

קרְוֹת [māhrōhth'], Maroth; bitternesses, bitter fountains (G.), plural of q. v.

קריב בּעַל [m'reev bah'-ngal], Merib-baal; contender against Baal. ביב from יביב to contend.

מי מְרִיבָת see מְרִיבְת.

קירי בּעֵל [m'ree vah'-ngal], Meribbaal; contracted for קירי בַּעַל q.v.

קְּרָהֶ [m'rāh-yāh'], Meraiah; rebellion. From קוֹם to rebel.

מוֹרְיָה see מֹרְיָה.

קְרְיוֹת [m'rāh-yōhth'], Meraioth; rebellions. Plural of

תְּרְיֵם [mir-yāhm'], Miriam; rebellion, i.q. קרִי with formative □,(G.). Compare Appellatives.

קֹרְקְי [mirmāh'], Mirma; deceit, fraud. From אָרָה. Compare Appellatives.

קרְקוֹת [m'rēhmōhth'], Meremoth; elevations. From לי to be raised, high.

מֵרְנֹת [mēhrōhnōhthee'], Meronothite; gentile noun of an unknown place. מֵרוֹנֹת, perhaps contracted for water of songs.

DDD [meh'res], Meres; worthy, collated with the Sanscrit and Zendic (Benfey, by Gesenius).

אָרְיִּרְיִּה [mar-s'nāh'], Marsena; worthy man. By the same authority.

בְּרְבְּלְה [mar-ngălāh'], Maralah; a trembling. From בַּרְבָּלְה to shake, tremble.

קרָרְי [m'rāhree'], Merarite; bitter. From קרַר to be bitter. The name of a man, and also as a patronymic.

תְּבְישִׁ [mahrēhshāh'], probably for מְבָּאשָׁם q. v.

מְרָתְיִם [m'rāh-thah'-yim], Mera-

thaim; double rebellion. Dual of יָּרָה rebellion.

ສື່ສຸລຸ [massāh'], Massa; burden. From ສື່ກຸລຸto bear. Comp. Appellatives.

קּבְּבֶּר [misgāhv], Misgab; height, high place. From שָּׁבָּר to be lifted, or raised up. Compare Appellatives.

קיבות מים [mis-r'phōhth' mah'yim], Misrephoth-maim; flowings of water. אַבויף Ithpeal in the Chaldee, to drop (S.).

בְּלְּהֵרְהְ [mas-rēhkāh'], Masrekah; place of noble vines. Compare Appellatives מֵבְקָה and מֵבְקָה.

ສື່ຕຸ້ [mash], Mash; the signification is uncertain.

หนัว [mēhshāh'], Mesha; perhaps i.q.หนัว retreat.

קישְׁאֶל [mish-āhi'], Mishal; entreaty. From שָׁצִּל to ask, request, petition.

תְּשֶׁם [mōhsheh'], Moses; (marg. Ex. ii. 10) drawn out: so it would appear from the tenor of that passage, because that Pharaoh's daughter says, "I drew him out of the water." But he (Moses) being the object, we naturally expect his name to have a passive signification; although from the verb תְּשֶׁים (to draw out) being used in such close connexion with it, we would, at first sight, be inclined to derive it immediately from it. But from the considerations, that, according to this derivation, the name has the form of an active participle, drawing out, instead of a passive, and that Pharaoh's daughter most likely spoke in the

Egyptian tongue, the interpretation of Josephus (Antiq. ii. 9, § 6), with which the rendering of the Septuagint, Μωϋσῆς, fully agrees, is to be preferred, that its origin is Egyptian, signifying drawn out of the water—μω water, νσης saved. The verb ¬ψφ, in the sacred text, is then only to be considered as the nearest by which both the form of the name and its signification (from the Egyptian) could be expressed at once in the Hebrew.

בְּבֵּב [m'shōhvāhv'], Meshobab; brought back, restored. Pual part. of אַט to return.

האביי [m'shēhzav-ēht'], Meshezabeel; delivered of God. Aphel part. pass. of שונה in the Chaldee to free, deliver. For the form compare Dan. vi. 28.

নাড়াট্ট [meh'shekh], Meshech; possession. From মৃষ্টাট্ট to draw, also to lay hold, to hold.

קּישֶׁי [māhshāhl], Mashal; once (1 Chr. vi. 59(74)) for מִשְׁיאָל. Compare Josh. xxi. 30.

בּישׁלֵים [m'shullāhm'], Meshullam; befriended. Pual part. of בּישׁלָים to be at peace, in friendship with any one.

אוווemoth; retributions, compensations. From the Piel of לְּילָם to requite, recompense.

קשׁלֶמְי, [m'sheh-lem-yāh'], Meshelemiah; (whom) the Lord repays. For מְשׁלֶמְי, Piel part. of סׁל to requite, repay, and הֹי, the Lord.

קּשֶׁלֶבְיְהוּר [m'sheh-lem-yāh'hoo], id.

אבית [m'shillehmeeth'], Meshillemith; retribution, compensation.
Compare לְשִׁלְמוֹר Compare, for which it stands, 1 Chr. ix. 12. Compare Neh. xi. 13.

אָלֶבֶת [m'shoolleh'meth], Meshullemeth; befriended. Feminine of q. v.

תְּשְׁמְבְּּהְ [mishmannāh'], Mishmannah; fatness. From בְּשִׁל to be, or become fat. Compare Appellative בְּשָׁים.

ንኳም [mishmāhng'], Mishma; a hearing. Perhaps, obedience. From ሃጋψ to hear. Compare Appellatives.

בְשְׁעִי [mish-ngāhm'], Misham; perhaps, a cleansing. Compare Appellative בִּשְׁלֵם.

gentile noun of an unknown place. בְשִׁרָעִי קי *slippery place*; like the Chaldee.

ጠድጀማር አግር [meh'theg hāh-ammāh'], Metheg-ammah; (marg. 2 Sa. viii. 1, bridle of Ammah); both words are best taken as Appellatives, and rendered the bridle of the mother-city; i.e., (subdued) the metropolis. ፲፱፻፮ i.q. ፲활፻ mother.

thusael; man of God. אָשׁ man, as the construct state of אַשְׁ from which the plural שְׁאַלִּי men only is extant), [after the form בְּעוֹלִי (friend of God), from קּאַל God (G.).

קרהשֶׁלָח [m'thoosheh'lakh], Methuselah; man of darts (G.). Compare the preceding. לשׁלָּח dart. Compare Appellatives.

וֹחֲבֶׁ [māttahn'], Mattau; gift. From לְבִינְ to give. Compare Appellatives.

רְּחֶהְיֶּהְ [mattāhnāh'], Mattanah; id. Feminine of the same.

לְתְּלֵי [matt'nah'y], Mattenai; gift of the Lord. Contracted from בְּתְּלָיִי q. v.

י (mithnee'), Mithnite; gentile noun of some unknown place. מְלְנֶל gift, from מְלְנָל to give gifts.

gift of the Lord. From מְּמִלְּיָת gift. See above, and הן the Lord.

מְתַּלְנְחִף [mattan yāh'hoo], id.

תְּקְתְּ [mithkāh'], Mithcah; sweetness. From בְּתְקְׁתְּ to be, or become sweet.

קוֹתְיְרָהְוּ [mithr'dāhth'], Mithredath; given by Mithra. Mithra, the sun (an object of worship among the Persians), collated with Persic (S.).

רת (mattattāh'], Mattathah; contracted from מְּמִלְּהָם q. v.

קְּבְּילְים [mattath-yāh'], Mattithiah; gift of the Lord. From אָלָם gift, from לְּבָּל to give, and הוֹי, the Lord. Compare Appellatives.

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nōh'], No; habitation, or, possession. Either for 하는 habitation, from 다섯, or, according to Jablonski, by a collation with the Coptic, possession.

וֹמְלְאָ אֹטֻ [nōh āhmōhn], populous No (marg. Nah. iii. 8, No-Amon);

habitation, or, possession of Amon. Compare the preceding. I'D' is the name of the chief Egyptian deity, compared with Jupiter. The signification of the word is uncertain, and therefore variously interpreted from the Egyptian, as, father, pastor, drawing out, the light, glory, &c.

בֹן [nōhv'], Nob; perhaps, height, hill. From הב, collated with Arabic to be high (S.).

 $[n'v\bar{o}h']$, Nebo; according to Gesenius, the planet *Mercury*, which the Chaldeans (Isa.xlvi.1) and ancient Arabs worshipped. He derives the word from לְבִוֹּא ; hence לְבוֹּא i.q. (x,y) interpreter of the gods.

קְבְּרְּנְּיִבְיְּלְּיִהְ [n'voozarădāhn'], Nebuzaradan; of Nebo chief [and] lord, i. e., chief whom Mercury favours. Compounded of בּיִּבְיּלִנְיּלְנִילִּילִי (see the preceding, בּיִבְּיִבְיִילִי chief, and בְּיִבְּיִּלְנִילִי Lord (G.)

וְבְּלְשַׁוְהֶן [n'vooshazbāhn'], Nebushasban; adorer of Mercury, collated with the Persic (G.).

[nāhvōhth'], Naboth; produce, fruit. From לנגלים to come forth, to sprout; whence Appellatives מול produce, fruit.

רְבִּח [nōhvakh'], Nobah; a barking. From רְבַיּן to bark.

וֹנְבְּחַ: [nivkhaz'], Nibhaz; perhaps, lord of darkness (G.).

נְבֶּל [n'vāht], Nebat; aspect. From נָבָל to look, behold.

רְבְּיִלְיּתְ [n'vāh-yōhth'], Nebajoth, Nebajoth; heights, hills. From לָּבָ to be high. Compare בֹב'.

וְהֶּלֶל [nāhvāhl'], Nabal; faded, weak, foolish, or, impious. From נְבֵל to fade, to faint, to act foolishly, wicked. Compare Appellatives.

בְּלֶם [n'vallāht'], Neballat; the signification is obscure.

תְּבְשֵׁן [nivshāhn'], Nibshan; level and soft (soil), collated with Arabic (S.).

קבּה [nōh'gah], Nogah; splendour. From בָּבָּה to shine. Compare Appellatives.

קָבֶּב [nāhdāhv'], Nadab; liberal, or, noble. Compare Appellative בָּדִיב.

רְּיֵבְיִי [n'dav-yāh'], Nedabiah; liberal, or, noble of the Lord. Compare the preceding. According to Gesenius, (whom) the Lord impels.

בְּרֵיִלְיל [nāh-hǎlōhl'], Nahalol; a pasture. From נְרֵיל to lead, spoken of leading of cattle; hence a place whither cattle is led for pasture.

לְהַלֶּל [nah-hălāhl'], Nahalal; id.

נּבְי [noovah'y], Kethib; perhaps, i. q. בִּיבַי Keri. From To to wander. Compare Appellatives.

בּוֹלֶב [nōhdāhv'], Nodab; liberality. From בְּבָּר. . . Compare

רֹקְת [nōhkhāh'], Nohah; rest. From ניקה to rest.

וְבְיָלְיּת [n'vāh-yōhth'], Naioth; habitations. According to Kethib, plural of Appellative בְּנִים habitation.

[noon'], Nun; offspring, i.q. Appellative לין offspring. According to Gesenius, fish; as in the Chaldee and Syriac.

קרון [nōhn'], Non; once (1 Chr. vii. 27) for כּוֹן.

בוֹפֵרְיה [nōh-ngad-yāh'], Noadiah; the Lord meets with (him). Niph. of to meet together, and הי, the Lord.

רָּבְּׁלְ [nōh'ăkh], Noah; rest, quiet. From יוֹם to rest.

תְּבְי [nakhbee'], Nahbi; hidden. Niphal of קבו to hide. Perhaps for בְּחַבָּי hidden, i. e., protected of the Lord.

וֹתְאֹב [nakhoom'], Nahum; consolatory. From בְּקְי, in the Piel, to comfort, console. Comp. בְּאָר , from בַּקָר.

[n'khoom'], Nehum; comforted. Compare the preceding.

קחוֹר [nāhkhōhr'], Nahor; snorting. From an obsolete קחב, whence Appellative בחר a snorting.

יאֵל (nahkhălee-ēhl'), Nehaliel;

valley of God. According to others, brook of God. From מים a valley, or, brook, and או God.

ינְיְלֶימְי [nehkhělāhmee'], Nehelamite; patronymic of some unknown בְּחֲלָם strengthened. Niphal of יינ to be strong.

D☐☐ [nah'kham], Naham; consolation. From D☐☐, in the Piel, to console, comfort.

קְּהֶלְיּ, [n'khem-yāh'], Nehemiah; (whom) the Lord comforts. Compare the preceding.

בְּחֲכֶּלְ [nahkhămāhnee'], Nahamani; consolatory. From בְּחֵבָּי, Compare Appellative בְּחַבָּי.

[na-khray'], and בָּחַרֵי [na-khray'], Naharai; snorer. From נַחַר to snort, snore, with adjectival ...

יַּיִּתְיִּ [nāhkhāhsh'], Nahash; serpent. Compare Appellatives.

וְבְּיִחְיּנוֹ [nakhshōhn'], Nahshon, Naashon; enchanter. From מוֹם, in Piel, to practise enchantment. Compare Appellative מוֹם enchantment.

אָקיּקֹים, [n'khooshtāh'], Nehushta; brass. Compare Appellative בֿושָׁתָּאַ.

וְהְשְׁלְיּחָלְ [n'khooshtāhn'], Nehushtan; (marg. 2 Ki. xviii. 4) a piece of brass. Commonly taken as an adjective, brasen, i. e., brasen serpent; denom. of מון brass.

[nah'khath], Nahath; rest, quiet. From יום to rest, or בְּחַרוּ

ינֹמְפָּעִי, see נֹמּוְפָּעֹי.

בּיבְי [nēhvah'y], Nebai: perhaps, bearing fruit (G.). Compare Apellative ניב produce, fruit.

נְיִה [nāh-yōhth'], Naioth; habitations. From אָב i. q. קוֹף habitation.

קיבְרָהְ [neen'vēh'], Nineveh. Commonly supposed to stand for יין לְבִּר habitation of Ninus; according to Greek writers, the builder of Nineveh; and, on account of Gen. x. 8 (compare marg.), some try to find the name Ninus again in the word יְבִּרְרֹד, which is indeed devoid of all probability.

ip: [n'khōh'], Necho; as the name of an Egyptian king, its signification ought doubtless to be looked for in the Egyptian tongue.

וֹבְלֹיִ [nāhkhōhn'], Nachon; established. Niph. part. of א to stand, be erect.

אַרְאָל [n'moo-ēhl'], Nemuel; found Num. xxvi. 12; and, for Num. xxvi. 12, we find in Gen. xlvi. 12, Ex. vi. 15, and 1 Chr. iv. 24, אמריל, which see; so that it is very likely that both are alike in signification.

נְמרּאֵלְי [n'moo-ēhlee'], Nemuelite; patronymic of the same.

תְּקְהָן [nimrāh'], Nimrah; Num. xxxii. 3. For the fuller name, בָּיִלְּהָּ אָרָה Num. xxxii. 36, and Josh. xiii. 27, q. v.

קרור & בְּמְרְוֹד (nimrōhd'), Nimrod; perhaps, rebel. According to some, let us revolt! From בָּמִרְ to rebel. Compare also בִּירָבָּוֹר.

נְמְרֵים [nimreem'], Nimrim; per-

haps, better Nimrites; as gentile noun of קיל, or, בית כי, ביק.

ינְלְשֶׁי (nimshee'], Nimshi; drawn out, saved. For בְּלְשֶׁי (G.), Niphal of מָשֶׁים to draw out.

קֹרְיִף [nisrōhkh'], Nisroch; great eagle (G.).

קרה [nōh-ngāh'], Noah; motion, or, quaking. From און ניקרון to move.

מְלֵּחְ [neh-ngāh'], Neah; id.

לְּצִיאֵל [n'ngee-ēht'], Neiel; a shutting up of God; i.e., a place shut up of God, greatly fortified, for בְּצִיל אֵל to bolt, or bar (S.). According to others, for בְצִים אַל pleasantness, favour of God.

בּבֶּי [nāh'-ngam], Naam; pleasantness. From בְּבָי to be pleasant.

קַבְּלְהוֹ [nah-ngămāh], Naamah; pleasant. Compare the preceding.

קְּמְלֵי [no-ngŏmee'], Naomi; my pleasantness (G.). From יוֹם pleasantness, with suffix.

בְּעֵּמְי [nah-ngămee'], Naamite; patronymic of the following.

קְבְּקְיּן [nah-ngămahn'], Naaman; pleasant. From בְּצָי to be pleasant, with adjectival זָיִ

יַבְּעְרָהְי [nah-ngămāhthee'], Naamathite; gentile noun of some unknown place, בְּעַבְהָּי pleasantness.

קַבְּרֶהְ [nah-ngărāh'], Naarah; maiden. Compare Appellatives.

קַבְּרָיְ [nah-ngăray'], Naarai; youthful. From אַ a youth.

קְבְּרְיָה [n'ngar-yāh'], Neariah; servant of the Lord. For בְּבְרָיָם, from בַּעַר youth, boy, servant, and בְּבַר the Lord.

וֹמְבֵּלֵ [nah-ngărāhn'], Naaran; juvenile (G.). Compare the preceding.

ቫኃ [nohph], Noph; see ቫኃ.

בּקבּ [neh'pheg], Nepheg; sprout. From בְּבָּב, according to the Arabic, to come forth (S.).

בּרְּכְים [n'phooseem'], Nephusim; expansions. From בָּקָּים in the Syriac and Chaldee, to expand (G.).

וֹנְפַח [nōh'phakh], Nophah; blast. From לְפַׁח to blow.

בפּרְּסִים [n'pheeseem'], Kethib for

נְמְּישׁ [nāhpheesh'], Naphish; increased. From משם, in the Chaldee, to increase. According to the Syriac use of the word, recreation (G.), from מַּבֶּשׁ, in the Niphal, to take breath.

מי נפתוח see נפּתוח.

המות [naphtookheem], Naphtuhim; gentile noun of בְּכְּחָב, the name of some region no where occurring in Scripture.

(marg.Gen.xxx.8) my wrestling. From בַּפְּתְּלְ, in the Niphal, to wrestle.

בְּצְיב [n'tseev'], Nezib; station, post.

From to set, put, place. Compare Appellatives.

마약의 [n'tsee'ăkh], Neziah; conquered. A passive form of 따라, in the Hebrew not used in Kal; according to Syriac, to conquer. Compare Chaldee 따라.

그것 [neh'kev], Nekeb; cavern. From 그것 to hollow out, excavate, bore.

קרוְדֶא [n'kōhdāh], Nekoda; marked. Compare Appellative קרוֹך marked with spots, spotted.

בְרְ [nēhr'], Ner; light, lamp. From ... Compare Appellatives.

וֹרָבְל [nēhrgal'], Nergal; according to Gesenius, by a collation with the Arabic, Mars, the god of war.

אַרָּאָצֶר [nēhrgal shar-ēh'tser], Nergal-sharezer; Mars, prince of fire. Compare the preceding, and

וֹרֵיהֶ [nēhriy-yāh'], Neriah; light, or, lamp of the Lord. Compounded of ב light. Compare Appellatives, and הי, the Lord.

בְּרָבְּיְהוּ [nēhriy-yāh'hoo], id.

קָלְל [nāhthāhn'], Nathan; given, i. e., gift. From לָם to give. For the passive signification, compare מָלָל and

קלָף [n'than meh'lekh], Nathan-melech; gift of the king. Compare the preceding, and אוֹים:

יְתִּלְאֵל [n'than-ēht'], Nethaniel; gift of God. Compare מָל,

לְחַלְּיֶה [n'than-yāh'], Nethaniah; gift of the Lord.

נְתַלְּלֶחְרּ [n'than-yāh'hoo], id.

D

בְּאִים [s'vāheem'], Sabeans; gentile noun of the preceding.

'구부의 [sibb'khah'y], Sibbechai; sambuca-player. From 워크 및 P., in the Chaldee, a sambuca, a stringed instrument of music.

קבְרֵים [sivrah'-yim], Sibraim; two-fold hope. Dual of קבָר, from בס, in the Chaldee, to hope.

พฺกฺลฺo & กฺกฺลฺo [savtāh'], Sabtah; a striking, i.e., terror. From ก๋ad, in the Arabic, to strike; also, to be astonished (S.).

אָבְרִּיִּתְּכָּ [savt'khāh'], Sabtechah; great terror (S.). Compare the preceding, of which the first part of the word consists, אף, from אָבָּר, supposed to be i. q. חַבְּיִ to strike, smite.

 $\Box'\Box$ [s' $d\bar{o}hm'$], Sodom; its proper signification is not well ascertained.

NID [sōh'], So; sublime, lifted up. Collated with the Hebrew Nip and the Coptic (S.).

ידוֹס [sōhdee'], Sodi; confidant. Compare Appellative אום familiar intercourse, a secret. According to Gesenius, for אוֹדְיָם confidant of the Lord.

קים [soo'ākh], Suah; perhaps, sprout, i. q. Appellative שָּׁים.

`ညုံး [sōhtah'y], Sotai; departure. From ይጓይ i. q. ይጓይ and ਜਲ਼ਲ to give way, turn away, depart. Or, perhaps, departure of the Lord, `, the Lord. Compare `፲፫ጵ.

קוֹבֶּף [s'vēhnēh'], Syene; (marg. Eze. xxix. 10) Seveneh; opening, key. Collated with the Coptic (Champollion by Gesenius).

FIP [sooph], Red sea (Deu.i.1). Marg. Suph; reed, rush. Compare Appellatives.

סְרְלּוֹ [seekhōhn'], Sihon; sweeping away; i.e., warrior sweeping all before him (G.). From השו to sweep away.

קין [seen], Sin; mire, i. q. Chaldee

סְיבֵי [seenah'y], Sinai; miry. Compare the preceding.

קיבְי [seenee'], Sinite; the name of a people, from סָין, probably the same in signification as above.

קיְּמְרָא [sees'rāh'], Sisera; battlearray. Collated with the Syriac (G.).

אַטְיּטְ [see-ngāh'], Sia; company, assembly. Thus in the Syriac (S.).

קְּיִקְיּהְ [see-ngăhāh'], Siaha; id. The אָּקְ, Simonis supposes to be the Persic plural form.

אַבְּלוֹי [sookkōhth'], Succoth; booths. Plural of Appellative אָבָּוֹים.

Succoth-benoth; booths of the daughters. Plural of רְשָׁלְּמֹת Appellatives. See 2 Ki. xvii. 30. Tents, in which their daughters prostituted themselves.

סְבְּיֵּם [sookkiy-yeem'], Sukkiims; dwellers in tents. Denom. of סְבָּר a tent.

ানুন্দ্ [s'khāhkhāh'], Secacah; enclosure, fence. From মুন্দু to hedge, fence.

אָלֶּיִּ [sillāh'], Silla; a way, raised way. From לְּיִלְיִ to cast up (as a way). Compare Appellative בְּיִלְהָ

[seh'led], Seled; either, exultation, hardness, burning, or, supplication, according as it may be derived either from the Arabic, Chaldee, or Rabbinic. Nor is the signification of the verb 720, from which this name is to be derived, in its only occurrence of Job vi. 10, quite certain, as it has been variously interpreted, according to these different significations.

אָלְלְּכֶּל [sāhloo'], Salu; elevated. Part. pass. of אָלֶים to lift up.

סְלְּוֹא סֵלְּאוֹ, אַסַלְּאוּ (salloo'], Sallu; elevation. Compare the preceding.

בְּלֵי [sallay'], Sallai; elevated, exalted. From אָסָ to lift up, raise.

מַלְכֶּה [salkhāh'], Salcah; perhaps, a wandering. Compare Gesenius under the obsolete סלך. According to the Arabic, to move along, move about, to go.

שְלֵכְּ [seh'lang], Sela, Selah; rock. Compare Appellatives.

קלע המהל [sek'lang ham-makhl'kōhth'], Sela-hammahlekoth; (marg. 1 Sa. xxiii. 28) rock of division. Compare the preceding, and Appellative לְיֵחָל division.

קְּבֶּרְיּבְרְּ [samgar-n'voo'], Samgar-nebo; perhaps, sword of Mercury. The first of these words is collated with the Persic, and the second is i. q. בוֹי q. v. (G.).

קמְכְּיְחָר [s'makh-yāh'hoo], Semachiah; (whom) the Lord sustains. Pret. of סְמַרְּדְּ to uphold, sustain, and יוו the Lord.

תְּבְיָּךְ [s'nāh-āh'], Senaah, Hassenaah; high, exalted. Collated with the Arabic (S.). Or, perhaps, thorny (spinosa), אַכָּף i. q. תַּבְּרָ (Gesen. in Thes.).

סָנאָת see סְנָאָת.

בּבְלֶּבְי [sanvallāht'], Sanballat; collated with the Persic, praised by the army; but with the Sanscrit, giving strength to the army (Bohlen, by Gesenius, in Thes.).

קְּבֶּה [seh'neh], Seneh; thorn-bush. Compare Appellative קְבָּה ; but here (1 Sa. xiv. 4) it is קָבָה, as occurring in pause. Compare קָבָר, in pause.

הַלְּאָבוּ & תְּבְּיְאָנוּ [s'noo-āh'], Senuah; hated. Part. pass. of אַבְּטְ, probably i. q. אַבְשָּׁ to hate. Compare also מְבָּיִטְ above, as there is doubtless some connection between to be thorny, and, to be hated, or, hateful.

סַנְחֵרֶיב [sankhēhreev'], Senna-

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cherib; conqueror of armies. Collated with the Sanscrit (Bohlen, by Gesenius in Thes.).

קְּבְּּכְּבֶּר [sansannāh'], Sansannah; palm-branch. Compare Appellative סְבְּכִּפְּבִּים palm-branches.

ֹטְּמְמִי [sismay'], Sisamai; its signification is obscure.

P [saph'], Saph; threshold. Compare Appellatives. According to Simonis, extended, long, tall. Collated with Æthiopic.

PP [sippay'], Sippai; stands, 1 Chr. xx. 4, for the preceding PP, 2 Sa. xxi. 18.

[s'phāhr'], Sephar; conspicuous. Collated with the Arabic, a mountain in Arabia, from which the city (Gen. x. 30) takes its name (S.). According to the Hebrew, a numbering, census. Compare Appellatives.

קבְּיִי [s'phāhrad'], Sepharad; separated tract, or, region. From פְּיִסְ, in the Chaldee, tract of country, and נים to separate (S.). But compare the preceding.

קרוֹיִם [s'pharvah'-yim], Sepharvaim; according to Hiller, by Simonis, for קבר פֿרָונים פֿרָונים, i. e., mount Sephar, which is bordering on Parvaim, an Arabian region. Compare בּיָוֹיִם.

קפֿרָנִים [s'pharveem'], Sepharvites; gentile noun of the preceding.

קַּרְיִם [s'phahreem'], in Kethib (Eng. version, in 2 Ki. xvii. 31, Sepharvaim, according to Keri); perhaps, a gentile noun of סְבָּרָ

קּבֶּתְה [sōhpheh'reth], Sophereth; scribe. Part. fem. of פָּבָּר, Compare Appellatives.

קרבוֹם [sargōhn'], Sargon; perhaps, prince of the sun, collated with the Persic. Thus, Gesenius in his Manuale, but he abandons this interpretation in his Thesaurus. According to Simonis, just and merciful prince; from prince, and Syriac בין justice, clemency.

[seh'red], Sered; fear. From Tw, in the Syriac, to fear, to tremble (G.).

ֹלֵרְנָּי [sardee'], Sardite; patronymic of the preceding.

קרה [seerāh'], Sirah; a going back, retiring. From to turn away, or, back, to depart.

קרְרָּי [s'thoor'], Sether; hidden. Passive form of סְתְי to hide.

לה (G.). From בָּתְרָיִּח (G.). From בֶּתְרָיִּח a hiding, covering, protection. Compare Appellatives.

ע

ּ עֶּבֶּר [ngeh'ved'], Ebed; servant. Compare Appellatives.

워크 [ngavdāh'], Abda; id., in a Chaldee form.

עבר אָדְוֹם [ngōhvēhd' ědōhm'].

Obed-edom; serving Edom. The first word as a Participle of אָבָר work, to serve.

עַבְּדָאֵל [ngavd'ēhl'], Abdeel; ser-

vant of God. From אֵל and אֵל and אֵל. Compare Appellatives.

וֹלְרְלּוֹן [ngavdōhn'], Abdon; servile. Adj. of אבר to work, to serve.

קרְיִי [ngavdee'], Abdi; servant of the Lord, for קרְדִיּף, from קרָדָּי and הי. Compare Appellative.

קריאיל [ngavdee-ēhl'], Abdiel; servant of God. Compare the preceding.

קבון [ngōhvad-yāh'], Obadiah; servant of the Lord. Compounded of לבר, part. of שָבַל to serve, and הי the Lord.

קבריה [ngōhvad-yāh'hoo], id.

תְּבֶּד מֶבֶּד [ngeh'ved meh'lekh], Ebed-melech; servant of the king. Compare Appellatives.

יְלֵכֶּד וְלֵכֶּד מְלֵּה & אֲבֶד וְתֵּמְעֹּה מ' n'gōh'], Abed-nego; servant of Nego. אַכָּד בְּיִלְּבְּ Chaldee for Hebrew בְּיִץ, and בְּיִלְ the name of a Chaldean divinity, supposed to be i. q. יִבּוֹל Mercury.

기구 [ngēh'ver], Eber; a passing over, passage, or, a region on the other side. Compare Gen. xi. 2 and x. 24, 25. From 그렇 to pass over. Compare Appellatives.

עְבְרֶי [ngivree'], Hebrew; patronymic (according to some gentile noun) of מֶבֶר.

קּבְיִּהְּף [ngivriy-yāh'], Hebrewess, Hebrew woman; fem. of the preceding.

קַבְרִים [ngăvāhreem'], Abarim; regions on the other side. Compare אָבֶר.

기구강 [ngevrohn'], Hebron; passage. From 그것 to pass over.

עְּרָרֶן [ngavrõhnāh'], Ebronah; id.

קְבְּלֶּחְ [ngeglāh'], Eglah; heifer. Compare Appellative.

עְּבְלְוֹן [ngeglōhn'], Eglon; vitulinus (of, or, belonging to a calf'), denom. of Appellative עָבֶל, or עָבָל (G.).

וְקְיֵהְ [ngahdāh'], Adah; ornament, in the verb, to adorn.

קדוֹץ & פְּדִּיּן [ngiddōh'], Iddo; timely. Compare Gesenius on the Appellative עִדִּים.

עְדִיאֵל [ngădee-ēhl], Adiel; ornament of God. Compare Appellative אֵל, from קָדָי to adorn, and אֵל God.

רְיָנִי [ngădāh-yāh'], Adaiah; (whom) the Lord has adorned. Pret. of רווף, compare the preceding.

יַּבְרָּיְחוּ [ngădāh-yāh'hoo], id.

רְדְיּךְ [ngāhdeen'], Adin; tender, delicate. From רְדָּן, compare Appellatives.

עַדינָא [ngădeenāh'], Adina; id.

קביר [ngădeenōh' hāh-ngeznee'], Adino the Eznite; according to the rendering of the English version, 2 Sa. xxiii. 8, the first would be a proper name, and the second, a patronymic of אָבָין: but, according to some, both would form one patronymic, i. e., the Adino-eznite, from אַבְּין שִּייִבּין pleasure (is) the spear. For אָבִין (with suff.), comp. אַבָּין, and the latter word is collated with the Arabic. But, on account of the parallel passage, 1 Chr. xi. 11, where, instead of these words, we find אַנְירָ אָרִוּ דְּעָרִינּי lifted up his spear, Simonis takes these as appellatives, and reading with the Kethib (דְּעֶבֶּיִנִי), he renders it, whose striking with his spear (was) against, &c. The sense of the first of these words he derives from the Arabic.

קַדְיתְיִם [ngădeethah'-yim], Adithaim; double ornament. Dual of עֲדִית, i.q. Appellative עֵדִי

עַדְלְיִ [ngadlah'y], Adlai; justice of the Lord For עָדַלְיִת justice, collated with the Arabic (S.).

עַדְלָם [ngădoollāhm'], Adullam; justice of the people. For עֲדוֹל עָם (G.), compare the preceding.

בְּרַלְּמְי [ngădoollāhmee'], Adullamite; gentile noun of the preceding.

וֹנְיָנָ & אַ [ngēh'den], Eden; delight, pleasure. Compare Appellative.

עַרָבֶּא [ngadnāh'], Adna; id.

עַרָּבְּדְּ [ngadnāh'], Adnah; id.

עַּדְעָּדְה [ngadngāhdāh'], Adadah; festival, like the Syriac (G.).

עָדֶר & עָדֶר [ngēh'der], Eder, and Ader (from the pause in the Hebrew); flock. Compare Appellatives.

עְדְרִיאֵל [ngadree-ēhl'], Adriel; flock of God. From אֵל and אֵל, compare Appellatives.

শনুম [ngavvāh'], Ava; an overturning, i.q. Appellative শনুমু, קבוֹת [ngōhvēhd'], Obed; serving, or, worshipping. Part. of אָבָן to serve, also, to worship.

עּוֹבֶּל [ngōhvāhl'], Obal; stripped of foliage. From בָּלָּ, collated with the Arabic (G.).

קוֹג [ngōhg'], Og; perhaps, contracted for עָבֶּלְ, עַבֶּל, i.e. long-necked in stature, gigantic. Compare מַבָּלְ

עָּרֶּה [ngivvāh'], Ivah; overturning, i. q. Appellative יַּרָּאַ.

תְּיִם [ngavveem'], Avites, Avim, Avims; gentile noun of the preceding, and also with the article ד the name of a town, in which latter it may have the signification of ruins.

עוֹרָית [ngăveeth'], Avith; ruins, lit. overturned, from אָלָי to bend; and compare Appellative רְּלָּצָּי

שלְם [ngōhlāhm'], in Kethib, long duration. Compare Appellatives, where the Keri is עֵילָם q. v.

עוֹפְי [ngōhphah'y], in Kethib for

רְאָשׁ [ngoots'], Uz; counsel. Either from אָשׁ i.q. אָשׁ to counsel; or, from the latter, אָשׁ standing for אָשׁ Thus as the name of man (Gen. x. 23; xxii. 21; xxxvi. 28). But Gesenius only having regard to this word as the name of a country, gives it signification, by collation with the Arab. light sandy soil.

ערתי [ngoothah'y], Uthai; (whom)

the Lord succours. For הוא הוא היים עלה from או ביים i. q. שלא to hasten, to hasten to one's assistance, to succour (G.).

MAN [ngoozzāh'], Uzza; strength. From III to be strong.

[Maily [ngazbook]. Azbuk; strength (is) exhausted. In strength, from IIY to be, or, become strong; [Maily emptied, exhausted, as part. pass. of [Maily exhausted].

קְּבֶּלְ [ngazgāhd'], Azgad; strong in fortune. אַ here as an adjective. Compare Appellatives, and אַ

ানুত [ngazzāh'], Gazah, Azzah; strong, fortified. Adj. f. of তু, compare Appellatives.

지맛 [ngoozzāh'], Uzzah, Uzza; strength, i.q. 원칙.

기구하고 [ngăzoovāh']. Azubah; left, forsaken. Part. pass. fem. of 그것 to leave, forsake.

기가 [ngazzoor'], Azur, Azzur; helper. From 기갖 to help.

IN [ngāhzāhz'], Azaz; strong. From 119 to be, or, become strong.

יוֹיִרוּ [ngăzaz-yāh'hoo], Azaziah; (whom) the Lord strengthens. From אָנַיִּ, here translated to strengthen מוֹיב, here translated to strengthen abbreviated from דורה the Lord.

기 [ngoozzee'], Uzzi; might of the Lord. Abbreviated from 다한다. Or, perhaps, simply, strong.

 \mathbb{R}^n Ingoozziy-yāh'], Uzzia; might of the Lord, for \mathbb{R}^n IV.

קליאל [ugazzee-ēhl'], Aziel; might of God.

קריאָל [ngoonzee-ēhl'], Uzziel; might of God. יוֹשְׁ strength, might; אַל God. Compare Appellatives.

קּיִּמֵלְי [ngozzee-ēhlee], Uzzielite; patronymic of the preceding.

በትንሚ [ngoozziy-yāh'], Uzziah; might of the Lord. From ነን strength, might. Comp. Appellatives, and ኮን the Lord.

নান্য [ngoozziy-yāh'hoo], id.

From ID to be, or, become strong.

אַרְמְלֶּנְתְ [ngazmāh'veth], Azmaveth strong (as) death. From אַ and אַבָּלָּג, compare Appellatives. As the name of a man, and also the name of a place, for which latter it is also found (Neh. vii. 28).

תְּיְמֶנֶת עִּיְמֶנֶת [Beth-ngazmāh'veth], Beth-azmaveth, i.e., house, or, dwelling of Azmaveth.

기원 [ngazzāhn'], Azzan; strong. From 기맛, with formative], for 기.

תְּוְקְּחְ [ngăzēhkāh'], Azekah; a field dug over, broken up. From אָל to dig up, or, over (G.).

קוֶר & מְזֶר (ngēh'zer), Ezer; help. From עָוֶר to help. Comp. Appellatives.

אָזְרָאָ [ngezrāh'], Ezra; id.

[ngăzar-ēhl], Azareel; (whom) God has helped, or, help of God. Either Pret. of יוֹדָ to help, or, construct. אָל help, and אל God.

^{*} This is noticed here on account of its being omitted in its proper order, under 2.

קְּיֵנְיִי [ngezrāh'], Ezra; help. Compare Appellatives, and also the preceding.

קוֹרְיָּ [ngezree'], Ezri; help of the Lord, abbreviated from קּוְרָיָּ, from עָּוְרִיּ, help, and דְּוֹ help, and דְּוֹ the Lord.

קוֹרִיאֵל [ngazree-ēhl'], Azriel; help of God. From עָּוֶר אַל help, and אָל God.

עַּוֹרְיֵה [ngăzar-yāh'], Azariah; (whom) the Lord has helped, or, help of the Lord. Compare צְּוַרְאֵל

אַוֹרְיֶלְהוּ [ngăzar-yāh'hoo], id.

קוריקים [ngazreekāhm'], Azrikam; the helper is risen. From או help, often used as a concrete helper (compare Psa. xxiii. 20; lxx. 6, &c.), and בון, Pret. or Part. of בון to arise. According to others, help against the enemy, בון one arising in a hostile manner, compare Psa. xviii. 40.

ጥቲያ [ngazzāhthee'], Gazathite, Gazite; gentile noun of ጣቲያ.

קַּמְרָה [ngătahrāh'], Atarah; crown. From אָשָׁי to surround. Compare Appellatives.

מַּטְרְוֹח [ngătāhrōhth'], Ataroth; crowns; perhaps, circumvaliations. Plural of the preceding.

עַּלְרְוֹת אַדְּר [ngatrōhth' addāhr'], Ataroth-addar, Ataroth-adar; crowns, perhaps, circumvallation of Adar, probably the builder of the same. See the preceding, and אַדָּר

עַמְרוֹת בֵּית יוֹאָכ [ngatrōhth' bēhth yōh-āhv'], Ataroth the house of Joab (marg. 1 Chr. ii. 54), crowns, perhaps, circumvallation of the house of Joab. Compare the preceding, Appellative 7.2, and proper name 25.

עַמְרְוֹת שׁוֹפְּן [ngatrōhth' shōh-phāhn'], Atroth, Shophan (as two different names); crowns, perhaps, circumvallations of Shophan. שופן probably, a bruising, from אשופן.

יְיֵ [ngah'y], Ai, Hai; heap of ruins, i. q. Appellative שׁ a heap, from אָנָי in the Piel, to overturn, destroy.

[ngay-yāh'], Aija; id.

עֵיבֶּל [ngēhvāhl], Ebal; stripped of foliage. From בָּבָּל, collated with the Arabic, to strip a tree of its leaves (G.).

קְּיֹּוֹן [ngiy-yōhn'], Ijon; ruin. Compare עַּיִּיֹּוֹן.

שְׁלְּהָּת [ngay-yooth'], id. only in Kethib, 1 Chron. i. 46, for צוית.

בְּיִישְׁ [ngēhtāhm'], Etam; place of ravenous beasts. From אַיַּ a ravenous beast, with adjectival ב.

קיים [ngiy-yeem'], Iim; heaps of ruins. Plural of Appellative אָל, compare עַ above.

קבְרִים [ngiy-yēh hāh-ngǎvāh-reem'], Ije-abarim (marg. Num. xxxiii. 44, heaps of Abarim); compare the preceding, and בְּרִים above, the name of a mountain.

עִילֵי [ngeelay'], Ilai ; supreme. i.q. Chaldee Appellative עָלֵי (G.).

תֵילִם [ngēhlāhm'], Elam; long duration. i. q. Appellative עוֹלָם (S.). Compare עֵילוֹם, 2 Chron. xxxiii. 7.

רָיִי [ngah-'yin], Ain; fountain. Compare Appellatives.

קָרֶי [ngēhn g'dee'], En-gedi; fountain of the kid. Compare the preceding, and Appellative 'בָּרִי'.

תין בּבְּים [ngēhn ganneem'], En-gannim; fountain of gardens. See אַנין above, and Appellative בן a garden.

עין דּאר פּין דּוֹר אָנין דּאר [ngēhn dōhr'], En-dor; fountain of (the place) Dor, or, fountain of the dwelling. Compare דֿוֹר.

בין תקובא [ngēhn hakkōhrēh'], Enhakkore (marg. Jud. xv. 19, the well of him that called, or, cried). Compare יצָי; the second is a participle of אָרָה to call, cry.

ותה [ngēhn khaddāh'], Enhaddah; sharp, i.e., quick fountain. Compare אין above, and Appellative אין sharp.

עין חְצְיֹר [ngēhn khāhtsōhr], Enhazor; fountain of Hazor, or, near Hazor. Compare חַצוֹר & חַצוֹר.

בין בְּרֶל [ngēhn khǎrōhd'], well of Harod (Jud. vii. 1), or, fountain near Harod. Compare בַּרָל & בַּרָל בַּרָל.

שׁיבֵּים [ngēhnah'-yim], the way side; (marg. Gen. xxxviii. 21, Enajim); two fountains. This is by most taken, not as an Appellative, but as the name of a place, supposed to be the same with the following.

בּיבֶּם [ngēhnāhm'], Enam; id. As a contracted Dual of the preceding.

מין מְשְׁפְּט [ngēhn mishpāḥt'], En-

mishpat; fountain of judgment. Compare Appellatives.

אַנְיֵן [ngēhnāhn], Enan; (oculatus) having eyes (G.). אַנַיּ eye, with adjectival זְיָנְ בִּינְן, as the name of a place, stands as contracted Dual, for fountains, see under בַּינְן.

עין עֶּלְכִיִם [ngēhn ngeglah'-yim], En-eglaim; fountain of two calves. Compare Appellatives עָבֶּל & עַיִּגָּ

בין (ngēhn rōhgēhl'), En-rogel; fuller's fountain. From צֵין fountain, and בָּבֶל Part. of בָבָל to tread, as garments with the feet, denom. of בָּבֶל a foot.

וֹין רְשְּוֹן [ngēhn rimmōhn'], Enrimmon; fountain of (i.e. near) the pomegranates. Compare לַיִּנוֹן אַ עַיִּנוֹן

בין שֶׁבֶשׁ [ngēhn sheh'mesh], Enshemesh; fountain of the sun. Compare Appellatives.

שׁין תּבְּיִם [ngēhn tanneem'], dragonwell (Neh. ii. 13); according to other, fountain of jackals. Compare Appel.

בין הַפְּּהַת [ngēhn tappoo'akh], Entappuah; fountain of (i.e. near) Tappuah. Compare בּיוֹה הַפְּרָּחַ

קר [ngēhphāh'], Ephah; weariness. From איקר to faint, be weary.

עִּיפֵּי [ngēhphay'], Ephai; weary. Compare the preceding.

קיר [ngeer'], Ir; city. Compare Appellatives.

אָרְיִץ [ngeerāh'], Ira; id.

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קיקי [ngeerāhd], Irad; perhaps i.q. Appellative ייין wild ass, onager.

קירד [ngee'roo], Iru; its signification is doubtful.

עירִי [ngeeree'], Iri; citizen. From פיקי city.

לירֶם [ngeerāhm'], Iram ; id.

עיר חַשֶּלֶח (Ingeer hammeh'lekh), city of Salt (Jos. xv. 62); compare Appellatives. This ought doubtless to have been given as a proper name.

קיר נְהְוֹשׁ [ngeer nāhkhāhsh'], Irnahash; city of serpents. Compare Appellatives.

קיר שֶׁבֶשׁ [ngeer sheh'mesh], Irshemesh; city of the sun. Compare Appellatives.

רְּהֶל [ngay-yāhth'], Aiath; heap of ruins. Compare ב.

עַרְבְּוֹר [ngakhbōhr'], Achber; mouse. Compare Appellative בּרָבָּר.

שְׁלְּלֹי [ngakkōh'], Accho; sand heated by the sun. Collated with the Arabic (G.).

עֶּמֶּק ע׳ see עְּכוּר.

וְקָבֶּן [ngāhkhāhn'], Achan; troubler. From בַּץ, probably i. q. בַּץ to trouble, compare Jos. vii. 1 with 1 Chr. ii. 7.

지무구한 [ngakhsāh'], Achsah; anklechain. i. q. Appellative 이국한 an ornament fastened upon the ankles of females, rendered in the English Version, Isa. iii. 18, tinkling ornaments.

קְּכֶּר [ngāhkhāhr'], Achar; troubler. From קַבְּע to afflict, trouble.

기구주 [ngokhrāhn'], Ocran; troubled, afflicted. Compare the preceding.

עְלֶּא [ngoollāh'], Ulla; yoke. For עלָּה, from the masculine עלָּה.

עַלְנְוּף [ngalvāh'], Alvah, Aliah; exaltation, perhaps for concrete exalted. From אָלָי to ascend, rise, increase.

וְלֶּלֶן [ngalvāhn'], Alvan; exalted. Compare the preceding.

עלי [ngēhlee'], Eli; foster-child of the Lord (S.). For עול, from עול, from עול, suckle, nourish.

עַלְיֵרְ [ngalyāh'], Aliah, in Kethib (1 Chron. i. 51) for עַלְּלָּד, probably of the same signification, q.v.

וְלֵין [ngalyāhn'], Alian; exalted, i.q. עְלִין above.

עַלְמְוֹן [ngalmōhn'], Almon; concealment. From עָלָם to hide, conceal.

עַלְמוֹרְדְּכְלְתְיְמָה [ngalmōhn divlāhthahymāh'], Almon-diblathaim; Almon towards Diblathaim. For the first, see the preceding; and for the second, בִּית דָבְי.

עַּלֶּמֶת [ngalleh'meth], Alemeth; stands, 1 Chron. vi. 45(60) for עַלְמוֹן Jos. xxi. 18.

קלֶּמֶת [ngāhleh'meth], Alemeth, Alameth; a covering. From קלָם to hide.

기계 [ngoommāh'], Ummah; conjunction. From 모델링, of which the

derivatives 그것 with, and the construct 기고깃 with, by, near, &c.

עַמוֹנְי [ngammōhnee'], Ammonite; gentile noun of the same.

קיח [ngammōhneeth'], Ammonitess, woman of Ammon; feminine of the preceding.

סְמְׁם [nyāhmōhs'], Amos; bearer, carrier. From טְּטָל to bear, carry.

קיליק [ngāhmōhk'], Amok; deep. From לְּכִיל to be deep.

(of) the people of God. Compounded of בשל (compounded of and compare Appellatives.*

קְּבְיּלְיָבְיּעְ [ngammeezāhvāhd'], Ammizadab; (of) the people of the Giver, i. e., belonging to Him, who is the God of providence. From אַ people, אַבָּיִ to give, present with, endow.

קבְרֶבְ [ngammeenāhdāhv'], Amminadab; (of) the people of the liberal Giver, i. e., of the Lord who gives liberally. Compare the preceding, and Appellative בְּיִב giving willingly, liberally, ⊋ here doubtless the same in signification.

תְּמִישְׁדֵּי [ngammeeshaldah'y], Ammishadai; (of) the people of the Almighty. Compare the preceding compounds, and שָׁדִי.

לְמֶל [ngāhmāhl'], Amal; labour, trouble. Compare Appellatives.

ַצְּלֶבֶּלֶ [ngămāhlēhk'], Amalek; the signification is not ascertained.

for a proof of which he brings the Talmudic Y (idiota, unus (?) ex plebe). But though this is used for a single individual, it is probably nothing else than a misusage of its primary collective sense, people of the country for the common illiterate people. He then thinks to find the same in these compound proper names, so that both evidently had an eye to the difficulty of these names, and thus tried to evade it in this unwarrantable way.

^{*} In this compound and those following, Gesenius renders the word Dy by kindred; and this he again explains to mean servant, and all this because Dy is not only spoken of a people and tribe, but also of the family race, lineage of any one. For this he quotes Lev. xxi. 1, 4; xix. 16. But in neither of these passages does the word אָבֶל necessarily express any of the above significations, but rather the word people seems to be the most suitable. And, supposing the word meant here family, and then kindred in a collective sense, would it not be conjecturing too far to suppose it to mean in the end a single kindred, or relative-so as to interpret עמיוָדַב kindred of the Giver, עמיוַדַב kindred of God, i.e., servant or worshipper of God, and עַבִּישַׁדִּי kindred, i.e. servant of the Almighty? Fürst (in Conc. Heb.) gives individuum as the primary meaning of Dy;

נְבְּלְכְיְ [ngămāhlēhkee'], Amalekite; gentile noun of the preceding.

עְּמְּנְהְאֵל [ngimmāhnoo-ēhl'], Immanuel; God with us. Compound of בווא with suff. and אול God.

תְּכְּיִבְיּהְ [ngămas-yāh'], Amasiah; (whom) the Lord bears. Pret. of מָּבְיּל bear, and אַיָּל the Lord. According to others, burden of the Lord.

עַּמְעֵּדְ [ngamngāhď], Amad; people of duration. Compare Appellatives באָ and דעַ.

בְּרֶהֶן בְּרֶהֶן [ngēh'mek b'rāhkhāh'], valley of Berachah (marg. 2 Chr. xx. 26, blessing). Compare Appellatives.

קְּמֶלְ חַמְּלֶּהְ [ngēh'mek hammeh'lekh], the king's dale (Gen. xiv. 17; 2 Sa. xviii. 18). Compare Appellatives.

עְבֶּהְ עְּבְּוֹרְ [ngēh'mek ngāhkhōhr'], valley of Achor; the valley of him that causeth affliction. קבור from עַבוֹר to trouble, afflict. Compare Josh. vii. 26.

עֶקֶהְ הְצְּיץ [ngēh'mek k'tzeetz'], valley of Keziz; valley of cutting off, or, of a person of that name. From אָבִינָה to cut off. According to others, for בָּיצִינְה valley of cassia, compare קּבִינָה.

עְמֶלְ רְפָּאִים [ngēh'mek r'phāh-eem'], valley of giants, valley of Rephaim; the latter is doubtless the best rendering. Rephaim is the name of a people of gigantic stature, compare בְּפָאִים

מַלּהְה [ngămōhrāh'], Gomorrah; abundance of water (S.); probably, immersion (Gesenius in Thes.). Col-

lated with the Arabic TDV the water covered, there was much water.

לְמִרְיּךְ [ngomree'], Omri; for לְמִרְיּהְ servant of Jehovah, from עמר, in the Arabic, to serve. Thus Gesenius in Manuale; but, in his Thesaurus, he proposes, "tiro Jova" a novice with Jehovah, also collated with the Arabic.

בּתְרֵישׁ [ngamrāhm'], Amram; (of) the exalted people. From שֵּׁ people, and שֵׁן, participle of שִּׁר, to be high. According to Gesenius, kindred of the High, i.e., God. See note under בַּמִינְאָל.

עְּלֶרֶמְי [ngamrāhmee'], Amramite; patronymic of the same.

אַנְּטְאָ [ngămāhsāh'], Amasa; burden, from שָׁבְיּל i. q. סְבָּא to bear.

עַּכְיקִי [ngămāhsah'y], Amasai; burdensome. Compare the preceding.

עֲבְשִׁקי [ngămashsah'y], Amashai; perhaps id.

עַקב [ngănāhv'], Anab; cluster of grapes, i. q. Appellative בּוֹלָב.

עֵבֶּה [ngănāh'], Anah; answer, sc. of prayer (G.), from קָּנָה to answer.

עְבְּוֹבְ [ngāhnoov'], Anub; bound together. Participle pass. of בַּיַּצָ, according to the Chaldee, to bind together.

ְעְרְוֹק [ngănōhk'], Anak; long-necked, gigantic, i. q. צָבָיָר.

קבְּי [ngoonnee'], Unni; depressed. For קְּעָבֶּהְ (G.) Pual part. of קּעָבָּה to be depressed, afflicted.

שְׁלֵיְהוּ [ngănāh-yāh'], Anaiah; (whom) the Lord answers. Pret. of to answer, and הן the Lord.

קְנִים [ngāhneem'], Anim; contracted for בְּיָכִים fountains.

קבִים [ngāhnēhm'], Anem; two fountains. Supposed to be contracted for two fountains.

יַ נְכְּקִים [ngănāhmeem'], Anamim; the name of an unknown people, from בְּכָּם or בְּכָּם According to Simonis, as the name of a place, plenty of herds, collated with the Arabic.

וֹבְבּמָלֵי: [ngănammeh'lekh], Anammelech; sheep-king. Compare the preceding.

קָּלֶּהְ [ngāhnāhn'], Anan; cloud. Compare Appellatives.

בְּכָּלְי [ngănāhnee'], Anani; apoc. for the following צַּבָנְיָדוּ

[ngănan-yāh'], Ananiah; (whom) the Lord covers, i. e., protects (G.). From עָבָן to cover, kindred with בָּבָּן.

ַּבְּכְּקְ [ngănāhk'], Anak; long-necked, gigantic. Collated with the Arabic (G.).

שְׁנָקִים [ngănāhkeem'], Anakim; patronymic of the same.

עְבֵּרְ [ngāhnēhr'], Aner; the signification is uncertain.

וְעָכְהְ [ngănāhth'], Anath; answer, sc. to prayer, from עָנָה to answer.

תְּנְתְוֹת [ngănāhthōhth'], Anathoth; answers. Plural of the preceding.

יַנְיּחְתִי [nganthōhthee'], and עַּבְּחֹתִי [ngan-n'thōhthee'], of Anathoth, Antothite, Anethothite, Anetothite; gentile noun of the preceding.

בְּלָרְתְׁה [nganthōhthiy-yāh'], Antothijah; answer of the Lord. From מַנְתְּתִיּיָה above, and הייָ the Lord.

לְּפֶל [ngōh'phel], Ophel; hill. Compare Appellatives.

קַבְּבִי [ngophnee'], Ophnee; only Josh. xviii. 24, where it ought to be taken as a gentile noun, and rendered with the preceding words, בְּפַר הָעָבוֹנְי (בֹי) the village of the Ammonite, and (the village) of the Ophnite. בַּפָּר הָעָבִי, in the Arabic and Syriac, to become mouldy.

שֶׁבֶּה [ngēh'pher'], Epher; calf, young animal. Collased with the Arabic (G.).

קבְּרָתְ [ngophrāh'], Ophrah; female fawn. Feminine of Appellative

לְּלְּרְוֹן [ngephrōhn'], Ephron; vitulinus (of a calf). Compare עֶּבֶּר (G.).

עְפַּרְיִן [ngephrāh'-yin], Ephrain ; two calves. Dual of עָפָּר above.

קבֶּר [ngetz-yöhn' geh'ver], Ezion-geber; back-bone of a man. i.q. Appellative אָצָּי back-bone, and בֶּבֶּר a man. Compare Appellatives

마양과 [ngeh'tzem], Ezem, Azem; strength, or, bone. Compare Appellatives, and the verb 므로 to be strong.

וְעַבְּקְוֹן [ngatzmohn'], Azmon; strong. Compare the preceding.

בְּקְּוֹבְ [ngakkoov'], Akkub; probably, supplanter. Compare בְּקְּוֹבְ

וְתְּיֵבְ [ngăkāhn], Akan (marg. Gen. xxxvi. 27, Jaakan); stands for אָצָיָן, 1 Chr. i. 42, compare also Num. xxxiii. 1; Deu. x. 6.

אָרָהְיּ [ngēh'ker], Eker; root, or, a sprout. Compare Appellatives.

קֹרְרוֹן [ngekrōhn'], Ekron; eradication. From קקר to root out.

לֶּקְרוֹנְי [ngekrōhnee'], Ekronite; gentile noun of the same.

שׁקְיּלֵי [ngikkēhsh'], Ikkesh; perverse. From שַׁקְיָּטְ to pervert. Compare Appellatives.

ֶּלֶר [ngāhr'], Ar; city. i.q. Abpellative נְיֹר.

קר [ngēhr'], Er; waking. Participle of און to awake.

קרָבְּה [ngărāhv'], Arabia; dry, sterile. From בְּרָבָּ i. q. בְּרָב, hence בַּרָבָ a desert, and בַּרָב dry land.

ְלֵּרֶבְּ' [ngărāhvee'], Arabian; gentile noun of the preceding.

עַּרְבִּי [ngarvee'], Arabian; id.

בֵּית הְעַנְיכָה [ngarvāhthee'], Arbathite; gentile noun of עַּרְבָּתִי.

עֵרֶד [ngărāhd'], Arad; wild ass, onager. i.q. Appellative קרוֹד.

ערוֹעֵר & עֲרוֹעֵר [ngărōh-ngēhr'], Aroer; ruins. From עָר to be naked, in Poel, to lay bare as a foundation.

בְּרֶי [ngēhree']. Eri; watchful. Participle of של to wake, watch, with constructive. According to Gesenius, for מַרְיָּדְ watching, i. e., worshipping the Lord.

מֵקְן [ngēhrāhn'], Eran; watchful. Compare the preceding.

לֶרֶכְי [ngēhrāhnee'], Eranite; patronymic of the same.

בְּרְעְוֹר [ngar-ngōhr'], Aroer ; i. q. עְרוֹעֵר ruins.

עֵרְיֹצֵרְי [ngărōh-ngēhree'], Aroerite; gentile noun of עֵרִיצֵרְ.

קְרְפֶּּח [ngorpāh'], Orpah; a hind, or, fawn. According to Simonis, for שָׁפָרָח above.

עַרְקּוֹי [ngarkee'], Arkite; gentile noun of a city. עָרָקּוּ flight, from עָרָקּוּ to flee.

עְּשִׂהאֵל [ngăsāh-ēhl'], Asahel; (whom) God created. From קּשָׂיִם he made, created אַל God.

ngēhsāhv'], Esau; hairy, rough. From 可與, collated with the Arabic, to be hairy, rough (G.). Compare Gen. xxv. 25.

קשׁיאֵל [ngăsee-ēhl'], Asiel; created of God. From קשׁי created, a passive form (compare יוֹדָן, and אָל God.

תְּשְׁיֵחְ [ngăsāh - yah'], Asaiah, Asahiah; (whom) the Lord created. Compare the preceding, and בְּשִׁרְשִׁץ.

בְּשֶׂרְ [ngēh'sek], Esek; strife, quarrel. From לְשִׁלָּק to strive, quarrel. Compare Gen. xxvi. 20.

בּשְׁרֵת [ngashvāhth'], Ashvath; the signification is not evident.

ਪ੍ਰਿੰਧ੍ਰ [ngāhshāhn'], Ashan; smoke. Compare Appellatives.

ּבְשֶׁק [ngēh'shek], Eshek; oppression. From נְשָׁיִץ to oppress.

מְלְּיְהָרֶת [ngashtōh'reth], Ashtoreth; star (collated with the Persic by Gesenius), specially the star of Venus, the goddess of love and fortune, prof. Asturte.

ריה [ngashtāhrōhth'], Ashtaroth; plural of the preceding, sc. images, or, statues of Astarte, and, as such, it is also the name of a city.

קרבים [ngasht'rōhth' karnah'yim], Ashtaroth-karnaim; Astarte with two horns. The name of a city, only Gen. xiv. 5, for the preceding simple Ashteroth. הַרְבִים, Dual of הַרְבִים, horn.

עַשְׂהָרות [ngasht'rāhthee'], Ashterothite; gentile noun of נַשְׁהְּרָתְי

אַקּי [ngattah'y], Attai; perhaps, opportune, i. q. Appellative יְהָיּי q. v. (G.).

קְּמָה [ngăthāh-yāh'], Athaiah; perhaps, i. q. אָשָׁיִ (whom) the Lord created. קֹמָי i. q. אָשָׁי (G.).

קְּתְּיִבְ [ngăthāhkh'], Athach; lodging-place. Collated with the Arabic (S.).

עָתִלְיָת [ngathlah'y], Athlai; apoc. for the following עַתְלָיָת.

(whom) the Lord afflicts. From עתלְּיֶת

according to the Arabic, to treat with violence (G.), and T, the Lord.

מַתְלְיְחוּ [ngăthal-yāh'hoo], id.

לְּחָבֶּי [ngothnee'], Othnee; lion of the Lord. From לָּחֶל, collated with the Arabic, a lion (S.), and then apoc. for קּחָבָיָּד.

נְּרְנִיאֵל [ngothnee-ēhl'], Othniel; lion of God. Compare the preceding.

ווגלי, האַ [ngēhth' kāhtzeen'], Ittahkazin (Josh. xix. 13); time of the judge. Compare Appellatives. The translators have mistaken the הוא local (unto) of הוא אין, when they rendered it Ittah, and it ought to have been, to Ethkazin. Compare הוא הוא בין (Gen. xxviii. 2, 5, 6), from און און בין.

רָבֶּי [ngeh'ther], Ether; abundance. From אָבָי to be rich, abundant.

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וְתְּאֹבְיּת [pāhrāhn'], Paran; abounding in caverns. From אם, according to the Arabic, to dig, to bore (S.).

event, incident from God. From Appellative אָבָּי event, incident, chance, and אָל God.

קְרָהְאָל [p'dah - ehl'], Pedahel; (whom) God redeemed. Pret. of רָּדָּיָּן fod. Comp. רְּדָּיָּן God. Comp. בְּדְיָה

기획기가 [p'dāhtzoor'], Pedahzur; (whom) the Rock (God) redeemed. From 기량 to redeem, and 가장 rock. Compare Appellatives.

וֹלְיִים [pāhdōhn'], Padon; deliver-ance, redemption. Comp. the preceding.

קְּדְיָחְ [p'dāh - yāh'], Pedaiah; (whom) the Lord redeemed. Compare

וֹלְדְיָּחוֹר [p'dāh-yāh'hoo], id.

[paddāhn'], Padan; field, plain. Compare Appellatives.

בְּיֵל [paddan' ărāhm'], Padanaram; plain, or, level region of Syria. Compare the preceding, and בּיִל אַנָר

TRAD [pooāh'], Puah; mouth. Collated with the Arabic (G.).

디크 [poovāh'], Phuvah, Pua; found Gen. xlvi. 13, and Num. xxvi. 23, for 지원, 1 Chr. vii. 1.

'한다 [poot'], Put, Phut, Libyans, Libya; probably, afflicted. Compare the following.

pootee-ēhl], Putiel; afflicted of God. אַל , according to the Syriac in Aphel, to despise, to afflict (G.), and אַל God.

פוֹטִיפַר [pōhteephar'], Potiphar; abbreviated for the following.

phera; who is of the sun, i. e., very near, consecrated to the sun. Collated with the Egyptian (G.).

קול [pool'], Pul; elephant, i.q. Chaldce פִּיל.

קרבי [poonee'], Punite; patronymic of an unknown person. קפרן probably, distracted. Compare אָפּרּכָה, Psa. lxxxviii. 16(15).

ነጋን [poonōhn'], Punon; darkness. From ነን collated with the Arabic, to set, spoken of the sun, to become dark (G.).

פּוּעְה [poo-ngāh'], Puah; splendour. For יְפוּעָה, from פְּוּעָה to be bright, to shine (S.).

pōhrāh'thāh], Poratha; gifi, portion. Collated with Persic (S). Gesenius (in Thes.) suspects it to be a contraction from National given as a lot, since LXX. read, according to Cod. Vat., Φαραδαθά; Alex., Βαρδαθά, otherwise, Φαρδαθά.

ነጋን [poothee'], Puhite; patronymic of an unknown person. ፲ን፡፡ , perhaps, open. open-hearted. ፲ን፡፡ i. q. ፲፫፡፡ (cogn. with ፲፫፡፡) to be open; whence Part. ፲፫፡፡ simple, foolish, one easily persuaded, seduced.

Pahath - moab; prefect of Moab. חרַשְּׁב construct state of Appellative חרָשָּׁב.

תְּבֶּכְיּה [pee-veh'seth], Ri-beseth; the name of a city (Vulg. Bubastus), signifying, according to Gesenius (in Thes.), the Diana; Pasht, Basht, being the name of Diana, and pi the article in the Egyptian.

pee hakheerohth'], Pihahiroth; according to the Hebrew, mouth of caverns. בי const. state of חלירת, i. q. Appellative חליר hole, cavern. But, collated with the Egyptian, place of green grass, or, sedge (G.).

קרֹל [peekhōhl'], Phichol; mouth of all (S.), i. e., all-commanding. Compare Appellatives שָׁלִל.

קיבְּחֶס [peen'khāhs'], Phinehas; mouth of brass. Compounded of פָּיבָּחָס. Compare the preceding, and בְּחַשֶׁח, collated with the Arabic, i.q. Heb. לְחַשֶּׁח brass (G.).

פּרכן [peenohn'], Pinon; i. q. פֿרכן darkness.

וֹשְׁיוֹן [peeshōhn'], Pison; over-flowing. From אָל to diffuse itself.

קירון [peethohn'], Pithon; enlargement. For הְיוֹן הְּיוֹן, from הוחם, in the Chaldee, to be wide, extended.

לֹבֶרִית הַאָּבְיִים [pōhkheh'reth hats-ts'vāh-yeem'], Pochereth of Zebaim; retarding, i. e., getting a-head of, the gazelles. אַבָּים Part. act. of אַבָּים Part. act. of אַבָּיים Part. act. of אַבִּיים אַבּיים Part. act. of אַבִּיים אַבְּיים אַבְּיים אַבְּיים אַבְּיים אַבְּיים q.v.(S.). The translators have taken the second word as the name of a place.

י בּלְאֵי [palloo-ee'], Palluite; patronymic of אָּדְיּם .

(whom) the Lord distinguishes. From the Pret. of אֹלְיּם to separate, to distinguish, and אוֹן the Lord.

קלג [peh'leg], Peleg; division. From קלג to divide.

בּילְהְישׁ [pildāhsh'], Pildash; the etymology of this word is obscure.

אַן פַּלְוּא [palloo'], Pallu; distinguished. From אָלָם to separate, to distinguish.

קלוֹנְי [p'lōhnee'], Pelonite; gentile noun of an unknown place. אָל distinguished, from קלף to be separate, to be distinguished.

וֹלְילִיתְּא [pilkhāh'], Pileha; according to the Hebrew, slice; according to the Chaldee, worship, from וללם, Hebrew, to cleave; Chaldee, to serve, worship.

בּלֶם [peh'let], Pelet; deliverance. From קָלָם to escape.

פַּלְמִי [paltee'], Palti, Paltite; deliverance of the Lord, for פַּלְמִיּה, compare the preceding (G.). It occurs also as a gentile noun, probably of בּית בָּלִמ

ּפְּלַמְי [piltah'y], Piltai ; apoc. from בְּלְמִי

[paltee-ēhl'], Paltiel; deliverance of God. Compare פָּלָמִיאֵל and

ק (whom) the Lord delivers. Pret. of בּלְלִיאָד, only here transitive, to deliver, and הַּלָ the Lord.

פַלִּמְיָרָהוּ [p'lat-yāh'hoo], id.

פְּלֶּיְהְ [p'lāh-yāh'], Pelaiah ; i. q. פְּלָאיָה (whom) the Lord distinguishes.

פָּלֵל [pāhlāhl'], Palal ; judge. From פָּלֵל to judge.

קּלַלְיְהְה [p'lal - yāh'], Pelaliah ; (whom) the Lord judges. From פָּלַל to judge, and הי, the Lord.

ופּלֵישֶׁה [p'leh'sheth], Philistia, Palestina, Palestine, Philistines; sojourning. From שלם, in the Ethiopic, to rove, wander (S.).

קּלִשְׁתְּי [p'lishtee'], Philistine; gentile noun of the preceding.

קלֶח [peh'leth], Peleth; swiftness. פלח collated with the Arabic (G.).

קנהאַל [p'noo-ēhl'], Penuel; face of God. A sing. פְּנִים for בְּיִם (face). Compare קונים plur. בְּיִם (G.). Compare also Gen. xxxii. 32.

פָּנִיאֵל [p'nee-ēhl'], Peniel; id.

פְּלָכְּהְ [p'ninnāh'], Peninnah; coral, or, pearl, as there are differences of opinion regarding the Appellative פָּלִים.

קְּבֶּלְּהָ [pisgāh'], Pisgah; piece, part, i. q. Chaldee אָבְיָם, from בְּיַלָּה to cut up, to divide (G.).

pas dammeem'], Pasdammin; stands, l Chr. xi. 13, for בְּשְׁלֵח בּשְׁלִח בּשְׁלֵח בּשְׁלֵח בּשְׁלֵח בּשְׁלֵח בּשְׁלִח בּשְׁלִּח בּשְׁלִים בּשְׁלְים בּשְׁלִים בּשְׁלִים בּשְׁלְים בּישְׁלְים בּשְּים בּשְׁלְים בּישְׁלְים בּשְׁלְים בּישְׁבְּישְׁלְים בּשְׁלְים בּישְׁלְים בּישְׁלְים בּישְׁלְים בּישְׁלְים בּישְׁלְים בּישְׁלְים בּישְׁלְּים בּישְׁלְים בּישְׁלְים בּישְׁלְּים בּישְׁלְים בּישְׁבְּישְׁלְּים בּישְׁלְים בּישְׁלְים בּישְׁלְּים בּישְׁלְּים בּישְּים בּישְּישְׁבְּים בּישְּיבְּישְׁלְּים בּישְּיבְּים בּישְּיבְּים בְּישְּיבְּים בְּישְּיבְּישְׁבְּים בְּישְּיבְּישְּים בּישְּיבְישְּיבְּים בְּישְׁבְּישְׁבְּישְׁבְּישְׁבְּישְׁבְּישְׁבְּישְׁבְּישְׁבְּיבְּישְׁבְּישְׁבְּישְׁבְּים בְּישְׁבְּישְׁבְּישְּבְּישְׁבְי

רַּחֲלֵים [pāhsēh'ākh], Paseah, Phaseah; lame. Compare Appellative בּּחֲלָים.

키면 [pāhsakh'], Pasach; He cut off, thus according to the Chaldee.

קּקְּהְ [pispāh'], Pispah; dispersion, for הַּבְּיְהְהָּ, from ספספ, in the Chaldee and Syriac, to scatter, disperse (S.).

지역 [pāh'ngoo], Pau; a bleating, lowing. From 미국학, in the Syriac and Chaldee, NYB to bleat, to bellow.

קלוֹף [p'ngōhr'], Peor; gap, or, opening of a mountain. From שַּׁבְּע to open wide the mouth, to gape.

ኒካት [$p\bar{a}h$ -ngee'], Pai; stands, l Ch. i. 50, for ነንት, Gen. xxxvi. 39.

wages of the Lord. From שְּׁלֵכְּׁהְי wages, compare Appellatives, and '_ the Lord. Compare בְּלִבְּהִי.

קַּעַרָי [pāh-ngărah'y], Paarai; only, 2 Sa. xxiii. 35, for רַעַרַי, 1 Chr. xi. 37.

기후 [p'kōhd'], Pekod; only Jer. l. 21, ought rather to be taken as an allegorical name for Babylon, signifying visitation, from 기후 to visit.

디어 [peh'kakh], Pekah; open-eyed, seeing. Compare Appellative 다음.

וֹחָרָהְיּה [p'kakh yāh'], Pekahiah; the Lord has opened sc. his eyes. From אָנָה to open, spoken of the eyes, and הי, the Lord.

יוֹרָאָר [pir-āhm'], Piram; swift, wild. Compare שְׁלֵּילִּשׁ wild ass, so called from its fleetness.

רְבָּים [pāhrāh'], Parah; with רוב, חַיְבָּים the heifer. Comp. Appellatives.

קְּרֶה [poorāh'], Phurah; bough, for אָּבָה. See Appellatives.

פְרוּדֶא [p'roo-dāh'], Peruda; kernel. Compare Appellative קרדות grains, kernels.

פְּרְחַ [pāhroo'ăkh], Paruah; blossoming. Part. pass. of סָּרָם to flourish.

בּירֵוֹיִם [parvāh'yim], Parvaim; fertile. Dual of בָּירָהָ from נוֹיִם to bear fruit. Gesenius compares it with the Sanscrit pûrva prior, anterior, oriental; hence here oriental regions.

רְבִּי [p'rizzee'], Perizzites; villager. Compare Appellative

בְּרִידֶא [p'reedāh'], Perida; kernel. i. q. בְּרִידָא, for which it stands, compare Ezra ii. 54 with Neh. vii. 57.

אַרְעָשׁרְאַ [parmashtāh'], Parmashta; strong-fisted. Collated with the Persic (S.).

קריים [parnāhkh], Parnach; brisk, swift. Probably for אָרָם, the being inserted instead of doubling the compare וְלְיִים for וְלִים for וְלִים, from אָרָם, in the Chaldee, to leap. Others compare it with the name Pharnaces, in the Persic, august, Augustus.

P구형 in pause Pフ형 [pāh-rāhs], Persians; horse, or, horseman. i.q. Appellative ヴラ. Others compare it with the Zend, pârs, pure.

[parsee'], Persian; gentile noun from the preceding.

אָרֶסְיְאֵּ [parsāh-yāh], Persian; the Chaldee emph. of פַּרְסַיּ, gentile noun from פרס

פְּרֶלְיה [par-ngōh'], Pharaoh; prince, or, king. Either from the Hebrew פְּרֵע leader, prince, with the termination תֹּי, or from the Egyptian, pouro, king.

Pharaoh - hophra; prince, or, king Hophra, see the preceding. אָפְרָע קּרוּ according to Jablonsky, collated with the Coptic, priest of the sun.

Pharaoh-nechoh; prince, or, king Necho. Compare לְּבְּׁח נְבְּׁח. The word בְּבְּׁח נְבְּׁח נִבְּׁח נִבְּּבְּׁח. By the testimony of Abulpharius, Pharaoh Necho was lame.

פֿרְלְשׁ [par-ngōhsh'], Parosh; flea. Compare Appellatives.

פְּרְעָרוֹן [peer-ngāhthōhn], Pirathon; principal, chief. Compare Appellative אָפָר prince.

פְּרְעָּרוֹנְי [peer-ngāhthōhnee'], Pirathonite; gentile noun from the preceding.

קרק [parpar'], Pharphar; swift. From קרק, collated with the Arabic, to run (G.).

Vip [peh'-rets], Pharez, Perez breach, or, breaking forth. Compare Appellatives.

פַּרְצִי [partsee'], Pharzites; patronymic of the preceding.

자리 기가 [peh'rets ngoozzāh'], Perez-uzzah; breach of Uzzah. See proper names Y그를 and 하겠. Compare 2 Sa. vi. 8.

ឃុំក្នុង [peh'-resh], Peresh; separation. But compare Appellatives.

אַרְקְּיִשְׁיִנְיְשָׁ [parshandāhthāh'], Parshandatha; interpreter of the law. פְּרְשָׁוֹ from שֵׁיֹשְׁ to explain, for אֹחָין. Compare Appellative בּוֹשְׁנִילִים.

רְּהָ [p'rāhth], Euphrates; perhaps, bursting forth. From ראש i. q. פרק (G.).

קבור מְשָׁרוּרְ [pash-khoor'], Pashur; prosperity round about. Compounded from קבור Arabic, to be wide, ample, and יחור round about. Appellative , compare Jer. xx. 8 (G.).

פתראַל [p'thoo - ēht'], Pethuel;

enlargement of God. From הַּבְּּף, in the Hiphil, to enlarge, compare הַבְּּיָּף, According to some, for בְּּבִּיף set free by God. From אַרָּבּיף, in the Samaritan, i. q. הַבְּיִּף ; compare Gesenius on this obsolete root. Compare also הַּבְּיִרְהַף.

רוֹף [p'thōhr'], Pethor; interpretation of dreams, i.q. Appellative מְלִרוֹף, from קּתְרוֹן to interpret.

(whom) the Lord sets free. From הַּחְלְּחָלְּהְ to open, to set free, and הּוֹ the Lord.

place, i. e., shut up by mountains. Collated with the Egyptian (G.).

סְרְרְכּוֹם [pathrohs'], Pathros; region of the south. Collated with the Egyptian.

בּתְרֶסְים [pathrooseem'], Pathrusim; gentile noun of the preceding.

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וְאָאָלֶ [tsah-ănāhn'], Zanaan; place of flocks. From Appellative אין flocks.

בּלְּאִים [ts'vōh-eem'], Zeboim; gazelles, i. q. Appellatives בְּלָאִים

אַבֶּבְּרָ [tsōhvēhvāh'], Zobebah; with ה, article, the slow-moving. Participle of בנה, cognate with בַּבָּן, to move gently.

주는 [tsiv-yāh'], Zibia; gazelle. Feminine of Appellative '주는.

רְיֵבְיּלְ [tsiv-yāh'], Zibiah; id.

לביים & צְבֹיִים ts'vōh-yeem'], Zeboim, Zeboim; i. q. אָבֹאָים, compare plural of Appellative אָבָּיִים.

לְבְּעְוֹן [tsiv-ngōhn'], Zibeon; vērsicolour. Compare Appellative בָּבָּע

בּבְּלְים [ts'vōh-ngeem'], Zeboim; hyenas. Compare Appellative בּבּלּץ.

דְדְּדְ [ts'dāhd'], Zedad; side, sc. of a mountain. i. q. Appellative אַ from צרד.

נְדּוֹק [tsāhdōhk'], Zadok; just. From נְצִדּוֹק to be just, righteous.

다큐봇 [tsiddeem'], Ziddim; with in article, the sides.

בְּרְנְלּת [tsēhdniy-yōhth'], Zidonians; feminine gentile noun of צִידוֹן.

רְּהָרָיִּגְּ [tsidkiy-yāh'], more frequently, אַרְיִיּגְיּ [tsidkiy-yāh'hoo], Zedekiah, Zidkijah; righteousness of the Lord. From רְּגַיִּ בְּיִרְ to be just, righteous, and רְּגָיִ the Lord.

צוֹבֶח & בּוֹבְא [tsōhvāh'], Zoba, Zobah; station. For בְּצַב בּוְבְא to set, put, place (G.).

רשַוֹצ, more frequently אַבָּי, [tsōh-ngāhr'], Zoar; smallness. From אַצָּיל to be small.

קר [tsoo-ngāhr'], Zuar; id.

취약 [tsooph'], Zuph; honeycomb. Compare Appellatives.

רְבֵּיב [tsōhphakh'], Zopha; cruse. Compare Appellative תְּבְּיב cruse.

צוֹפֵי [tsōhphah'y], Zophai; honey-

comb, i. e., sweet gift of the Lord, for צוֹפִיָּה; צוֹפִיָּה; צוֹפִיָּה; צוֹפִיָּה; צוֹפִיָּה

קבים [tsōhphar'], Zophar; exultation. From ביל according to the Arabic, to dance (S.).

קֹלי, more frequently שָׁלֹּי, [tsōhr'], Tyre, Tyrus; rock, i. q. אַנּי.

기차 [tsoor], Zur; rock. Compare Appellatives.

יאָל [tsooree-ēht], Zuriel; (whose) rock is God. From the preceding, and אַל God.

צהרישה [tsooreeshaddah'y], Zurishaddai; (whose) rock is the Almighty.

From אר בירי בינים Almighty.

기가 [tsoh'khar], Zohar; whiteness. Compare Appellative 기가 whiteness.

אַרְיבֶּא [tseevāh'], Ziba; plant. For בְּצִיבָּם, Chaldee, Syriac, and Arabic, to plant.

IT'S [tseedohn'], Zidon, Sidon; prey. From The to hunt, catch. According to Justin, the city of the same name is so called from the abundance of fish (S.); as the word, according to him, signified fish in the Phænician.

צירוֹכְי [tseedōhnee'], Zidonian; gentile noun of the preceding.

אָליְדְּא אָּלְדְּאָ [tseekāh'], Ziha; dryness. Compare Appellative מון לאָר ליין לאָר thirsty.

לְיּוֹן [tsiy-yōhn'], Zion; dry place, dry mountain. Compare Appellatives מין dryness, יוֹן dry land. Accord-

ing to some, top, summit. Compare Appellative ?** pillar, column.

기가 [tsee-ngōhr'], Zior; smallness. From 기가 to be small.

ነኙ [tseeph'], Zuph; in Kethib, l Chr. vi. 20(35), for ንን ; in Keri, perhaps the same in signification, honeycomb.

Y'\forall [tseets'], Ziz; with the \tau article, the flower. From Y'\forall to flower, flourish. Compare Appellatives.

אַיְקְילֶג אָיקְלֶג (tseeklāhg'], Ziklag; outpouring of a fountain. Which Simonis considers to stand for אַ רְּיִלְּג , from אַיִּרְיּלְג ; but not necessarily, as אַרְיּאָי ; but not necessarily, as אָרְיּאָי ; but not necessarily, as אָרְיִי may be derived from אָר to pour out; and, to avoid the concurrence of two palatal letters, אָר , אָל stands, by transposition, for אַר , אָר , אַר , אַ

קֹלֵין [tsillāh'], Zillah; shade. i.q. Appellative בֵּלְּ

אָלֶלְפּוֹבְי [ts'lelpōhnee'], vers. with ה article, Hazelelponi; the shadow looketh upon me. From אָל shadow, and Part. האוש with suff., from אווי לייני turn one's face towards any thing, to look upon.

ן בְּלְמְוֹן [tsalmōhn'], Zalmon, Salmon; shadow, or, shady. Comp. \$\display \display shadow.

אבּלְבּוּלְ [tsalmunnāhng'], Zalmunna; shadow is removed, departed. Contracted for אַלְבוֹי Compare the preceding, and אַלָּ Preterite of אַל to move, to wander.

שָׁלֶּגְ [tsēhlāhng'], Zelah; side. Compare Appellatives.

קּלְּדְ [tsāhlāhph'], Zalaph; fracture, wound. From אַלל, Syriac, to break, wound.

קרור [ts'lophkhāhd'], Zelophehad; first rupture, i. e., first-born. From אָלְבָּי בְּילִי to break. See the preceding, יוֹן one, first. In the Chaldee, i. q. Hebrew אָלָי.

קְלֵּצֶל [tseltsakh'], Zelzah; shadow from the sun. From בֵּל shadow, and רבי shadow with the Arabic, the sun (S.).

לֶלֶק [tseh'lek], Zelek; fissure. From Chaldee אָלֵיל to cleave.

יָם [tsill'thah'y], Zilthai; shadow, i.e., protection of the Lord. For אָלָם, compare אָלָם above, and אוֹיָל the Lord.

לְּלֶּךְ [ts'māhree'], Zemarite; gentile noun, probably, of the following.

אָמֶרְיִם [ts'māhrah'-yim], Zemaraim; according to Simonis, from אָצָ hot. From the Chaldee אָמָר to be hot.

וְאָ [tsin'], Zin; thorn. i.q. Appellative אָב". According to others, i.q. Talmudic, אָב" a low palm tree.

기구부 [ts'nāhn'], Zenan; perhaps, place of flocks. Contracted for 기구부을 above.

לְצְיר [tsāhngeer'], Zair; small. Compare Appellatives.

וְשִׁיִּלְ [tsōh'ngan], Zoan; low region. Collated with the Egyptian (G.).

בּיִבְיֵב [tsahngănah'-yim], Zaanaim; two removals. Dual of אַנָל, compare

the following, for which this stands in Kethib, Jud. iv. 11.

בְּעֵכְהְים [tsahngănanneem'], Zaanannim; removals. Plural of אָלַבְּלָּ collated with the Arabic, to remove (S.).

기후복 [ts'phōh'], Zepho; expectation, hope. From 미후복 to look out for, to wait.

לְּבְּלֹוֹ [tsāhphōhn'], Zaphon; north. Compare Appellatives.

לְּפְלֹּוֹ [ts'phōhn'], Zephon; expectation, hope. Compare לְּבֵּל above. It stands, Num. xxvi. 15, for בְּבִּלוֹן, Gen. xlvi. 16.

לְבּוֹנְי [ts'phōhnee'], Zephonite; patronymic of the preceding.

רְיִּםְּלְּרְ [tsippōhr'], Zippor; bird. Compare Appellatives.

ንያች [ts'phee'], Zephi; i. q. ንንች (Gen. xxxvi. 11), for which this is found, 1 Chr. i. 36.

기가부부 [tsiph-yōhn'], Ziphion; expectation, hope. From 미약복 to look out for, to wait.

마후복[tsōhpheem'], Zophim; watchmen. Part. pl. of 피우복 to look about.

לְּבְּיִרְהְ [ts'phan-yāh'], Zephaniah; (whom) the Lord hides, i. e., protects. From לְּבָּן to hide, and הי, the Lord.

אָפַּלְרָדוּף [ts'phan-yāh'hoo], id.

תַּבְּבֶּה [tsāhph'nath pahngănēh'ākh], Zaphnath-paaneah; by collation with the Egyptian, the meaning is supposed to be, saviour of the age. תְּפֹּצְי [tsippōhrāh'], Zipporah; bird. Compare יוֹפָּצְי above.

רְבֶּיׁלְ [ts'phāhth'], Zephath ; watch-tower. From לְּבָּיׁל to look about.

기路 [tsēhr'], Zer; strait. From 기업 to straiten, to press.

וֹרָהָ: [ts'rēhdāh'], Zeredah; a cooling. From אָרָה, collated with the Arabic, to be cool.

לְרְנְּיִר (ts'roo-yāh'), Zeruiah; balmy, odoriferous. From יִי balsam.

בְּרוּעֶּה [ts'roo-ngāh'], Zeruah ; leprous. Compare Appellative בְּרוּעָ Part. pass.

בְּרֵיֹר [ts'rōhr'], Zeror; bundle. Compare Appellatives.

צֹרֶי [tsōhree'], Tyrian; gentile noun of צֹרָי.

בְּרֵי [ts'ree'], Zeri; stands, 1 Chr. xxv. 3, for יְצָרִי ver. 11.

צְּרְעָּה [tsor-ngāh'], Zorah; hornet's town. i. q. אָרָעָה hornet (G.).

צְרַפֶּי [tsor-ngee'], Zorite; gentile noun of the preceding.

ֶּלְיִלְיִלְיּ [tsor-ngāhthee'], Zareathite, Zoreathite; id.

" [tsōhr'phee'], goldsmith (Neh. iii. 31); ought to have been rendered as a proper name, Zorphi, or, as it is with 디 article, Hazzorphi; as an Appellative, it ought simply to have been 키크보고, Part. of 키크볼 to melt, smelt.

בְּרַכְּת [tsāhr'phath'], Zarephath; a

melting, smelting. From 77\$ to melt, smelt.

אָרֵהֶן [ts'rēhrāh], Zererath; stands, Jud. vii. 22, for דָרָבָּא.

נול [tseh'reth], Zereth; perhaps for בְּהֶרת splendour (S.), from בָּהֶר to shine, glitter. Comp. the following.

רבים היים אין (tseh'reth hashshah'-khar), Zareth-shahar; splendour of the dawn. Compare the preceding and Appellative יושלים.

בְּרֶתְּוֹ [tsāhr'thāhn'], Zaretan, Zarthan, Zartanah; the etymology is obscure.

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וְרַּצְּאֵל [kavts'ēhl'], Kabzeel; stands for יְתַּבְּאָאֵל q. v.

다음구구 [kivtsah'yim], Kibzaim; two heaps (G.). Dual of 각구? = 각구? to gather, to collect.

קברות החקאות [kivrōhth hattah
ävāh'], Kibroth-hattaavah; graves of lust. Compare Appellatives, and Nu. xi. 34.

קְּדְּמָּה. [kēh'd'māh], Kedemah; eastward. From קוֹדֶם east, with ח local.

אָנקית [k'dēhmōhth'], Kedemoth; beginnings. Plural of קְּבֵּלְה i.q. Appellative קּבָּלָה.

תְּבְּיאֵל [kadmee-ēhl'], Kadmiel; one before, in the presence of God, i.e., minister of God (G.). From הַוֹנָי i.q. Chaldee הַוֹּיִף, as a preposition, before, and אֵל God.

קּוְלֵינְי [kadmohnee'], Kadmonite; oriental. Compare Appellatives.

תְּרֵבְ [kēhdāhr'], Kedar; dark skinned. From תְּרֵב to be dark coloured.

וְדְרְעֹּן? [kidrōhn'], Kidron; turbid. From קְדֵר, collated with the Arabic, to be turbid (G.).

لِيَّالِ [kāhdēhsh'], Kadesh; consecrated, sc., to Astarte, or Venus. Compare Gesenius on the Appellative of this form. From المالة to be holy, sacred.

שָׁלָּדֶּ, [keh'desh], Kedesh; sanctuary. From שֹׁלַדְיּלָ to be holy, sacred.

ዩርት ው ፲፫ ៤ kāhdēhsh' barnēh'ang], Kadesh-barnea; Kadesh of Barnea, of a desert of that name, only occurring in connection with ው፲፫. Barnea, according to Simonis, desert of wandering, sc. of the Israelites. ንቷ, from the Chaldee, Syriac, and Arabic, a desert, and ፻፫ wandering; from ፻፲ to move to and fro, to wander. According to Hiller, contracted for ፻፫ cistern of the fugitive. Others again, son of wandering; hence Kedesh of the Nomades.

קובל [k'hēhlāh'], with paragogic קובל [k'hēhlāh'thāh], Kehelathah; convocation. From קובל to convoke.

קְּהְהָּ [k'hāhth'], Kohath; assembly. From obsolete מְּחָרָם, in the Chaldee, to assemble.

ֹחְתְּרְ [k'hāhthee'], Kohathite; patronymic of the preceding.

קלְתֶּלֶּת, (koh-heh'leth), preacher (Eccl. i. 1, &c.); a masculine

proper name with feminine termination, as designating office. Literally, the convoker, for preacher, from his gathering an assembly around him. Part. fem. of קורי to convoke.

קוֹלְיָחְ [kōhlāh-yāh'], Kolaiah; voice of the Lord. For קוֹלָיָתְ (G.).

Yin [kōhts], Koz, and with ⊓ art., Hakkoz, Koz, Coz; the thorn. Compare Appellatives.

קוֹבְא, once קוֹבְּא, [kōhrēh'], Kore; partridge. Compare Appellative אָרָה, properly, the crier, caller. Part. from אָרָה to cry, to call.

וֹלְשְׁקְדוּ [kooshāh-yāh'hoo], Kushaiah; bow of the Lord, i.e., rainbow. From הקלים, in the Arabic, to be curved, bent, as a bow (G.).

קְּמֵרְּרֶה [k'toorāh'], Keturah; incense. i.q. Appellative קמוֹרָה.

1\$\textsize [k\bar{a}ht\bar{a}hn'], with the \textsize article, Hakkatan; the little, or, younger. Compare Appellatives.

וֹקְיְרְיִיף [kitrōhn'], Kitron; small. Collated with the Appellative יוֹדְיְרְיִף, Eze. xlvi. 22, which the Vulgate, Syriac, and Arabic render small. It is found, Jud. i. 30, instead of which it is רְשָׁיִי in Jos. xix. 15.

지역한 [kattāhth'], or better as other copies read, 지역한 [kattath], Kattath; small. Supposed to be contracted for 지구한.. Compare the preceding.

אות [kah'-yin], Cain; acquisition, possession. From און, or און, probably i. q. און, to get, acquire. Compare Gen. iv. 1.

קיבֶּח [keenāh'], Kinah; lamentation. From אָרָּ, in Piel, to lament.

קֹרֶל & קֹרֶל [kēhnee'], Kenite; gentile noun of קַיָּן. Compare Nu. xxiv. 22, and Jud. iv. 11.

היבים [keeneem'], Kenites; id.

וֹלְכָּן [kēhnāhn'], Cainan, Kenan; perhaps i. q. וְלְנְיָן possession (G.), but compare זְיִרְיּ

קיר [keer'], Kir; wall. Compare Appellatives.

קיר הָרֶשׁ [keer kheh'res], Kirheres, Kir-haresh; wall of tiles. Compare Appellatives.

קיר הְתֶּבְשֶּׂת [keer khăreh'seth], Kirhareseth; id.

קירְים & קּירְים (kēhrōhs'], Keros; from the Chaldee, weaver's comb (G.).

קישׁ [keesh], Kish; a snaring. From קוֹשׁ to lay snares.

?[keeshōhn'], Kishon; winding. From קלים, collated with the Arabic, to be curved, bent (G.).

קישָׁי [keeshee'], Kishi; stands, 1 Chr. vi. 29(44), for אָלָיָנָ xv. 17.

[kallah'y], Kallai; swift, sc., servant of the Lord. Perhaps for הַלְיִת (G.), from לְּלֵית to be light, swift.

קלְיֵחְ [kēhlāh-yāh'], Kelaiah; assembly of the Lord. Contracted from אָרָחַלָּח (S.) for אָרָחַלָּח, from to convoke. It stands, Ezr. x. 23, for the following.

קליק [k'leetāh'], Kelitah; id., from לקלים, in the Chaldee, to gather together. Compare the preceding, especially Ezr. x. 23.

קְמֵרְאֵל [k'moo-ēhl], Kemuel; assembly of God. אמי or קמי, in the Arabic, to gather together, and אַא God (S.).

ַלְּמְלֹּוֹ [kāhmōhn'], Camon; standing firm. From לוּם to stand.

וֹבְּרָתְ [kāhnāh'], Kanah; reed, reeds, i.e., place of reeds. Compare Appellative קְּבָּח reed.

רְבְּי [k'naz'], Kenaz; a hunting. יקבי, collated with the Arabic, to hunt.

הְיּרִי [k'nizzee'], Kenizzite; patronymic and gentile noun of יְרָבְּי, as the signification for the latter it is, hunter.

רְבֶּרְ [k'nāhth'], Kenath; possession. From רְבְּרְ to acquire, possess.

קְּלֵיקֶׁתְ [k'ngeelāh'], Keilah; fortress, refuge. Collated with the Arabic (S.).

קּבִּיקְ, [k'tsee-ngāh'], Kezia; cassia. Compare Appellative.

עֶּבֶּק ק׳ see הְצְּיץ.

קונא see לבא.

תְּבֶת [kāhrēh'ǎkh], Kareah; baldhead. Compare Appellative בּבְרָה.

קֹרֵר [$k\bar{o}h'rakh$], Korah; ice. Compare Appellative.

קרחי [korkhee'], Korahite, Korhite,

Korathite; patronymic of the preceding.

קְרֵיְּוֹר [k'riy-yōhth'], Kerioth; cities. Plur. of קְרָיָם i. q. קַרָיָם.

אַרְבָּת אַרְבּּן [kir-yath' arbang'], Kirjath-arba; city of Arba, one of the Anakims. Compare Appellative רְּרָיָף and proper name אַרְבָּע

קרֵית בְּעֵל [kir-yath' bah'-ngal], Kirjath-baal; city of Baal. Compare Appellative קִּיְם, and pr. name בַּעַל.

תוֹבְית תְּצְלוֹת [kir-yath' khootsōhth'], Kirjath-huzoth ; city of streets. Compare Appellatives תוֹבְית אַ אָרָיִה

קרְיָתְיִם [kir-yāhthah'-yim], Kirjathaim; double city. Dual of קרָיָה, compare Appellatives.

קרִיר יְשְׁרִים [kir-yath' y'ngāhreem'], Kirjath-jearim; city of woods. Compare Appellatives יְעָר אַ הָרָיָם

קְּבְיַתְ פַּבְּּתְ [kir-yath' sannāh'], Kirjath-sannah ; city of palms. Compare Appellative בְּכִבְּיִם (G.).

קפֶּר [kir-yath' sēh'pher], Kirjath-sepher; city of writing, or, books; i.e., learning. Compare Appellatives.

קְרַיִר עָּקִים [kir-yath' ngāhreem'], קּרְיַת Kirjath-arim; contracted for קָרָים.

קהר הְּהָיה (keh'ren happookh'), Keren-happuch; splendour (lit. rays) of carbuncle. But as this meaning for the second word is uncertain, others render it horn of paint, i. e., eye-paint, stibium. Compare Appellatives.

הירם see קרם.

שְׁרְבְיִתְ [karkang'], Karkaa; floor, pavement. Compare Appellatives.

קרְלְרֵ [karkōhr'], Karkor; an undermining. From קר. Compare Isa. xxii. 5.

קרְתְּהְ [kartāh'], Kartah; city. i.q. Appellative קָרָהָ.

תְּלְתָּוֹ [kartāhn'], Kartan; two cities.

Dual after the Chaldee or Arabic (S.), elsewhere חָרָיָתוֹיִם q. v.

וְלְּשְׁלְּוֹ [kish-yōhn'], Kishion, Kishon; hardness. From קשָׁרְ, to be hard.

٦

TRANS [rōh-eh'], with the article, Haroeh; the beholding, regarding, sc. God, Part. of 可知 to see, behold, regard. It stands, 1 Chr. ii. 52, for 可知 (the Lord regards him); see ch. iv. 2.

וווי [r'oovēhn'], Reuben; See, a son! אין Imper. pl. of אין and אין a son. See Gen. xxix. 32, where the words "for she said, Surely the Lord hath looked upon my affliction," &c. are not to be understood as the cause why she (Leah) gave him this name, but why she thus joyfully exclaimed, "See, a son!" And though this fact is not expressly stated, it is most probable, from the plain signification of the name.

רְאַנְבְיְ [r'oovēhnee'], Reubenite; patronymic of the same.

וֹרְאָרֹיִי [r'oomāh'], Reumah; raised, high. Part. pass. of אָן to be high.

Lord has regarded (him). From Those, behold, regard, and The Lord.

and אַן (rāhmōhth'), Ramoth; heights. From אָן to be high.

Ramath of the south (Jos. xix. 8); height, high place of the south. Comp. the preceding and the Appellative בַּבָב

בּאֹר [rōhsh'], Rosh; head. Compare Appellatives.

קבר [rabbāh'], Rabbah; great, sc. great city, metropolis. Fem. of בּבָר from בְבָר to become much, or, many.

[rabbeeth'], Rabbith; multitude. From בְּבֵל to become great, or, many.

רֶבֶּלֶה [rivlāh'], Riblah; fertility. From בְּבֶּלְה, according to the Arabic, to be much, fertile, abundant (G.).

שְׁבֶּבֶ [reh'vang], Reba; the fourth. From אַבְאַ four.

רְבְּקְוֹד: [rivkāh'], Rebekah; binding, hence perhaps fascinating. From רָבָּק, comp. Lex. on this obsolete root.

רְבְּשְׁקְחְ [ravshāhkēh'], Rab-shakeh; chief cupbearer. ⊃ן great, chief, compare Appellatives, and שָׁקָה participle of הַּשְׁרָּרָ. Compare Gesenius on this obsolete root.

רְבְּלְים [rōhg'leem'], Rogelim; fullers'-place. Participle of בָּבָל to tread, sc. garments in washing (G.). Compare צִין רֹבֵל.

רֶּבֶּם [reh'gem], Regem; friend. Collated with the Arabic (S.).

קָּבֶּם בֶּּבֶּם (reh'gem meh'lekh), Regem-melech; friend of the king. Compare the preceding.

וֹתְי [raddah'y], Raddai; the Lord subdues. For דְּיָדָ, preterite of דָיַדָ to subdue, and דּיָ the Lord.

בְחַרְ [rah'hav], Rahab; pride. Compare Appellative.

רְחְבֶּה [rohgāh'], Rohgah; outcry, clamour. From רחב, collated with the Arabic, to cry out (G.). This is the reading according to Keri, but רוֹחֲבָה according to Kethib.

רוּמֶח [roomāh'], Rumah; lofty. From לום to be high.

רוֹמְמְהַנּי עֵּיֶּנֶר [rōhmam'tee ngēh'zer], Romamti-ezer; I have exalted (his) help. Piel of רוֹמְמָהָני to be raised, to be high, and עֵיֶּנֶר help. Compare Appellatives.

האר [rooth], Ruth; appearance, beauty. Contracted from הארץ. Compare Appellative.

וְיוֹיְוֹ [r'zōhn'], Rezon; prince, i.q. לֵוֹן (G.), which latter is a participle of ז"ו. See Gesenius on this root.

בְּחֶב [rāhkhāhv'], Rahab; enlargement. From בְּחֶב to be, or, become wide, large.

רְיבִית [r'khōhvōhth'], Rehoboth; wide places, ample room. From אָרָה compare the preceding, also Gen. xxvi. 22.

רְחֲבְיֹחְ [r'khav-yāh'], Rehabiah; enlargement of the Lord. Compare בְּחָיִם above, and היי, the Lord.

יְתַבְיָתוּ [r'khav-yāh'hoo], id.

רְתַּבְּקְּם [r'khavngāhm'], Rehoboam; enlargement of the people. Compare above, and Appellative בּיָבָר above, and Appellative בּיָב

בְּחְוֹב [r'khōhv'], Rehob; street. Compare Appellatives.

רְּקְרָּנְיּ [r'khoom'], Rehum; beloved. Participle passive form of רְּבָּי to love.

רְחֵלֹ [rāhkhēhl'], Rachel; ewe, sheep. Compare Appellatives.

רְחַבְּ [rah'kham], Raham; love, compassion. From בְּחַבְּ to love, to have compassion.

ירחום see רחם.

ֹרִיבְי [reevah'y], Ribai; i. q. יְרִיבַי adversary.

רִיפִּת [reephath'], Riphath; the etymology is obscure.

בֶּבֶב [rēhkhāhv'], Rechab; rider. From בַּבְ to ride.

בֶּבְבֶּי [rēhkhāhvee'], Rechabite; patronymic of the same.

רֶבְּת [rēhkhāh'], Rechah; side. For בְּבָּת Compare Appellatives.

[rāhkhāhl], Rachal; traffic. From יבֵל from which בָּלֶל a trader, merchant.

 \Box [$r\bar{a}hm'$], Ram; high. From to be high.

רְבֶּר [rāhmāh'], Ramah; height, high place. From או to be high.

רְּמְּוֹן [rimmōhn'], Rimmon; pomegranate. Compare Appellatives.

וֹ רְמְּלוֹת [rāhmōhth'], Ramoth; heights. i. q. אמות q. v.

קְלֶּלְדְ [rāhmōhth' gil-ngāhd'], Ramoth-gilead; Ramoth in Gilead. Compare the preceding, and בָּלְעָד.

רְתְּיֶחְ [ram-yāh'], Ramiah; the Lord is exalted. Pret. of סְלָיִם to be high, exalted, and הן the Lord.

בְּמִים [rammeem'], Syrians; with article רָמָּים for בְּאָרַק.

אָרָיִר [r'mal-yāh'hoo], Remaliah; (whom) the Lord decks, adorns. From according to the Arabic, to deck with gems (G.).

רְקְּיֶּן בְּיִרְיִּ [rimmōhn peh'rets], Rimmon-parez; pomegranate-cleft. Compare ישוֹן above, and אַרֶּיָּם a breach.

רְבֶּח [reh'meth], Remeth; height. i. q. בְּבֶּח.

קבּתְ הַמְּלְ [rāhmath' hammits-peh], Ramath-mizpeh; height of the watch-tower. Comp. מְלָם and הַפָּצְטָּ.

רָבֶּתְי [rāhmāhthee'], Ramathite; gentile noun of רָבָּת.

ילְתֹי [rāhmath' l'khee'], Ramath-lehi; height of the jaw-bone. Compare בְּמֵת מְחֹי and appellative.

rāhmahthah'-yim tsōhpheem'], Ramathaim-zophim; two heights of the Zophites, or, the watchmen.

Dual of ''' height, and the part. of ''' to look about, to watch.

רְבֶּר [rinnāh'], Rinnah; rejoicing. From לְבָן to shout. Compare Appellatives.

רְּפָר [rissāh'], Rissah; dew. From סְבָּר to moisten, sprinkle. Collated with the Chaldee, Arabic, and Sanscrit (G.).

וֹכֶּיֶבֶ [reh'sen], Resen; bridle. Compare Appellatives.

רְּעָה [r'ngoo'], Reu; friend, sc. of God (G.). From רְּשָׁר to delight in one, to be his companion. For this form compare

f'ngoo-ēhl'], Reuel; friend of God. Compare the preceding and אֵל God.

בּלְי [rēh-ngee'], Rei; friendly, social. Denom. of כל companion, friend (G.).

רְעֵלְיָתְ [r'ngēhlāh-yāh'], Reelaiah; trembling, i. e. terror of the Lord. From בְעַל to shake, tremble, and הִי the Lord.

רְּבְּקְה [rangmah'], Raamah; trembling, or, thundering. From לַנְם to tremble, thunder.

רַלְּמְיְהְ [rāh-ngam-yāh'], Raamiah; terror of the Lord. Compare the preceding, and רְעֵּלְיָה (Ezra ii. 2), for which this stands in Neh. vii. 7.

בְּעַבְּקְבּ [rangm'sēhs'], Rameses, and מְשָׁבְּיִלְ [rah-ngamsēhs'], Rameses; the first form, according to the Coptic, is composed of man, pastor, i.e. shep-

herd, and the second, field of the sun (Jablonski by Simonis).

トラフ [rāhphāh], Rapha (only 1 Chr. viii. 2), elsewhere rendered giant (xx. 4, 6, 8); i. q. コラフ giant, q. v.

רְפָּאִים [r'phāh-eem'], Rephaims; giants, gentile noun from לְּבָּא giant. Compare 1 Chr. ii. 4, 6, or רְּבָּא (2 Sa. xxi. 18, 20).

(whom) God heals. For אָל (whom) God heals. For אָל , preterite of אָלָן to heal, and הּל God.

እንጋር [rāhphoo'], Raphu; healed. Participle passive of እንጋ to heal.

רבת [reh'phakh], Rephah; rich. From רְּבָּיִן according to the Arabic, to be rich (S.).

לְּכִידִים [r'pheedeem'], Rephidim; beds, couches. Passive form of קָבָּי to strew, to spread out a bed. Compare יְצוֹעַ, bed, couch, from יַצְעַרָּעָ

יְרְפָּאֵל [r'phāh-yāh'], Rephaiah; (whom) the Lord heals. For אָל בְּיִל אָיִר פְּאֵל preterite of אָלָיִל to heal, and אַל God. Compare יְרָפָאַל

মুখু [rits-yāh'], Rizia; delight. From নমু to delight in anything.

וְבְּיֵן [r'tseen'], Rezin; probably i. q. prince, q. v.

ባኝጋ [reh'tseph], Rezeph; pavement, i. q. Appellative ግንነጋ

קְּבְּיִלְּחָ [ritspāh'], Rizpah; hot coal, probably hot stone, used for roasting or baking. Compare Appellative. Or perhaps flame, אַבְיּלְ for אָבֶיין to inflame, kindle, whence אַבִיין q.v.

וְקְּתְּ [rakkōhn'], Rakkon; perhaps (situate) on the shore. Compare בְּקִר

קַּהָּהֶ [reh'kem], Rekem; variegated. From קַּהְיּק to variegate. Hence, collated with the Arabic (S.) a flower garden.

רַכַּיִי [rakkath'], Rakkath; shore. In the Chaldee אָרָהָי shore.

רְשֶׁלְּ [rel'sheph], Resheph; flame. Compare Appellatives.

רֹתְּכֵּי [rithmāh'], Rithmah; i. q. רֹתָם, according to some, juniper. According to Gesenius genista, broom, a shrub growing in the deserts of Arabia.

2

קֹבְיּיִ [s'vāhm'], Sevam; fragrance. Transposed for מוֹבָּי (S.), coolness, collated with the Arabic (G.).

קבְּשֶׁר [sivmāh'], Sibmah; id.

שֹנְרָב [s'goov'], Segub; elevated.

Passive form of to be lifted up, to be raised.

שְׁבְיִב [s'geev], Segub; id. Thus according to Kethib, 1 Ki. xvi. 34.

קיֹם [siddeem'], Siddim; plains. Plural of שִׁלְּדִים from לישׁ to be straight, even (G.).

אוֹלְוֹם, יֹסְוֹלֹם [sōhkhōh'], Sochoh, Shochoh, Socoh, Shocho, Socho, Soco; hedge, enclosure. From אוֹלָם to hedge, hedge in, or, about.

[sookhāhtheem'], Suchathites; gentile noun from an unknown place אור hedge, enclosure. Compare the preceding.

ກວຸບຸຕຸ້ [sitnāh'], Sitnah; opposition, hatred. From ໄດ້ປຸ່ to be an adversary. Compare Gen. xxvi. 21.

קייאְוֹן [see-ōhn'], Sion; elevated. For קשׁי from קשׁי to lift up, to raise.

בּוֹבְיבּ [sēh'khoo], Sechu; watch-tower. From בּיִּבְּים i.q. Chaldee בּיִבְּים to look, view, whence Chaldee מְבָרוּ watch-tower.

קֹבֶּי [sāhkhāhr], Sacar; hire, wages. From אָנָה to hire. Compare Appellatives.

שִּלְמֶא שׁלְמֶא [salmāh'], Salma; garment. Compare Appellative שַׁלְמָה

שִׁלְמְוֹן [salmōhn'], Salmon; clothed. From שַׂלְמָה a garment.

שׁלְמִי [salmah'y], Shalmai; stands for שׁלְבֵי Ez. ii. 46, which reading the English version proposes also here Neh. vii. 48.

שִׁמְלֶח [samlāh], Samlah; garment, i. q. Appellative שָׁלְרָּח.

שְּׂבְיר [s'neer'], Senir; coat of mail (S.).

קיר [sēh-ngeer'], Seir ; hairy, i.q. Appellative קיניר.

שְׁלֵּרְים [s'ngōhreem'],Seorim; barley. Compare Appellative

according to other copies שָׁפְּמְוֹת, which see under w.

[sāhrāh'], Sarah; princess. Feminine of prince. Compare Appellatives. Or perhaps as a Pret. The she is become princess, she has prevailed. In reference both to the past event regarding Hagar, and the promise which the Lord was about to bestow upon her immediately. Compare Gen. xvii. 15, 16.

ישָׂרִרּג [s'roog], Serig; shoot, tendril, i.q. Appellative ישָׂרִריּג

מוֹכֵי [sēh'rakh], Serah; abundance, i.q. Appellative מְּבָּים to be superfluous, redundant.

יבְירָ [sāhrah'y], Sarai; perhaps for שִׂרְיָה the Lord reigns, literally has dominion. Pret. of שׁוֹרְי to be prince, to have dominion, to reign.

קיר (sāhreed'), Sarid; remainder. From שָׂרִיד to flee, to escape, hence Appellative שָׂרִיד one escaped, left.

קרְנְיְה [s'rāh-yāh'], Seraiah; the Lord has dominion, reigns. From שָׂרָר i.q. שִׂרָר Compare, מַּוֹרָר and m; the Lord. This word, besides its numerous occurrences, is also found in 2 Sa. viii. 17, as the name of David's scribe. But in every other parallel passage a different word is found instead, so Nip in Keri, and אַיָשׁ Kethib, 2 Sa. xx. 25, אַשָּׁישׁ 1 Ki. iv. 2, 녹바 마 1 Chr. xviii. 16. Simonis, who considers these to refer to one and the same person, prefers to read in 2 Sa. viii. 17, אין habitation of the Lord, from the Chaldee איני or to dwell. And in agreement with this, by collations with the Arabic, Syriac, and Chaldee, he tries to prove that the other words, Nip or אישָׂ, אשִׁישִׁ and אשִׁישִׂ, signify habitation, sc. of the Lord.

שִּׂרָרֶוּהוּ [s'rāh-yāh'hoo], id.

קיין [sir-yōhn'], Sirion; coat of mail, i. q. Appellatives קריון and

קירְיּכְיּרְיּ [sars'kheem'], Sarsechim; prince of the Scythians. From מַּרִים answering to Σακαι of Herodot. Lib. VII. as the Persian name for the Scythians (S.).

קֹילָי [sāhrāhph'], Saraph; perhaps noble, prince. Compare Gesenius on the root אוש, which according to the Arabic may signify to be noble, of high birth.

שׁוֹיֵרֶקּ [sōhrēhk'], Sorek; shoot, tendril. Compare Appellatives.

فط

קאוּל [shāh-ool], Saul; asked for, obtained by entreaty. From שָׁאַל to ask, request.

ישָׁאוּלְי [shāh-oolee'], Shaulite; patronymic of the same.

קּאָל [sh'āhl'], Sheal; petition. From שָׁאַל to ask, request.

[sh'altee-ēhl'], Shealtiel, Salatiel; I have asked (him) of God, or petition of God, the abstract for the concrete, asked for of God. אָשָׁלָּה וּשִׁלְּה פּוֹלְה וּשִׁלְּה פּוֹלְה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִּׁלְּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִּׁלְּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִּׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִּילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִּׁילִה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִּה שִׁילִיה שִּילִיה שִּיליה שִּילִיה שִּיליה שִּילִיה שִּיליה שִייליה שִּיליה שִּי

קְּאֵנֶה [shēh-ĕrāh], Sheerah; blood-relationship, kindred, concr. kinswoman, i.q. Appellative אָנָאָרָ (G.).

קְּיִילְּיִנְּיִ [sh'āhr' yāhshoov'], Shear-jashub; a remnant shall return. For the first compare Appellatives, and שִׁינִי future of אַשׁינִי to return.

אַקְייִי [sh'vāh'], Sheba, Sabeans; man. Collated with the Ethiopic (G.).

קיִלְיִי [sh'vāh-eem'], Sabeans; gentile noun of the same.

לאָברּאָל [sh'voo-ēhl'], Shebuel; captivity of God, perhaps for concr. captive of God. שָׁברּוּח Chaldee form for מַלְכוּף captivity (compare בַּלְכוּף), and אַל God.

לוֹבְי [shōhvah'y], Shobai; captor, one who takes captive. Participle of שָׁבָּי to take, or, lead captive.

יבְּשׁ [shōhvee'], Shobi; id.

אַבְיִה [shov-yāh'], Shachiah; this is the reading of some copies, but others read רְיִשְׁ which the English version has followed.

אַבְבֶּשֶׁ (shevnāh'), Shebna; approach, access. From an Arabic root to draw near, whence, according to others, confidence, trust, for concr. confident.

קבְּיְרֵה [sh'van-yāh'], Shebaniah; perhaps confident of the Lord. Compare the preceding.

שְׁבַנְיְהַרּ [sh'van-yāh'hoo], id.

フラヴ [sheh'vang], Sheba; oath. As the name of a place, compare Gen. xxi. 14, 31, and xxvi. 33. But it being also the name of a man, compare 2 Sa. xx. 1,2; it may signify seven, compare Appellatives.

קקק [shiv-ngāh'], Shebah; oath. Compare Gen. xxvi. 33.

רשֶׁנֶי [sheh'ver], Sheber; breach, or, fracture. From בְּשָׁ to break. Compare Appellatives.

ישְׁבֶּרְים [sh'vāhreem'], Shebarim; breaches, plural of שֶׁבָּר. Compare the preceding.

עַבְּרֵי (shabb'thah'y), Shabbethai; Sabbath of the Lord, for שָׁבַּרִי, i.e. Sabbath-born. Compare Appellative

אָבֶשְׁ [shāhgēh'], Shage; erring. Participial form of אָלָשָׁ i.q. אָשָׁ to err.

לְּשְׁרֵיאְרּר [sh'dēh-oor'], Shedeur; darting of fire. אוָשָׁ in the Chaldee to cast, shoot, and אור fire. Compare Appellatives (S.).

קיבון [shadrakh'], Shadrach; rejoicing in the way. Collated with the Persic (Bohlen by Gesenius). ם היים [shōh'ham], Shoham; onyx. Compare Appellatives.

אָלְיָּל [sh'vāh'] Keri, but אָיָל [sh'yāh'] Kethib, Sheva; see קֿרָרָה

stands twice by transposition for שׁרְבָּאֵל Compare 1 Chr. xxiv. 20, xxv. 20, with xxv. 4, xxvi. 24.

| Shohvahv'], Shobab; rebellious, apostate. From I'm in Piel, to turn away, to depart. Compare Appellative.

קּשָׁבּוֹ [shōhvakh'], Shobach; probably i. q. שְּבִּוֹשׁ effusion. אַבָּשׁ i. q. אַבָּעֹי to pour out.

increase. From שׁוֹבֶּל to go up, rise, to grow. Compare Gesenius on this obsolete yerb.

שוֹבֵק [shōhvēhk'], Shobek; forsaking. Part. of מבל, in the Ch., to leave.

קוֹרֶה [shāh-vēh'], Shaveh; plain. From שָׁנִים to be even, level.

קּרְיָתִים [shāhvēh' kir-yāh-thah'-yim], Shaveh-kirjathaim; Shaveh (near) kirjathaim. Compare the preceding and שְׁבֶּוֹח הַלְיִתְיִם

קוֹם [shoo'akh], Shuah; bowed down. From the verb שׁלוּם to be bowed down.

מוּהְיִי [shookhee'], Shoohite; patron. and gentile noun of the preceding.

בּתְּחֶשׁ [shookhāhm'], Shuham; probably by transposition for שַּלְּחָדְן; it stands Num. xxvi. 42, instead of שַּלְּחָדְן Gen. xlvi. 23.

י אַרּהָמְי [shookhāhmee'], Shuhamite; patronymic of the preceding.

shoolammeeth'], Shulamite; peaceful. From שְׁלָשִׁית to be at peace, enjoying peace.

אַמֶר & נְאַמְר [shōhmēhr'], Shomer; keeper. From שָׁמֵר to watch, to keep.

קיאני [shoonee'], Shuni, Shunite; quiet. From אשני probably i. q. אשני to be quiet, as the name of a man, and as a patronymic.

אַנְיֵם [shoonēhm'], Shunem; perhaps two resting-places. For שׁרְבָּיִם (G.).

אַרְנְמִירוּ [shoonammeeth'], Shunammite; f. gentile noun of the preceding.

אַזּשְׁ [shoo'ang], Shuah; riches. Compare Appellatives. Or perhaps for אָשׁוּשׁוּ help.

মুস্প্র [shoo-ngāh'], Shua; riches. Compare the preceding.

לשרּמֶל [shoo-ngāhl'], Shual; fox. Compare Appellatives.

মূহার্ট্ট [shōhphakh'], Shophach; effusion, i.e., profusion. From মৃহ্ট্ট to pour out.

אַרּפְּמִי [shoopkāhmee'], Shuphamite; patronymic of שְׁבּוּפְם

ארד [shoor], Shur; wall. Compare Appellatives.

אַרְשְׁיְשֵׁי [shavshāh'], Shavsha; compare ישָׂרָרָה.

וֹשְׁישׁי [shooshan'], Shushan; lily. Compare Appellatives.

אוייַן [shooshankhāh-yēh'], Shusanchites; Chaldee gentile noun of

שׁרִשֵּׁק [shooshak'], Kethib for שׁישֵׁק.

ארֹתָל [shootheh'lakh], Shuthelah; the etymology is obscure. According to Gesenius, for אַלְּהָלָל crack of tearing in pieces; אָשׁלָּה from הַלְּה to make a noise, and הַלָּה from אַלּה Aram. to break, or, tear in pieces.

בּים [shahkhātsōhm'] in Kethib, בּים [shahkhātseem'] in Keri, Shahazimah; high place, or, high places. From אום according to the Arabic to lift up, or, raise oneself (G.).

ישׁחוֹר & שׁחוֹר see ישׁחוֹר .

(whom) the Lord seeks. From שָׁחַרְיָּחְ to seek, and הַ the Lord.

raim; dawns. Probably two dawns. Dual of שְׁחֵבִים dawn, morning. Compare Appellatives בּיָבָים אַנְבּיִם

ాడ్గాల్ [shitteem], Shittim; acaciatrees. Plural of గాడ్గాల్. Compare Appellatives.

קיבוי [shitrah'y], according to Kethib, Shitrai; writer. From שְׁשִׁ in the Arabic, to write (G.).

אָשְׁיֵי [sh'yāh'] according to Kethib; see שְׁרָיָה

אָלוֹן [shee-ōhn'], Shihon; destruction. From אוֹשׁ; compare the Appellative of this form and אָלוֹיִים

שׁיוָא [sheezāh'], Shiza; perhaps

love. From שָׁיִי according to the Arabic to love.

איחְוֹית [sheekhōhr'], Shihor; black. From שָׁיָם to be black.

קיל (only Gen. xlix. 10, which ought to be taken as an Appellative), אלה מיל (sheelōh'), Shiloh; place of rest, or, peace. From שָׁלָי to be tranquil, at rest.

שְׁלֹנְי & שִׁילוֹנְי [sheelōhnee'], Shilonite; gentile noun of the preceding, and also 1 Chr. ix. 5, of שֵׁלָה.

אַיְמִיׁן [sheemōhn'], Shimon; perhaps for יְשִׁים desert, from שַׁיָּבְיׁנוּן to be laid waste.

אָרֶר, [sheeshāh'], Shisha; see

אָשְׁישִׁ [sheeshak'], Shishak; the etymology is obscure.

ਸ਼ੜ੍ਹਾ [sh'khem'], Shechem, Sichem; shoulder, or, portion. Compare Appellatives.

בּיֶבֶּע [sheh'khem], Shechem; id.

קלי [shikhmee'], Shechemite; patronymic of the preceding.

קבְּכְיְהָ [sh'khan-yāh'], Shechaniah; the Lord abides (with him). From קבּלְי to abide, dwell, and הי the Lord.

שְׁכַנְיָתְהּ [sh'khan-yāh'hoo], id.

קרוֹן [shikk'rōhn'], Shichron; drunkenness. From שַׁבְּילוּ Compare Appellative שָׁבָּרוֹן.

מֵלֶת [shēhlāh'], Shelah; petition.

contr. for שְׁאֵל from שְׁאַל to ask, request.

שְלְּרִם & שֵׁלְּרָם [shalloom'], Shallum; retribution. From Piel of שַׁלְּכָּם to requite, recompense. Compare Appellatives שִׁלְכּם & שִׁלְּכּם.

קלרן [shalloon'], Shallum; quiet. From לְּיִלְי to be tranquil, quiet.

קיבי [sheh'lakh], Shelah, Salah, Siloah; shoot, sprout. Compare Appellatives.

בּילְשׁ [sheelōh'ākh], Shiloah; prop. a sending of water, i.e., conduit, aqueduct. Compare ליל, Ps. civ. 10 (G.).

ֹיְלְיִי [shilkhee'], Shilhi; armed. Compare Appellative שָׁלֵי weapon.

מְלְחִים [shilkheem'], Shilhim; armed men. Compare the preceding.

אַבֶּיכֶּר [shalleh'kheth], Shallecheth; a casting down, overthrow. From

בְּיֵלֵ [shāhlēhm'], Shalem, Salem; peaceable. Compare Appellative.

שְׁבְּׁלֵם [shillēhm'], Shillem; retribution. Compare Appellatives, and שׁלְּרִם above.

קיל (sh'lōhmōh'), Solomon; peaceable. From שִׁלְילִי to be safe, enjoying peace. Compare 1 Ch. xxii. 9.

קנימית [sh'lōhmōhth'], Shelomoth; prosperity, prosperous state. Fem. pl. of אָלִים as a substantive, compare Appellative גְעִימִים, whence & &

שְׁלְּמְי [sh'lōhmee], Shelomi; peaceable. i. q. Appellative שָׁלוֹם with constructive '.

שׁלֵם [shillēhmee'], Shillemite; patronymic of שׁלֵם שׁי.

שַׁלְמֵי [shalmah'y], Shalmai; retribution of the Lord. Contr. for שֶׁלֶמָיָת. Compare the following.

j [sh'loomee-ēhl'], Shelumiel; friend of God. Part. pass. of שַּלְּמִיאָל to be at peace, in friendship with any one. Compare 2 Sa. xx. 19, and אָן God.

רוֹי, לֶּיֶלֶ (shehlem-yāh'), Shelemiah; retribution of the Lord. From ישָׁלָלוּי, in the Piel, to requite, recompense, and ווֹי, the Lord.

אֶלֶמְיָדְהוּ [shehlem-yāh'hoo], id.

אַלמִי (sh'lōhmeeth'), Shelomith; peaceable. Fem. קשלימי q. v. as the name of a female; but as the name of a man, it may be a substantive, peaceableness, prosperity. Compare the use of שׁלוֹם as an adjective and as a substantive.

שׁלְמֵן [shalman'], Shalman; apoc. from the following.

אַכֶּר [shalman-eh'ser], Shalmanezer; the etymology is obscure.

יְשֶׁלֶנְי [shēhlāhnee'], Shelanite; patronymic of שֵׁלָח.

קלף [sheh'leph], Sheleph; a drawing out. From אָלָיל to draw out.

שׁלֶשׁׁ [shēh'lesh], Shelesh; triad (G.). From שׁלוֹשׁ three.

שׁלְשֵׁה [shilshāh'], Shilshah; id.

קילְשֶׁה [shāhleeshāh'], Shalishah; triangle. From שָׁלוֹשׁ three.

שׁלְתִּיאֵל [shaltee-ēhl'], Shealtiel; contracted from שְׁלְתִּיאֵל.

· Dr [shēhm'], Shem; name. Compare Appellatives.

ងង្គម៉្ [shammāh'], Shamma; i. q. កង្គម៉្ astonishment. From ២៦ម៉ូ to be astonished, amazed.

קבְּבֶּעְ [shemēh'ver], Shemeber; soaring on high, for אָבְיַבָּע, prop. in the abstract, lofty flight, from בְּשָׁ (whence height, and אָבָן (G.), prop. pinion.

កង្កាឃុំ [shim-āh'], Shimeah; astonishment. According to Simonis, for កាក្កាឃុំ. Compare កង្គឃុំ. According to Gesenius, i. q. ងបុក្កឃុំ fame.

stands instead of the preceding. Compare 1 Chr. ix. 32 with 38.

שׁמְבַּּר [shamgar'], Shamgar; its signification is not ascertained.

កាន្តឃុំ [shammāh'], Shammah; astonishment. From ២០ឃុំ to be astonished, amazed. Compare Appellatives.

רְּאָרוֹ [shamhooth'], Shamhuth; probably id. It stands for the preceding, compare 2 Sa. xxiii. 25 with 1 Chr. xxvii. 18.

קמראָל [sh'moo-ēhl'], Shemuel, Samuel; heard of God, i.e., given of God in answer to prayer. Compare 1 Sa.i. 20. Contracted from שְׁמִרּאַבּי

part. pass. of DDW to hear; also, to hear and answer prayer, and hear God.

মুদ্রুলু [shammoo'ăng], Shammua; renowned. From প্রমুদ্ধ to hear.

קילר [shāhmoor'], Shamir; in Kethib, 1 Chr. xxiv. 24, for שָׁמָיר in Keri.

המשני [shammōhth'], Shammoth; i. q. אמים astonishment, for which it stands. Compare 2 Sa. xxiii. 25 with 1 Chr. xi. 27. Compare also this Infinitive form in Eze. xxxvi. 3.

ម្លាប់ [shammah'y], Shammai; astonished. From ២២៥ to be astonished, amazed.

שְּמִידְנּ [sh'meedāhng'], Shemida; fame of wisdom. Compounded of מיד name, with conjunctive , and אַדָּוֹ q. Appellative אַדִּ knowledge, wisdom, from אַדָּיִ to know.

שְׁמְיָדְעִי [sh'meedāh-ngee'], Shemidite; patronymic of the same.

קיר [shāhmeer'], Shamir; diamond. Compare Appellatives.

אַמְיְרְמְוֹת [sh'meerāhmōhth'], Shemiramoth; of great renown, properly, name of exaltations. From שֵׁמִי name, with conjunctive ', and המון, from to be high.

שַׁמְלֵי [shamlah'y], Shalmai; in Kethib, for שֵׁלְכֵי, Ezr. ii. 46.

קב [shāhmāhng'], Shama; obedient. From אַבְשָׁ to hear.

אַבְשֵׁי [sheh'mang], Shema; fame. From אַבְשִׁי to hear. Compare Appellative אַבְשׁי fame, אַבָשׁי sound. (123)

אַבְעָּל [shim-ngāh'], Shimea, Shimei; fame. From "" to hear. Compare the preceding.

קיבעה [shim-ngāh'], Shimeah; id.

קּבְּעָרוֹ [sh'māh-ngāh'], Shemaah; with T article, the hearing, sc. the answer of prayer. From "Die to hear. also, to hear and answer prayer, spoken of God.

שׁבְּקוֹן [shim-ngōhn'], Simeon; a hearing, sc. answer of prayer. Compare the preceding, and Gen. xxix. 33.

(אַכִּלבי [shim-ngōhnee'], Simeonite; patronymic of the same.

שָׁמְלִיץ' [shim-ngee'], Shimei ; Shimite; renowned. From እውሮ to hear, compare Dow above. The patronymic from this name retains this same form.

קיבוה [sh'mang-yāh'], Shemaiah; (whom) the Lord hears. Pret. of שַׁבַשָּ to hear, and In the Lord.

לאָמַעְרָהוּ [sh'mang-yāh'hoo], id.

קּמְעָת [shim-ngāhth'], Shimath; i.q. שִׁמְעָה fame.

(shim-ngāhthee'], Shimeath ite; patronymic of ጠይኳው፦

קבר [sheh'mer], Shemer, (in pause) Shamer; keeping, preserving. From רבשט to keep, to watch.

אומר see שמר של של

[shōh-m'rōhn'], Samaria; pertaining to a watch, watch-height (G.). Compare the preceding.

וֹיִם [shimrōhn'], Shimron; watchguard (custodia). From Tou to keep watch, guard.

קרון מְראוֹן מָקראוֹן הַראוֹן מְראוֹן (shimrōhn' m'rōhn'), Shimron-meron; the etymology of the second word is unknown.

קרי [shimree'], Shimri; watchful. From אַטָּט to watch.

קבְּרָיָת [sh'mar-yāh'], Shemariah; (whom) the Lord keeps. From つりば to keep, watch, and 可 the Lord.

קבריהו [sh'mar-yāh'hoo], id.

וְשְׁמְרֵיוֹ [shāhm'rah'-yin], Samaria; the Chaldee form for זוֹם שׁנְרוֹן.

שָׁמָרֵית [shimreeth'], Shimrith; Fem. of טמר, for which watchful. it stands. Compare 2 Ki. xii. 22 with 2 Chr. xxiv. 26.

יְלִירְנְי [shōhm'rōhnee'], Samaritan; gentile noun of אַבְּרוֹן.

שׁמְלֹנְי [shimrohnee'], Shimronite; patronymic of אָמָלִרוֹן.

קיבות [shimrāhth'], Shimrath; watch, guard. From つつゆ to keep, to watch.

ነነቸው [shimshohn'], Samson ; sunlike (G.), from why the sun.

שְׁמְשׁי [shimshah'y], Shimshai; sunny, id.

שֵׁמְשְׁבֵי [shamsh'rah'y], Shamsherai; the etymology is not evident.

אַבְּתֵּי [shoomāhthee'], Shumathite; patronymic of an unknown person.

קביי perhaps i. q. Appellative שְּׁיָּט garlic.

弾 [shēhn'], Shen; cliff. Compare Appellative 弾 tooth, also, sharp rock, cliff.

자꾸 (shin-āhv'), Shinab; perhaps, the father's rest, quiet. Contracted from 'ND', as a verb, to rest, be quiet, and 그렇 father. Others, father's tooth, compare the preceding.

기울보기방 [shen-ats-tsar'], Shenazar; the signification is not known.

שְׁבִיר [sh'neer'], Shenir; most copies read שָּׁבִיר q.v.

לְּלְלֶּךְ [shin-ngāhr'], Shinar; the etymology is obscure.

שַׁעַלְבִים [shah-ngah-l'veem'], Shaal-

העלב (shah-ngălabbeem'), Shaalabbin; foxes, sc. place of foxes. תעלב, in the Arabic, a fox (G.).

קיביקי [shah-ngalvohnee], Shaalbonite; gentile noun of the preceding.

קּמְלִים [shah-ngăleem'], Shalim; foxes, sc. region of foxes. Plural of שׁנְּעֵלִים fox.

קשַׁנְ [shah'ngaph], Shaaph; balsam. i.q. Chaldee אָעִייָ (S.).

שְׁלֵרְיְחְ [sh'ngar-yāh'], Sheariah; (whom) the Lord estimates. From שָׁלָּי, collated with the Arabic, to estimate (G.), and הי, the Lord.

שְׁבְּרֵיִם [shah-ngărah'-yim], Shaaraim; two gates. Dual of שַׁעֵּ a gate, compare Appellatives. קשׁבָּע [shah-ngashgaz'], Shaashgaz; servant of the beautiful. Collated with the Persic (G.).

៉ាង្គឃុំ [sh'phōh'], Shepho; nakedness, baldness, from កង្គឃុំ to scrape, to scrape, or, pare off; in Aram. to make smooth, bald (G.).

קיל [sh'phoophāhm'], Shupham; perhaps, i.q. אָפִר פּיל serpent, from שְׁפִּר פּרֹל, collated with the Syriac, to creep (G.).

קְּפְּלְּכְּן [sh'phoophāhn'], Shephuphan; id.

దన్గిల్లా [shahphāht'], Shaphat; judge. From దన్గిల్లా to judge.

ন ነው ነው [sh'phat-yāh'], Shephatiah; (whom) the Lord judges. Preterite of ኮውያ to judge, and ন the Lord.

אָלְמְלְיִרוּ [sh'phat-yāh'hoo], id.

기뉴틱♥ [shiphtāhn'], Shiphtan; judicial. From 따르면 to judge.

שְׁפִּי [sh'phee'], Shephi; i.q. שְׁפִּי nakedness, for which it stands, compare Gen. xxxvi. 23 with 1 Chr. i. 40.

בּיִים [shooppeem'], Shuppim; perhaps, serpents. Compare בּיִּשְׁלָּיִל (G.), but very unsuitable for the name of a man.

שָׁפִּיר [shāhpheer'], Shaphir; fair. i.q. Chaldee שָׁפִּיר from שָׁפָּר to be polished; hence, to be fair.

່ວອື່ (shāhphāhm'), Shapham; perhaps, bald. From ຕອຸໝຸ່, compare ງ່ອຍຸ່.

בּיף [sh'phāhm'], Shepham; bare-

ness, place naked of trees. From ロラヴ, compare ゴラヴ (G.).

קלות [shiphmöhth'], Shiphmoth; perhaps, id.

ישׁפְּמֵי [shiphmee'], Shiphmite; gentile noun of שְּׁלְּמֵי

ገଳ୍ଫ [shāhphāhn'], Shaphan; coney, or, rabbit. Compare Appellatives.

אָבְּעִי [shiph-ngee'], Shiphi; abounding, having abundance. From אַבּע, in the Chaldee, to overflow. Compare Appellative שַבָּע abundance.

קּבֶּר [sheh'pher], Shapher; beauty. From שַׁשָּׁל to be polished; hence, to be fair. Compare שָׁפִּרי.

יְּשִׁכְּיְדִי [shiphrāh'], Shiphrah; beauty. Compare the preceding.

רְאֶבֶּי [shar-eh'tser], Sharezer; prince of fire. Collated with the Persic (G.).

אַבְּבְיְה [shēhrēhv-yāh'], Sherebiah; heat of the Lord. From אַבָּל to be hot. Compare Appellative הַבְּל heat.

קרה [shāhrookhen'], Sharuhen; pleasant lodging. For אַרוּאָדוּ lodging, from אַרוּאָדוּ i.q. Chaldee אַיִּדְיּ to put up for the night, to lodge (comp. the forms בַּלְכוּר Chaldee, and בַּלְכוּר Hebrew), and אַרְאָדוּ grace, favour, kindness, gracefulness; here, pleasantness, compare Appellatives (G.).

קְּיוֹן [shāhrōhn'], Sharon; plain. For יְשִׁרוֹן, from שָׁרָנוֹן, to be even, level.

קרוֹק" [shāhrōhnee'], Sharonite; gentile noun of the preceding.

שְׁרְמִי (shirtah'y), Shirtai; thus, according to the Keri, in 1 Chr. xxvii. 29; but the Kethib, which reads מְּמִרַי q. v., seems to be the more correct.

קרֵי [shāhrah'y], Sharai; perhaps, liberator. From אָרָי i.q. Chaldee אין to loose, to solve.

קיוֹן [shir-yōhn'], Sirion; coat of mail. Compare Appellatives.

תוביר [shāhrāhr'], Sharar; firm, muscular. From שָׁרָר to twist together, to be firm; whence שָׁרָר nerves, sinews, ישׁרָר navel.

ໜຶ່ງໝູ່ [sheh'resh], Sheresh; root. i.q. Appellative ພື່ງນີ້.

기월교학교 [shēhshbatstsar], Sheshbazzar; fire-worshipper. Collated with the Arabic (G.).

າພູ້ບໍ່[shāhshah'y], Shashai; perhaps, whitish. From ພ້າພື, which probably signified, to be white; whence ພື່ພື່ byssus, and white marble; ພື່ງ id., &c. (G.).

່ງຜູ້ຜູ້ [shēhshah'y], Sheshai; id.

ាម្ចាយ់ [shēhshakh'], Sheshach; house of the prince. Collated with the Persic (Bohlen, by Gesenius).

ੀਲੂੰਲੂੰ [shēhshāhn'], Sheshan; perhaps i. q. lਲੁੱਖਲੇ lily (G.).

רְשִׁשְׁ [shāhshak'], Shashak; eagerness, longing. For רְשִׁרְשָׁ, from רְשִׁלְּעָל, from רְשִׁלְּעָל, from מַנְיּלְעָל, from אַרְעָלְיּלָל, from ניס מות to and fro, to be eager, to be greedy (S.).

[shēhth'], Sheth, Seth; marg. (Gen.iv. 25), appointed, or, put. From

סיר מילי to set, place; here, replace, hence replaced.

שׁלְּתֵל [shoothalkhee'], Shuthalite; patronymic of שׁתַלְּתֹי

רְאָנֶי [shēhthāhr'], Shethar; star. Collated with the Persic (S.).

קוֹנְי קּנְיְנְי (sh'thar bōhz'nah'y), Shethar-boznai; shining star, properly, star of splendour (S.).

ת

Taanath-shiloh; approach to Shiloh. From אָבְּרָה to approach. See also

יַבְּלְּבְיֵעְ [tahrēh'ăng], Tarea; cunning. i. q. יַבְּאְבִיעָ q. v.

קבְּוֹר [tāhvōhr'], Tabor; height, mount. מבה i.q. מבה, whence Appellative אַבּוֹר high place.

קבְי [tivnee'], Tibni; like, resembling. From קבָל to construct, build; whence Appellative הַבְּנִית structure, pattern, likeness.

תְּבְּעֵּרְה [tav-ngēhrāh'], Taberah; a burning. From אַבְּע to burn up. Compare Nu. xi. 3.

קבְץ [tēhvēhts'], Tebez; perhaps, brightness. From an obsolete לבן: q. Arabic (G.).

and בּלְלֶת פְּלֶשֶׁר [tiglath pil-eh'ser], and הּגְלָת פְּלֶשֶׁר [tiglath p'leh'ser], lord of the Tigris. Collated with the Persic (G.).

קרְבְיּה [tadmohr'], Tadmor; city of palm-trees. Coll. with the Arab. (G.).

תְּדְעֵּל [tid-ngāht], Tidal; fear, veneration. From דעל, in the Samaritan, to fear, venerate (S.).

יבל הוּבֹל (tooval), Tubal; issue, offspring. From בָּל to flow; whence בוּל a stream, יבוֹל produce.

קרָל קְרָי [tooval kah'-yin], Tubalcain; issue of Cain. Compare the preceding. According to Gesenius (scoriarum faber), smith of dross; dross prob. for ore. Coll. with the Arabic.

תּוֹבֵיְקְת [tōhgarmāh'], Togarmah; the signification is not evident.

קלה [tōh'ākh], Toh; perhaps, rest. Properly, a settling down. חוח (according to Simonis, i.q. Arabic און (according to Simonis, i.q. Arabic און (according to Simonis, i.q. Arabic און (according to Compare Gesenius on the root יום to rest; properly, to settle down; whence און ווים rest. The person called יום in 1 Chr. vi. 19 is called און in ver. 11.

תוֹלֶד [tōhlāhd'], Tolad; family, posterity. From לַלִּד to bear, bring forth. Compare Appellative הוֹלְדָּה generation, family, &c.

קלוֹן [toolōhn'], in Kethib, Tilon; gift. From בְּתַלְלֹּח, in Chaldee and Syriac, to give (S.).

אַלְּכִּ [tōhlāhng'], Tola; worm. Compare Appellatives.

וּלְלְּיִי [tōhlāh-ngee'], Tolaite; patronymic of the preceding.

קימָן [tōhmāhn'], in Kethib, for

Tikvath; congregation. From 미간, whence 다양 Gen. xlix. 10, which is also rendered congregation (S.).

קֹרוֹהְ [tōh'khoo], Tohu; stands, 1 Sa. xi. 1, for אוֹרָם q v.

תְּחַבְּמן [takh-k'mōhnee'], Tachmonite; patronymic of an unknown wisdom, from יתּחְבָּמן to be wise.

기마 [tah'khan], Tahan; station, camp. From 마카 to encamp.

קְּחַהְּ [t'khinnāh'], Tehinnah; grace, favour. From אָן to be gracious.

יְבְּיִבְיּ [tah-khănee'], Tahanite; patronymic of רְבָּוֹים

haphnehes, & בּיִבְּלְבְּוֹכּת [takhpan-khēhs'], Tahpanhes; head, or, beginning of the world. Collated with the Egyptian (Jablonski, by Gesenius).

תְּלְפָנֵס & הַּדְּפְּנֵס [takhp'nēhs'], Tahpenes; of the same signification.

תּחְבֶּעְ [takhrēh'ăng], Tahrea; cunning. From איר, according to the Syriac; in the Æth., to be cunning (G.).

ชักกุ [tah'khash], Tahash; badger. Compare Appellatives.

station. Compare Appellatives.

אָרְיָהָ & אְרָהָ [tēhmāh'], Tema; desert, uninhabited country. Collated with the Arabic (G.).

תֹּלְמֶן [tēhmāhn'], Teman; south. Compare Appellatives. ֹלְימֶנְי [tēhmāhnee'], Temanite; patronymic of the preceding.

בְּיכְין [tēhm'nee'], Temeni; perhaps better Temenite, as a patronymic of תֵּילָם.

לְּתִילוֹן, Tilon; gift. For לְּתִילוֹן, from לָּתֵיל, in the Chaldee and Syriac, to give (S.).

noun of some unknown place. אָרָהָּי perhaps for יְהַלִיץ ruins, from אָרָהָ to tear, break down, destroy.

אַיְרֵיאָ [teer'yāh'], Tiria; fear. By transposition for הִּיִרָאָּה, from אֹיָרָ to fear.

תיהֶם [teerāhs'], Tiras; desire. Collated with the Arabic.

기후 [tōh'khen], Tochen; measure. From 12년 to make even, to level. Compare Appellatives.

בּיב [tēhl āhveev'], Tel-abib; hill of corn-ears. Comp. Appellatives.

קלמְּמֶר (t'lassāhr'), Telasar, Thelasar; perhaps for הַל אַשָּׁר heap, or, hill of vow. הַל אַשָּׁר heap, or, hill. Compare Appellatives הַלְּאָל i.q. Appellative הַלְּאָר.

הִּלְלַת פְּלְאֶטֶר (tilgath piln'eh'ser), אַ הַּלְתַת פְּלְאֶטֶר [tilgath pilnēh'ser], Tilgath-pilneser; by transposition for הַּלְנַאָּטֶר.

רֹאָה [teh'lakh], Telah; breach. From רְּאַה, according to the Syriac and Chaldee, to break (S.).

אַשֶּׁי וֹלְ חַרְשֵׁא [tēhl kharshāh'], Tel-

harsha; hill of the forest. For the first, compare Appellatives. אַרְישׁ i.q. מֹרִישׁ and Chaldee אָשִׁין a wood, forest.

יַּלְכִי [talmah'y], Talmai; full of furrows. From Appellative אָלֶם a furrow (G.).

תל מֶלֶה [tēhl meh'lekh], Tel-melah; hill of salt, salt-hill. Compare Appellatives.

וֹמְשְׁחַ [tammooz'], Tammuz; perhaps, fear. For אָּבְּיִה, from זוֹם, in the Chaldee, to flow down, melt with fear (G.).

디그릇 [teh'makh], Tamah; laughter. Collated with the Samaritan (S.).

ינילו see נילון.

קנְהוּ [timnāh'], Timnah; portion. From קּבְים to divide out, allot, appoint.

תְּלְנְי [timnee'], Timnite; gentile noun of the preceding.

אַמְלֶּבְּע [timnāhng'], Timna; restraint. From אַנְטְ to restrain.

יהְמְּכֶּתְה [timnāh'thāh], Timnath ; i.q. הִּמְכָּתְה, with הוֹ local.

תֶּבֶּם [timnath' kheh'res], Timnath-heres; portion of the sun. Compare הַּמְבֶּרָה above, and Appellative הַּבְּבָּת.

קֹבְתְ (timnath' seh'rakh), Timnath-serah; by transposition for the preceding.

ንግብ [tāhmāhr'], Tamar; palmtree. Compare Appellatives. רְּבֶּקְבֶּה [tankhoo'meth], Tanhumeth; comfort, consolation. From בְּחָב, in the Piel, to console, comfort.

קֿער [tōh-ngoo'], Tou; error. From אָּלָהְי to wander, err. According to Simonis, laughter, laughing.

אָלֵי [tōh'ngee], Toi; id. As an Appellative the form would properly have been הַּלִּי, in pause הַלִּי. Compare הַלָּי, in pause הַלִּי.

[tan-ngănāhk h'], & אַבְּקָהָ [tangnahkh'], Taanach; sandy soil. From אַבְּקָהָ (G.).

디카카, 디렉션 [tappoo'ăkh], Tappuah; apple, i.e., apple-region. Compare Appellatives.

תְּחָחָה (tok-hath'), Tikovath; perhaps, congregation. From הקר, in the Samaritan, to come together (S.). It stands, 2 Chr. xxxiv. 22, for הַּיְּהָרָה. 2 Ki. xxii. 14. Comp. the following.

תְּהְנֵית [tikvāh'], Tikvah; congregation. Compare Niphal of קָּהְה. Thus for the sake of agreement with the preceding, q.v.; else it may signify hope. Compare Appellatives.

סְקְּוֹלֶתְ [t'kōh'ăng], Tekoa; a pitching of tents. From פְאָלָת to pitch a tent.

קּקוֹעֲח [t'kōh-ngāh'], Tekoah; id.

יְּקְּוֹּמְי [$t'k\bar{o}h$ -ngee'], Tekoite; gentile noun of the preceding.

קּקְּלְּעְית: [t'kōh-ngeeth'], of Tekoah (2 Sa. xiv. 4, 9); fem. of the same.

תְּבְאֵלֶה [tar-ălāh'], Taralah; perhaps, a reeling, i. q. Appel. תַּלְעֵלָח. לְּרְחָקָה [tirhāh'kah], Tirhakah; elevated, sublime; properly, elevation. Collated with the Arabic (S.).

רְּבָּה [teh'rakh], Terah; delay. From רְּבָּה, in the Chaldee, to delay (S.).

תְּבְּיִבְּה [tirkhanāh], Tirhanah; the signification is uncertain.

בּרְבֶּחְ [tormāh'], Tormah; thus, according to the margin, Jud. ix. 31; but where it is best taken as an Appellative, fraud, deceit, from קּבְּבָּן; whence אָבִי, id.

gentile noun of a place, תְּלְעָת i.q. Chaldee הַּרַע gate.

ווּלְבְּלְהְ [tirtsāh], Tirzah; pleasantness. From אָלְי נוּס delight in any thing or person, to take pleasure in.

קּרָשׁ [teh'resh], Teresh; severe,

austere. Collated with the Persic (S.).

שׁלְשְׁישׁ [tarsheesh'], Tarshish; a breaking in pieces, destruction. From שׁשָׁי to break in pieces, to destroy.

אַרְשְׁרָא [tirshāh'thāh], Tirshatha; marg. (Ezr. ii. 63) governor, severe, austere. Compare שְּׁלֶּהְאָ above, which may rightly be taken as an Appellative for governor.

וֹחְרָהָּוֹ [tartāhn'], Tartan; the signification is uncertain.

תְּרְתָּה [tartāhk'], Tartak; deep darkness, or, hero of darkness. Collated with the Pehlvi (G.).

noun from a city, תְּשְׁבָּר captivity, from אָבָּר to take, or, lead captivity.

ֹבְתְּהָ [tat-t'nah'y], Tatnai; gift. Collated with the Persic (S.).